

## ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED

**ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22** 



### ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED

Regd. Office: Plot 28A, IDA, Nacharam, Hyderabad 500 076.

### NOTICE OF AGM

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty-first (21st) Annual General Meeting of the members of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited will be held on Wednesday, 24th August 2022 at 11.00 a.m. at the registered office of the Company at Plot No.28A, IDA, Nacharam, Hyderabad-500076 to transact the following business:

### Ordinary business:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (Standalone and Consolidated) of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare a dividend.

### Special Business:

3. To consider and, if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution** to approve the amended Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 of the Company:

"RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to Section 62(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SBEB & SE Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and other rules, regulations, circulars and guidelines as may be applicable and subject to such approvals, consents, permissions and approvals as may be necessary and subject to such conditions and modifications as may be prescribed or imposed while granting such approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board"), which term shall include its duly empowered Committee(s) constituted/ to be constituted by it to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this resolution), the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the amended Aragen Life Sciences Employees Stock Option Scheme 2007 ("ESOP Scheme 2007").

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT,** the Board be and is hereby authorized on behalf of the Company to make and carry out any modifications, changes, variations, alterations, or revisions in the ESOP Scheme 2007 or to suspend, withdraw or revive the ESOP Scheme 2007, in accordance with applicable laws prevailing from time to time, as it may deem fit, to give effect to this resolution.

### Registered & Corporate Office

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(Formerly known as GVK Biosciences Pvt. Ltd.)
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www.aragen.com CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826



**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** for the purpose of bringing into effect this resolution and generally for giving effect to this resolution, each member of the Board and Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap, Chief Financial officer, and Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi, Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters, and things and to take all steps and do all things and give such directions as may be required, necessary, expedient, incidental or desirable for giving effect to the above and to settle any question or difficulty that may arise in this regard in the best interest of the Company."

4. To consider and, if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution to approve the amended Employee Stock Option Scheme 2017 of the Company:

"RESOLVED THAT, pursuant to Section 62(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SBEB & SE Regulations") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and other rules, regulations, circulars and guidelines as may be applicable and subject to such approvals, consents, permissions and approvals as may be necessary and subject to such conditions and modifications as may be prescribed or imposed while granting such approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board"), which term shall include its duly empowered Committee(s) constituted/ to be constituted by it to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this resolution), the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the amended Aragen Life Sciences Employee Stock Option Plan 2017 ("ESOP Plan 2017").

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT**, the Board be and is hereby authorized on behalf of the Company to make and carry out any modifications, changes, variations, alterations, or revisions in the ESOP Plan 2017 or to suspend, withdraw or revive the ESOP Plan 2017, in accordance with applicable laws prevailing from time to time, as it may deem fit, to give effect to this resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of bringing into effect this resolution and generally for giving effect to this resolution, each member of the Board and Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap, Chief Financial officer, and Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi, Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters, and things and to take all steps and do all things and give such directions as may be required, necessary, expedient, incidental or desirable for giving effect to the above and to settle any question or difficulty that may arise in this regard in the best interest of the Company."

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Hyderabad

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 19th August 2022

By Order of the Board

K. Ramakrishna Company Secretary

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### NOTES:

- 1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND, ON A POLL, TO VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF. SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.
- 2. The instrument appointing the proxy, duly filled, stamped, and signed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
- 3. Dividend: A final dividend of Rs. 8.64/- per equity share of the Company, as recommended by the Directors, if declared at the Annual General Meeting, will be paid to the members whose names are borne on the Company's Register of Members or to their mandatees on the date of AGM.
- 4. The documents referred to in the Notice and the Statutory Registers of the Company will be available for inspection from 11.00 A.M. to 1.00 P.M. on any working day prior to the date of the meeting.
- 5. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the special business set out in the Notice is annexed.



## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013.

Item No. 3 and Item No. 4 - Amendments to the Employees Stock Option Schemes 2007 and 2017

The existing Employee Stock Option Schemes i.e., Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007 ("ESOP 2007") & Employee Stock Option Scheme/Plan 2017 ("ESOP 2017"), are proposed to be amended to be in compliance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021, as and when may be applicable to the Company. Revised ESOP 2007 and ESOP 2017 are enclosed. The proposed amendments to the Schemes are as below:

### Proposed Key amendments to ESOP 2007:

Clause No.	Position under the ESOP Scheme 2007	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Definition of employee	Proposed Amendments		
2.1(x)	The ESOP Scheme 2007 defines Employee as the following:	The definition of an employee, except in relation to sweat equity, has been revised under SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations to include an employee as designated by the		
	(a) permanent employee of the Company who has been working in India or out of India; or	company, who is <u>exclusively</u> working in India or outside India. Further, the ambit of an employee has been expanded to <u>include employees of group companies</u> , <u>including associate companies</u> . Consequently, stock options can be		
	(b) a director of the Company, whether a whole-time director or not; or	granted to employees of group companies, including associate companies as well.		
·	(c) an employee as defined in sub- clauses (a) or (b) of a Subsidiary in India or out of India, or of a Holding Company of the Company,			
	But excludes:			
	(i) an employee who is a Promoter or a person belonging to the Promoter Group; or			

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i) a director who either himself or through his Relative or through any body-corporate, directly, or indirectly, holds more than ten percent of the issued and subscribed Shares of the Company; or  ii) a Director being an Independent Director.	Proposed Amendments
or through his Relative or through any body-corporate, directly, or indirectly, holds more than ten percent of the issued and subscribed Shares of the Company; or  ii) a Director being an Independent Director.	
Independent Director.	
xercise Price	I
he exercise price under the ESOP cheme 2007 means "means the price ayable by an Employee in order to exercise the Options granted to him in ursuance of the ESOP 2007."	While a company is free to determine the exercise price, the exercise price is required to be in compliance with the accounting standards provided under Regulation 15 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.
	The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being revised to provide that the exercise price under the ESOP Scheme 2007 would be in compliance with the accounting standards specified under the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, including any 'Guidance Note on Accounting for employee share-based Payments' issued in that regard from time to time.
mplementation of ESOP Scheme 2007  the ESOP Scheme 2007 provided that the ESOP Scheme 2007 will be implemented by the Board of irectors (which includes the impensation committee).	Regulation 3 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations provide that a company may implement a scheme(s) either directly or by setting up an irrevocable trust(s): Provided that if the scheme is to be implemented through a trust, the same has to be decided upfront. The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being implemented via a trust. Regulation 5 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations provide that in case the scheme is being administered by the trust, the compensation committee is required to delegate the administration of the scheme to the trust. Consequently, ESOP
he at ap	ESOP Scheme 2007 provided the ESOP Scheme 2007 will be lemented by the Board of ctors (which includes the

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Clause	Position under the ESOP Scheme	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/		
No.	2007	Proposed Amendments		
		that the Board will delegate the implementation of ESOP Scheme 2007 to the trust.		
4.2	Power of the Board/ Compensation Committee  The Board has been provided the authority to undertake various actions in relation to the grant and exercise of options. Presently, the scope of authority provided is not in line with the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	Under Schedule 1, Part B of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, the compensation committee is also required to lay down, inter alia:  (a) the procedure for funding the exercise of options / SARs; and (b) the procedure for buy-back of specified securities issued under SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, if to be undertaken at any time by the company, and the applicable terms and conditions, including (i) permissible sources of financing for buy-back; (ii) any minimum financial thresholds to be maintained by the company as per its last financial statements; and (iii) limits upon the quantum of specified securities that the company may buy-back in a financial year.  Clause 4.2 of the ESOP Scheme 2007 is		
6	Cliff	being revised to provide to align with Schedule 1, Part B of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.		
6	Cliff period of 1 (one) year in case of death or permanent disability  The ESOP Scheme 2007 presently provides that the options would vest over the course of 4 years from the date of grant of options.	There should be a cliff period of 1 (one) year between the date of grant and vesting, which is not applicable in case of death or permanent disability.  The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being revised to provide the aforesaid clarification.		
7(b)	Treatment of options in case of retirement	In the event of retirement, the options granted to an employee, which have not vested, will not expire and continue to		

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Clause	Position under the ESOP Scheme	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/	
No.	2007	Proposed Amendments	
	The ESOP Scheme 2007 provides that	vest in accordance with their respective	
	in case of retirement, all the unvested	vesting schedules as per the company's	
	options will stand cancelled.	policies.	
		The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being revised to	
		account for the above requirement under	
		the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	
10	Modification of the plan	Companies can vary the terms of the	
		scheme to meet any regulatory	
	Presently, the construct is that the	requirement without seeking	
	Board can vary the terms of ESOP	shareholders' approval under the SEBI	
	Scheme 2007 subject to applicable laws	SBEB & SE Regulations.	
		The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being revised to	
		account for the above requirement under	
		the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	
_	Disclosures required	Companies are required to make	
	Presently, the ESOP Scheme 2007	disclosures in terms of Part G of Schedule	
	does not provide for the disclosure requirement.	I of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	
	, ,	The ESOP Scheme 2007 is being revised to	
		provide that the necessary disclosures will	
		be made in terms of the SEBI SBEB & SE	
		Regulations at the time of grant, including	
		as provided in Part G of Schedule I of the	
		SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	
		OLDI ODED & DE NEgulations.	

### **Proposed Key amendments to ESOP 2017:**

Clause No.	Position under the ESOP Plan 2017	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/ Proposed Amendments	
2.1(x)	Definition of employee	The definition of an employee, except in relation to sweat equity, has been revised	
	The ESOP Plan 2017 defines 'Employee' as the following:	under SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations to include an employee as designated by the company, who is exclusively working in	
	(d) permanent employee of the Company who has been working in India or out of India; or	India or outside India. Further, the ambit of an employee has been expanded to include employees of group companies, including associate companies.  Consequently, stock options can be	

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Clause	use Position under the ESOP Plan Position under SBEB & SE Regula		
No.	2017	Proposed Amendments	
	<ul> <li>(e) a director of the Company, whether a whole-time director or not; or</li> <li>(f) an employee as defined in sub-clauses (a) or (b) of a Subsidiary Company, or of a Holding Company of the</li> </ul>	granted to employees of group companies, including associate companies as well.  The ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to allow the grant of options to the employees of the associate and group company as well after listing at a recognized stock exchange.	
	Company, But excludes:		
	(iv) an employee who is a Promoter or a person belonging to the Promoter Group; or		
	(v) a director who either himself or through his Relative or through any body-corporate, directly, or indirectly, holds more than ten percent of the issued and subscribed Shares of the Company; or		
	(vi) a Director being an Independent Director.		
2.1(xv)	Exercise Price  The exercise price under the ESOP Plan 2017 means "means the price payable by an Option Grantee in order to exercise the Options granted to him in pursuance of the ESOP 2017."	While a company is free to determine the exercise price, the exercise price is required to be in compliance with the accounting standards provided under Regulation 15 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.  The ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide that the exercise price under the ESOP Plan 2017 would be in compliance with the accounting standards specified under the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, including any 'Guidance Note on Accounting for employee share-based Payments' issued in that regard from time to time.	

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Clause	Position under the ESOP Plan	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/	
No.	2017	Proposed Amendments	
4.1	Implementation of ESOP Plan 2017  The ESOP Plan 2017 provided that the ESOP Plan 2017 will be implemented by the Board of directors (which includes the compensation committee).	Regulation 3 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations provide that a company may implement a scheme(s) either directly or by setting up an irrevocable trust(s): Provided that if the scheme is to be implemented through a trust, the same has to be decided upfront. The ESOP Plan 2017 is being implemented via a trust. Regulation 5 of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations provide that in case the scheme is being administered by the trust, the compensation committee is required to delegate the administration of the scheme to the trust. Consequently, ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide that the Board will delegate the implementation of ESOP	
4.2	Power of the Board/Compensation Committee  The Board/ the compensation committee has been provided the authority to undertake various actions in relation to the grant and exercise of options. Presently, the scope of authority provided is not in line with the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	Plan 2017 to the trust.  Under Schedule 1, Part B of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, the compensation committee is also required to lay down, inter alia:  (c) the procedure for funding the exercise of options / SARs; and (d) the procedure for buy-back of specified securities issued under SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations, if to be undertaken at any time by the company, and the applicable terms and conditions, including (i) permissible sources of financing for buy-back; (ii) any minimum financial thresholds to be maintained by the company as per its last financial statements; and (iii) limits upon the quantum of specified securities that the company may buy-back in a financial year.	
		Clause 4.2 of the ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide to align with Schedule	

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Clause	Position under the ESOP Plan	Position under SBEB & SE Regulations/
No.	2017	Proposed Amendments
		1, Part B of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.
6.1	Cliff period of 1 (one) year in case of death or permanent disability  The ESOP Plan 2017 presently provides that the options shall vest not earlier than 1(one) year and not more than 4 (four) years from the date of grant of such Options.	The cliff period of 1 (one) year between the date of grant and vesting, is not applicable in case of death or permanent disability.  The ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide the aforesaid clarification.
7.2(a)	Presently ESOP Plan 2017 provides that "the Vested Options can be exercised by the Employees only on happening of Listing."	ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide Board the discretion to allow the exercise of options prior to the listing of the shares of the Company on a recognized stock exchange.
14.1	Modification of the plan  Presently, the construct is that the Board can vary the terms of ESOP Plan 2017 subject to the condition that such amendment, alteration, or variation, as the case may be is not detrimental to the interest of Employees.	Companies can vary the terms of the scheme to meet any regulatory requirement without seeking shareholders' approval under the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.  The ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to account for the above requirement under the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.
18	Disclosures required Presently, the ESOP Plan 2017 does not provide for the disclosure requirement in terms of SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.	Companies are required to make disclosures in terms of Part G of Schedule I of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.  The ESOP Plan 2017 is being revised to provide that the necessary disclosures will be made in terms of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations at the time of grant, including as provided in Part G of Schedule I of the SEBI SBEB & SE Regulations.

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The proposed amendments are not detrimental to the interests of the current option grantees under ESOP 2007 & ESOP 2017 of the Company.

Approval of the shareholders is sought for the amendments to the ESOP Schemes of the Company as recommended, by way of passing the resolutions contained in the Notice as Special Resolutions.

None of the directors of the Company and their immediate relatives except Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi, the Director and CEO to the extent of the stock options held by him, is interested in the resolution.

Hyderabad

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 19th August 2022

By Order of the Board

K. Ramakrishna Company Secretary



## Employee Stock Option Scheme 2007(as amended)

Aragen Life Sciences Pvt .Ltd.

# Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited #Plot 28A, IDA, Nacharam, Hyderabad

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### 1. Name, Objective and Term of the Plan

- 1.1 This Plan shall be called the "ESOP 2007".
- 1.2 The objective of the ESOP 2007 is to reward the Employees for their past association and performance as well as to motivate them to contribute to the growth and profitability of the Company. The Company also intends to use this Scheme to attract and retain talent in the organization. The Company views employee stock options as instruments that would enable the Employees to share the value they create for the Company in the years to come.
- 1.3 The ESOP 2007 is established with effect from 13<sup>th</sup> April 2007 and shall continue to be in force until (i) its termination by the Board or (ii) the date on which all of the Options available for issuance under the ESOP 2007 have been issued and exercised.
- 1.4 The Board of Directors may subject to compliance with Applicable Laws, at any time alter, amend, suspend or terminate the ESOP 2007.

### 2. Definitions and Interpretation

### 2.1 Definitions

- i. "Applicable Law" means every law relating to Employee Stock Options, including, without limitation to, the Companies Act (defined hereinafter), SBEB & SE Regulations (defined hereinafter), and SEBI LODR Regulations (defined hereinafter) as and when applicable, and all relevant tax, securities, exchange control or corporate laws of India or of any relevant jurisdiction or of any stock exchange on which the Shares of the Company would be listed.
- ii. "Associate Company" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it under the Companies Act, as amended from time to time.
- iii. **"Board**" means the Board of Directors of the Company which shall include committees constituted thereunder including Compensation Committee.
- iv. **"Companies Act**" means the Companies Act, 2013 and includes any statutory modifications or reenactments thereof.
- v. "Company" means "Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited".
- vi. **"Company Policies/Terms of Employment"** mean the Company's policies for employees and the terms of employment as contained in the Employment Letter and the Company Handbook, which includes provisions for securing Confidentiality, Non Compete and non Poaching of other Employees and customers.
- vii. **"Compensation Committee"** means a committee constituted or which may be constituted by the Board of Directors from time to time to administer ESOP 2007 or any other stock based incentive plans of the Company, in accordance with Applicable Laws.

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- viii. "Director" means a member of the Board of the Company.
- ix. "Eligibility Criteria" means the criteria as may be determined from time to time by the Board for granting the Employee Stock Options to the employees.

### x. "Employee" means:

### A. Prior to Listing:

- (i) a permanent employee of the Company working in India or out of India; or
- (ii) a Director of the Company, whether a whole time director or not; or
- (iii) an employee, as defined in sub-clauses (i) or (ii) above, of a Subsidiary Company, in India or out of India, or of a Holding Company of the Company,

#### but excludes-

- a. an employee who is a Promoter or belongs to the Promoter Group;
- b. a Director who either by himself or through his relatives or through any body corporate, directly or indirectly holds more than 10% of the issued and subscribed Shares of the Company;
- c. a Director being an Independent Director.

### B. Post Listing:

- (i) An employee as designated by the Company, who is exclusively working in India or outside India; or
- (ii) A Director of the Company, whether a whole-time Director or not, including a nonexecutive Director who is not a Promoter or member of the Promoter Group, but excluding an Independent Director; or
- (iii) An employee as defined in sub-clauses (i) and (ii) above, of a Group company including a Subsidiary Company or its Associate Company, in India or outside India, or of a Holding Company of the Company,

### but excludes-

- a. an employee who is a Promoter or belongs to the Promoter Group;
- b. a Director who either by himself or through his relative or through any body corporate, directly or indirectly holds more than 10% of the outstanding equity Shares of the Company.

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- xi. **"Employee Stock Option" or "Option**" means the option granted to an Employee, which gives such Employee the right, but not an obligation, to purchase or subscribe at a future date the shares underlying the option at a pre-determined price.
- xii. **"Exercise"** of an Option means expression of an intention by an Employee to the Company to purchase the Shares underlying the Options vested in him, in pursuance of the ESOP 2007, in accordance with the procedure laid down by the Company for exercise of options.
- xiii. **"Exercise Period**" means such time period after Vesting within which the Employee should exercise the Options vested in him in pursuance of the ESOP 2007.
- xiv. "Exercise Price" means the price payable by an Employee in order to exercise the Options granted to him in pursuance of the ESOP 2007 and shall be in compliance with the accounting standards specified under the SBEB & SE Regulations, including any 'Guidance Note on Accounting for employee share-based Payments' issued in that regard from time to time.
- xv. "**Grant**" means issue of Options to the Employees under the ESOP 2007.
- xvi. "Group" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under the SBEB & SE Regulations.
- xvii. "**Holding Company**" means any present or future holding Company of the Company, as per the provisions of the Companies Act.
- xviii. "Independent Director" shall have the same meaning assigned to it under Regulation 16 of SEBI LODR Regulations and Section 149 of Companies Act and rules made thereunder.
- xix. "Listing" means listing of the Company's Share on any Recognized Stock Exchange.
- xx. **"Option Grantee"** means an Employee who has been granted an Employee Stock Option in pursuance of the ESOP 2007.
- xxi. "Permanent Disability" means any disability of whatsoever nature, be it physical, mental or otherwise, which incapacitates or prevents or handicaps an Employee from performing any specific job, work or task which the said Employee was capable of performing immediately before such disablement, as determined by the Board based on a certificate of a medical expert identified by the Board.
- **"Promoter"** means a promoter as defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time.
- **xxiii. "Promoter Group"** means promoter group as defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time.
- xxiv. **"Recognized Stock Exchange"** means the National Stock Exchange, BSE Limited or any other recognized stock exchanges in India on which the Company's Shares are listed or to be listed

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- xxv. "Retirement" means retirement as per Company Policies/Terms of Employment.
- xxvi. **"SBEB & SE Regulations**" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021, as amended, and includes all regulations and clarifications issued there under.
- xxvii. "Scheme / Plan / ESOP 2007" means this Employee Stock Option Plan 2007 under which the Company is authorised to Grant Employee Stock Options to the Employees.
- xxviii. **"SEBI LODR Regulations**" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Reguirements) Regulations, 2015.
- xxix. **"Shares/ Equity Shares"** means equity shares of the Company arising out of the exercise of Employee Stock Options granted under the ESOP 2007.
- xxx. **"Subsidiary/ Subsidiary Company"** shall have the meaning ascribed to it under the Companies Act.
- xxxi. **"Trust"** means employee welfare trust set-up by the Company for the benefit of the Employees of the Company and which may from time to time be entrusted with the administration of ESOP 2007 or any other employee stock option plans of the Company.
- xxxii. **"Vesting"** means earning by the Option Grantee, of the right to Exercise the Employee Stock Options granted to him in pursuance of the ESOP 2007.
- xxxiii. **"Vesting Condition"** means any condition subject to which the Options granted would vest in an Option Grantee.
- xxxiv. "**Vesting Period**" means the period during which the Vesting of the Employee Stock Option granted to the Employee, in pursuance of the ESOP 2007 takes place.
- xxxv. "**Vested Option"** means an Option in respect of which the relevant Vesting Conditions have been satisfied and the Option Grantee has become eligible to exercise the Option.
- xxxvi. "**Unvested Option**" means an Option in respect of which the relevant Vesting Conditions have not been satisfied and as such, the Option Grantee has not become eligible to exercise the Option.

### 2.2 **Interpretation**

In this Plan, unless the contrary intention appears:

- the clause headings are for ease of reference only and shall not be relevant to interpretation;
- b) a reference to a clause number is a reference to its sub-clauses;

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- c) words in singular number include the plural and vice versa;
- d) words importing a gender include any other gender;
- e) a reference to a Schedule includes a reference to any part of that Schedule which is incorporated by reference.

### 3. Authority and Ceiling

- The Board in its meeting on 14<sup>th</sup> April 2007 has resolved to issue to employees under ESOP 2007, Employee Stock Options exercisable into not more than 18,00,000<sup>1</sup> equity shares of a face value of Rs. 10 each, with each such Option conferring a right upon the employee to apply for one equity share of the Company, in accordance with the terms and conditions of such issue.
- In case Grant of Options to an employee during any one year, equal to or exceeds 1% (one percent) of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the Company at the time of Grant of Option, shareholders' approval by way of special resolution shall be required.
- 3.3 If an Employee Stock Option expires or becomes unexercisable due to any other reason, it shall become available for future Grants, subject to compliance with all Applicable Laws.
- Where Shares are transferred consequent upon exercise of an Employee Stock Option under the ESOP 2007, the maximum number of Shares that can be transferred under ESOP 2007 as referred to in Clause 3.1 above will stand reduced to the extent of such Shares transferred.
- In case of a share-split where the face value of the shares is reduced below Rs. 10, the maximum number of shares available for being granted under ESOP 2007 shall stand modified accordingly, so as to ensure that the cumulative face value (No. of shares X Face value per share) prior to such split remains unchanged after the share split. Thus, for instance, if the face value of each share is reduced to Rs. 5, the total number of shares available under ESOP 2007 would be 9,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 5 each.

### 4. Administration

- 4.1 The ESOP 2007 shall be administered by the Board. The Board shall delegate functions relating to administration of the ESOP 2007 to the Trust in which case the rights, powers, duties or liabilities of the Board to the extent delegated shall be discharged by the Trust. All questions of interpretation of the ESOP 2007 or any Employee Stock Option shall be determined by the Board and such determination shall be final and binding upon all persons having an interest in the ESOP 2007 or such Employee Stock Option.
- **4.2** The Board shall in accordance with this Plan and Applicable Laws determine the following:
  - (a) The quantum of Employee Stock Options to be granted under the ESOP 2007 per Employee, , and in aggregate under the Plan subject to the ceiling as specified in Clause 3.1 and 3.2;

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- (b) The conditions under which Options may vest in Employees and may lapse, including in case of termination of employment for misconduct;
- (c) The Exercise Period within which the Employee should Exercise the Option and that Option would lapse on failure to Exercise the Option within the Exercise Period;
- (d) The specified time period within which the Employee shall Exercise the Vested Options, including in the event of termination or resignation;
- (e) The right of an Employee to Exercise all the Options vested in him at one time or at various points of time within the Exercise Period;
- (f) The Eligibility Criteria;
- (g) The procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment to the entitlement including adjustment to the number of Options and to the Exercise Price in case of corporate actions such as rights issues, bonus issues, merger, sale of division and others. In this regard, the following shall, inter alia, be taken into consideration by the Compensation Committee:
  - (i) the number and price of Options shall be adjusted in a manner such that total value to the Employee of the Option remains the same after the corporate action;
  - (ii) the Vesting Period and the life of the Options shall be left unaltered as far as possible to protect the rights of the Employee(s) who is granted such Options;
- (h) The procedure and terms for the Grant, Vesting and Exercise of Employee Stock Option in case of Employees who are on long leave;
- (i) The procedure for funding the Exercise of Options;
- (j) The procedure for buy-back of specified securities issued under SBEB & SE Regulations, if to be undertaken at any time by the Company, and the applicable terms and conditions, including:
  - (i) permissible sources of financing for buy-back;
  - (ii) any minimum financial thresholds to be maintained by the company as per its last financial statements; and
  - (iii) limits upon quantum of specified securities that the company may buy-back in a financial year;
- (k) Approve forms, writings and/or agreements for use in pursuance of the ESOP 2007.
- 4.3 On Listing, the Board shall also frame suitable policies and systems to ensure that there is no violation of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, by the Company and the Employees, as applicable.

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### 5. Eligibility and Applicability

- 5.1 Only Employees are eligible for being granted Employee Stock Options under ESOP 2007. The specific Employees to whom the Options would be granted and their Eligibility Criteria would be determined by the Board.
- 5.2 The Scheme shall be applicable to the Company, its Subsidiary Companies in India and abroad, its Holding Company and any successor company thereof and may be granted to the Employees, as determined by the Board on its own discretion. Further, on Listing, the Plan shall be applicable to Group companies including Associate Companies.

### 6. Vesting Schedule / Conditions

Options granted under ESOP 2007 would vest in 4 (four) years from the date of Grant of such Options. Provided that there shall be a minimum period of 1(one) year between the date of Grant of Options and Vesting. However, on Listing, in case of death and Permanent Disability the minimum cliff period of 1(one) year as regards Vesting shall not apply. Vesting of Options would be subject to continued employment with the Company and thus the Options would vest on passage of time. In addition to this, the Board may also specify certain performance parameters subject to which the Options would vest. The specific Vesting schedule and conditions subject to which Vesting would take place would be outlined in the document given to the Option Grantee at the time of Grant of Options.

### 7. Exercise

- a) The Exercise Price shall be Rs. 40 per Option (share of a face value of Rs. 10 each). Payment of the Exercise Price shall be made by a crossed cheque or a demand draft drawn in favour of the Company, or in such other manner as the Board may decide.
- b) The Options can be exercised as per the provisions outlined in the table below:

	Prior to Listing		Post Listing
Vest	ed Options		
1	While in Employment	All Vested Options can be exercised within a period of << five years >> from the date on which the shares of the Company get listed on a Recognized Stock Exchange OR SUCH OTHER EARLY PERIOD AND SUCH NUMBER OF VESTED OPTIONS AS MAY BE	Can be exercised within a period of << five years >> from the date of Vesting.

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		DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
		OF THE COMPANY FROM TIME TO TIME.	
	Resignation / Termination	All Vested Options can be exercised within << one month >> of listing of shares of the	All the Vested Options as
2	(other than due to misconduct or breach of	company on a Recognized Stock Exchange <b>OR SUCH OTHER EARLY PERIOD AND SUCH</b>	on that date shall be exercisable by the employee before his last
	Company	NUMBER OF VESTED OPTIONS AS MAY BE	working day with the
	Policies/Terms of	DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Company.
	Employment)	OF THE COMPANY FROM TIME TO TIME.	, ,
			All the Vested Options
	Termination due		which were not exercised
	to misconduct or	All the Vested Options which were not	at the time of such
3	due to breach of	exercised at the time of such termination	termination shall stand
	company policies	shall stand cancelled with effect from the	cancelled with effect from
	or the terms of	date of such termination	the date of such
	employment		termination
		All Vested Options can be exercised by the	
		Option Grantee immediately after, but in no	All Vested Options can be
	Retirement / Early Retirement approved by the Company	event later than << six months >> from the	exercised by the Option
4		date of listing of the shares of the Company	Grantee immediately after,
4		on a Recognized Stock Exchange <b>OR SUCH OTHER EARLY PERIOD AND SUCH NUMBER</b>	but in no event later than
		OF VESTED OPTIONS AS MAY BE	<< six months >> from the
		DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	date of such Retirement.
		OF THE COMPANY FROM TIME TO TIME.	
		All Vested Options may be Exercised by the	
		Option Grantee's nominee or legal heirs	All Vested Options may be
		immediately after, but in no event later than	Exercised by the Option
		<< six months >> from the date of listing of the	
5	Death	shares of the Company on a Recognized Stock	heirs immediately after,
		Exchange OR SUCH OTHER EARLY PERIOD AND SUCH NUMBER OF VESTED OPTIONS AS	but in no event later than
		MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF	<< six months >> from the date of Death of the
		DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY FROM TIME TO	Option Grantee.
		TIME.	option orantee.
		All Vested Options may be Exercised by the	All Vested Options may be
	Townsingtion des	Option Grantee or, in case of his death, the	Exercised by the Option
6	Termination due to Permanent	nominee or legal heirs, immediately after, but	Grantee or, in case of his
0	Disability	in no event later than << six months >> from	death, the nominee or
	บเอสมเแเง	the date of listing of the shares of the	legal heirs, immediately
		Company on a Recognized Stock Exchange <b>OR</b>	after, but in no event later

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		SUCH OTHER EARLY PERIOD AN NUMBER OF VESTED OPTIONS AS DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OF DI	MAY BE	than << six months >> from the date of such disability.
		OF THE COMPANY FROM TIME TO		
7	Abandonment***	All the Vested Options shall stand o	cancelled.	All the Vested Options shall stand cancelled.
8	Separation due to reasons other than those mentioned above	The Board will decide whether the Vested Options on the date of separation can be exercised by the employee or not, and such decision shall be final.		The Board will decide whether the Vested Options on the date of separation can be exercised by the employee or not, and such decision shall be final.
Unve	ested Options			
1	While in Employment	The Options would continue to vest as per the original Vesting schedule.	The Options would continue to vest as per the original Vesting schedule.	
2	Resignation / Termination (other than due to misconduct or breach of Company Policies/Terms of Employment)	All Unvested Options on << the date of submission of resignation / the last working day >> shall stand cancelled with effect from that date.	All Unvested Options on << the date of submission of resignation / the last working day >> shall stand cancelled with effect from that date.	
3	Termination due to misconduct or due to breach of company policies or the terms of employment	All Unvested Options on the date of such termination shall stand cancelled with effect from that date.	All Unvested Options on the date of such termination shall stand cancelled with effect from that date.	
4	Retirement / Early Retirement approved by the Company	All Unvested Options will stand cancelled as on the date of such Retirement, unless otherwise determined by the Board whose determination will be final and binding.	All Unvested Options on the date of Retirement shall continue to vest in accordance with the applicable Vesting schedule applicable to Option Grantee, unless otherwise determined by the Board whose determination will be final and binding.	

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5	Death	All the Unvested Options as on the date of death shall vest immediately and can be exercised by the Option Grantee's nominee or legal heirs within << six months >> from the date of listing of the shares of the Company on a Recognized Stock Exchange.	All the Unvested Options as on the date of death shall vest immediately and may be exercised by the Option Grantee's nominee or legal heirs immediately after, but in no event later than << six months >> from the date of Death of the Option Grantee. It is hereby clarified that minimum Vesting Period of 1(one) year shall not apply in case of death after the Listing.
6	Termination due to Permanent Disability	All the Unvested Options as on the date of such Permanent Disability shall vest immediately and can be exercised by the Option Grantee or, in case of his death, the nominee or legal heirs within << six months >> from the date of listing of the shares of the Company on a Recognized Stock Exchange.	All the Unvested Options as on the date of such Permanent Disability shall vest immediately and can be exercised by the Option Grantee or, in case of his death, the nominee or legal heirs immediately after, but in no event later than << six months >> from the date of termination due to Permanent Disability of the Option Grantee. It is hereby clarified that minimum Vesting Period of 1(one) year shall not apply in case of Permanent Disability after the Listing.
7	Abandonment**	All the Unvested Options shall stand cancelled.	All the Unvested Options shall stand cancelled.
8	Separation due to reasons other than those mentioned above	All Unvested Options on the date of separation shall stand cancelled with effect from that date	All Unvested Options on the date of separation shall stand cancelled with effect from that date

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The Board, at its sole discretion shall decide the date of cancellation of Options and such decision shall be binding on all concerned.

- c) If prior to Listing, any Current Investor ("Selling Shareholder") intends to sell ("the Sale") any Equity Shares ("the Sale Shares") to any person ("the intended Purchaser"), then only such Option Grantee who is in employment with the Company as on the date of issue of the Sale Notice (as explained below) shall have the right, but not the obligation, to exercise the Vested Options and sell a proportionate number of his Equity Shares arising out of such exercise, to the intended Purchaser on terms no less favourable than those of the Sale as more particularly mentioned hereunder:
  - (i) The Selling Shareholder shall give a written notice ("the Sale Notice") to the Option Grantees containing the salient features of the Sale and an offer ("the Offer") to tag along a proportionate number of the Option holder's Equity Shares along with the Sale Shares in accordance with the provisions of this Clause 7 (c). The Sale Notice shall specify the

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number of Sale Shares, the price at which they are proposed to be sold, the terms and conditions of the proposed Sale and the time within which the Offer must be accepted ("the Offer Period") following which the Offer shall be deemed to have lapsed. The Offer Period shall not be less than forty-eight hours from and including the date of receipt of the Sale Notice by the Option holders. The Offer shall be irrevocable during the Offer Period.

**Explanation:** For the purposes of this Clause 7 (c), "proportionate number", as regards an Option Grantee, means the number of that Option Grantee's Equity Shares (arising out of exercising of such stock options) which bears to the total number of Equity Shares underlying the Vested Options held by that Option Grantee the same proportion which the number of Sale Shares bears to the total number of Equity Shares held by the Current Investors.

(ii) Any or all of the Option Grantees shall be entitled to respond to the Sale Notice by serving a written notice ("the Response Notice") on the Selling Shareholder prior to the expiry of the Offer Period requiring the Selling Shareholder to ensure that the intended Purchaser also purchases all or some of the Option Grantee's Equity Shares as mentioned in the Response Notice(s) at the same price and on the same terms and conditions as are mentioned in the Sale Notice. Provided however that, notwithstanding the foregoing, no Option Grantee shall be required to make any representations or warranties to any person in connection with such sale or transfer except representations and warranties as to the ownership of, good title to, absence of liens, charges, claims or other encumbrances on and authority to sell the Option Grantee's Equity Shares which are to be sold to the intended Purchaser.

(iii) If one or more of the Option Grantees delivers to the Selling Shareholder a Response Notice(s) before the expiry of the Offer Period in accordance with the provisions of this Clause 7 (c), the Selling Shareholder shall ensure that, along with the Sale Shares, the intended Purchaser also purchases the Option Grantee's Equity Shares specified in the Response Notice(s) for the same consideration and upon the same terms and conditions as are applicable to the Sale Shares. If the intended Purchaser(s) is/are unwilling or unable to acquire all of the Equity Shares mentioned in the Response Notice upon such terms, then the Selling Shareholder may elect either to cancel the Sale or to allocate the maximum number of Equity Shares which the intended Purchaser is willing to purchase among the Sale Shares and the Equity Shares specified by the Option Grantees in the Response Notice(s) pro-rata in proportion to the Equity Share holdings of the Selling Shareholder and the concerned Option holder(s) at such time. The Selling Shareholder shall not be entitled to sell or transfer any of the Sale Shares to any intended Purchaser unless the intended Purchaser simultaneously purchases and pays for the Equity Shares mentioned in the Response Notice(s) in accordance with the provisions of this Clause 7 (c).

(iv) In the event that none of the Option Grantees deliver a Response Notice to the Selling Shareholder prior to the expiry of the Offer Period, the Selling Shareholder shall be entitled to sell and transfer the Sale Shares to the intended Purchaser strictly on the same terms and conditions and for the same consideration as is specified in the Sale Notice upon the expiry of the Offer Period.

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(v) If completion of the sale and transfer of the Sale Shares to the intended Purchaser does not take place within the period of 180 days following the expiry of the Offer Period (plus a period not exceeding of 60 (sixty) days for obtaining any required regulatory approvals), the Selling Shareholder's right to sell the Sale Shares to the intended Purchaser shall lapse and the provisions of this Clause 7 (c) shall once again apply to the Sale Shares.

Provided that nothing in this clause 7 (c) shall apply to transfer of shares amongst the Current Investors or transfer by any Current Investor to any other individual in the family. For this purpose, 'any other individual in the family' means any parent, brother, sister, spouse, son or daughter of any of the Current Investors.

For the purpose of this clause, "Current Investors" means:

- a. GVK Davix Technologies Pvt. Ltd.
- b. Mr. D.S. Brar
- c. Mrs. G Aparna Reddy as Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust

### 8. Other Terms and Conditions

- 8.1 Nothing herein is intended to or shall give the Option Grantee any right or status of any kind as a shareholder of the Company (for example, bonus shares, rights shares, dividend, voting, etc) in respect of any Shares covered by the Grant unless the Option Grantee Exercises the Employee Stock Option and becomes a registered holder of the Shares of the Company.
- 8.2 The Employee Stock Option shall not be pledged, hypothecated, mortgaged or otherwise alienated in any other manner.
- 8.3 If the Company issues bonus or rights shares, the Option Grantee will not be eligible for the bonus or rights shares in the capacity of an Option Grantee. However, an adjustment to the number of Options or the Exercise Price or both would be made in accordance with Clause 4.2(g) of ESOP 2007.
- 8.4 Employee Stock Options shall not be transferable to any person except in the event of death of the Option Grantee, in which case clause 7(b) would apply.
- 8.5 No person other than the Employee to whom the Employee Stock Option is granted shall be entitled to Exercise the Employee Stock Option except in the event of the death of the Option Grantee, in which case clause 7(b) would apply.
- 8.6 The Shares transferred upon exercise of the Options under the Scheme shall not be transferable except to a Trust formed under the authority of the Board of Directors of the Company for the purpose of administering Company's employee schemes or to the Promoter/Promoter Group of the Company subject to inter-se agreement between the Promoters.

### 9. Deduction of Tax

The Company shall have the right to deduct from the employee's salary, any of the employee's tax obligations arising in connection with the Employee Stock Option or the Shares acquired upon the

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Exercise thereof. The Company shall have no obligation to deliver Shares until the Company's tax deduction obligations, if any, have been satisfied by the Option Grantee.

### 10. Authority to vary terms

- 10.1 The Board may, if it deems necessary, vary the terms of ESOP 2007, subject to the Applicable Laws.
- 10.2 Any amendment, alteration, suspension or variation of this Plan must be approved by a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company and will be subject to the requirements under Applicable Laws, in order to take effect. However, post the Listing, the Board may revise any of the terms and conditions of this Plan to meet any regulatory requirement without seeking shareholders' approval.

### 11. Miscellaneous

11.1 Government Regulations

This ESOP 2007 shall be subject to all Applicable Laws, and approvals from governmental authorities.

11.2 Inability to obtain authority

The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction over the Company, or under any Applicable Laws, for the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder shall relieve and wholly discharge the Company of any and all liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such Shares.

- 11.3 The Grant of an Employee Stock Option does not form part of the Option Grantee's entitlement to compensation or benefits pursuant to his contract of employment nor does the existence of a contract of employment between any person and the Company give such person any right or entitlement to have an Employee Stock Option granted to him in respect of any number of shares or any expectation that an Employee Stock Option might be granted to him whether subject to any condition or at all.
- 11.4 Neither the existence of this Plan nor the fact that an individual has on any occasion been granted an Employee Stock Option shall give such individual any right, entitlement or expectation that he has or will in future have any such right, entitlement or expectation to participate in this Plan by being granted an Employee Stock Option on any other occasion.
- 11.5 The rights granted to an Option Grantee upon the Grant of an Employee Stock Option shall not afford the Option Grantee any rights or additional rights to compensation or damages in consequence of the loss or termination of his office or employment with the company for any reason whatsoever (whether or not such termination is ultimately held to be wrongful or unfair).
- 11.6 The Option Grantee shall not be entitled to any compensation or damages for any loss or potential loss which he may suffer by reason of being unable to exercise an Employee Stock Option in whole or in part.

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### 12. Notices

All notices of communication required to be given by the Company to an Option Grantee by virtue of this ESOP 2007 shall be in writing and shall be sent to the address of the Option Grantee available in the records of the Company and any communication to be given by an Option Grantee to the Company in respect of ESOP 2007 shall be sent to the address mentioned below:

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### 13. Accounting and Disclosures

- 13.1. The Company shall follow the laws/regulations applicable to accounting and disclosure related to Employee Stock Options, including but not limited to the IND AS/Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments (Guidance Note) and/ or any relevant Accounting Standards as may be prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) from time to time, including the disclosure requirements prescribed therein.
- 13.2. After Listing, the Company will also make the necessary disclosures under the SBEB & SE Regulations at the time of Grant, including as provided in Part G of Schedule I of the SBEB & SE Regulations.

### 14. No Restriction on Corporate Action

- 14.1. The existence of the Plan and any Grant made hereunder shall not in any way affect the right or the power of the Board or the shareholders of the Company to make or authorise any change in capital structure, including any issue of shares, debt or other securities having any priority or preference with respect to the shares of the Company or the rights thereof or from making any corporate action which is deemed to be appropriate or in its best interest, whether or not such action would have an adverse effect on the Plan and/ or Grant made thereunder.
- 14.2. Nothing contained in the Plan shall be construed to prevent the Company from implementing any other new plan, in accordance with Applicable Laws, for granting stock options (by way of employee stock options or restricted stock units) and/or share purchase rights, which is deemed by the Company to be appropriate or in its best interest, whether or not such action would have any adverse impact on the Plan and/ or Grant made thereunder.

### 15. Certificate from Auditors

After Listing, the Board shall at each annual general meeting place before the shareholders a certificate from the auditors of the Company that the Plan has been implemented in accordance with the SBEB & SE Regulations and in accordance with the resolution of the Company in the general meeting.

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### 16. Governing Law and Jurisdiction

- 16.1 The terms and conditions of the ESOP 2007 shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of India.
- 16.2 The Courts of Hyderabad, India shall have jurisdiction in respect of any and all matters, disputes or differences arising in relation to or out of this ESOP 2007.
- 16.3 Nothing in this Clause will however limit the right of the Company to bring proceedings against any Employee in connection with this ESOP 2007:
  - (i) in any other court of competent jurisdiction; or
  - (ii) concurrently in more than one jurisdiction.

### 17. Income Tax Rules

The Income Tax Laws and Rules in force will be applicable.

Employee Stock Option Plan 2017



Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

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### **Salient Features**

S.NO.	HEAD	DETAILS
1.	Number of ESOPs	20,00,000
2.	Eligibility	To employees of Aragen, Subsidiaries and Holding Company, and on Listing, Group companies including an Associate Company
3.	Vesting Schedule	Four years
4.	Vesting condition	Based on performance parameters determined by Board
5.	Exercise Price	20% discount to FMV or any other price as determined by the Board
6.	Exercise of Options	On happening of listing or such other earlier period as Board may decide
7.	Purchase back	Power to Trust to offer to purchase back; Unless approved by Board not to exceed 30% of aggregate allotted Shares as on date of purchase back
8.	Restriction on transfer	Options cannot be transferred. Shares allotted cannot be transferred to any person except Trust
9.	Administration	Through GVK BIO Employees' Welfare Trust

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### 1. Name, Objective and Term of the Plan

- 1.1 This Employee Stock Option Plan shall be called the 'Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2017' ("ESOP 2017"/ "Plan").
- 1.2 The objective of the ESOP 2017 is to reward the critical Employees for their association and performance as well as to motivate them to contribute to the growth and profitability of the Company. The Company also intends to use this Plan to attract and retain key talents in the organization. The Company views this Plan as instrument that would enable sharing the value with the Employees they create for the Company in the years to come.
- 1.3 The ESOP 2017 is established with effect from 24<sup>th</sup> May 2017 and shall continue to be in force until (i) its termination by the Board, or (ii) the date on which all of the Employee Stock Options available for issuance under the ESOP 2017 have been issued and exercised, whichever is earlier.
- 1.4 The Board of Directors may subject to compliance with Applicable Laws, at any time alter, amend, suspend or terminate ESOP 2017 in such a manner that such alteration, amendment, suspension or termination shall not be prejudicial to the interests of Employees.

### 2. Definitions and Interpretation

### 2.1 **Definitions**

- i. "Applicable Law" means every rule, regulation or law relating to Employee Stock Options, including and without limitation to the Companies Act, SBEB & SE Regulations (defined hereinafter), and SEBI LODR Regulations (defined hereinafter). as and when applicable, and all relevant tax, securities, exchange control or corporate laws of India or of any relevant jurisdiction or of any stock exchange on which the Shares of the Company would be listed.
- ii. "Associate Company" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it under the Companies Act, as amended from time to time.
- iii. **"Board**" means the Board of Directors of the Company which shall include committees constituted thereunder including Compensation Committee.
- iv. **"Companies Act**" means the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made there under and includes any statutory modifications or re-enactments thereof.
- v. "Company" means "Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited" a company registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 having its registered office at Plot 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad 50007.
- vi. **"Company Policies/Terms of Employment"** means the Company's policies for Employees and the terms of employment as contained in the Employment Letter and the Company Handbook, which includes provisions requiring a desired level

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of performance, securing confidentiality, non-compete and non-poaching of other Employees and customers.

- vii. **"Compensation Committee"** means a committee constituted or which may be constituted by the Board of Directors from time to time to administer ESOP 2017 or any other stock based incentive plans of the Company, in accordance with Applicable Laws.
- viii. "Director" means a member of the Board of the Company.
- ix. **"Eligibility Criteria"** means the criteria as may be determined from time to time by the Board for granting the Employee Stock Options to the Employees.
- x. "Employee" means

### A. Prior to Listing:

- (i) a permanent employee of the Company working in India or out of India; or
- (ii) a Director of the Company, whether a whole time Director or not; or
- (iii) an employee, as defined in sub-clauses (i) or (ii) above, of a Subsidiary Company, or of a Holding Company of the Company;

### but excludes

- a. an employee who is a Promoter or belongs to the Promoter Group;
- b. a Director who either by himself or through his relatives or through anybody corporate, directly or indirectly holds more than 10% of the issued and subscribed Shares of the Company; and
- c. a Director being an Independent Director.

### B. Post Listing:

- (i) An employee as designated by the Company, who is exclusively working in India or outside India; or
- (ii) A Director of the Company, whether a whole-time Director or not, including a non-executive Director who is not a Promoter or member of the Promoter Group, but excluding an Independent Director; or
- (iii) An employee as defined in sub-clauses (i) and (ii) above, of a Group company including a Subsidiary Company or its Associate Company, in India or outside India, or of a Holding Company of the Company,

### but excludes-

- a. an Employee who is a Promoter or belongs to the Promoter Group;
- b. a Director who either by himself or through his relative or through any body corporate, directly or indirectly holds more than 10% of the outstanding equity Shares of the Company.

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- xi. **"Employee Stock Option"** means an option granted to an Employee, which gives such Employee the right, but not an obligation, to purchase or subscribe at a future date the Shares underlying the Option at a pre-determined price.
- xii. **"ESOP 2017"** means the Aragen Employee Stock Option Plan 2017 under which the Company is authorized to Grant Employee Stock Options to the Employees.
- xiii. **"Exercise"** of an Option means expression of an intention by an Employee to the Company to purchase the Shares underlying the Options vested in him, in pursuance of this ESOP 2017, in accordance with the procedure laid down by the Company for Exercise of options.
- xiv. **"Exercise Period**" means such time period after Vesting within which the Option Grantee should Exercise the Options vested in him/her in pursuance of the ESOP 2017.
- xv. "Exercise Price" means the price payable by an Option Grantee in order to Exercise the Options granted to him in pursuance of the ESOP 2017, and shall be in compliance with the accounting standards specified under the SBEB & SE Regulations, including any 'Guidance Note on Accounting for employee share-based Payments' issued in that regard from time to time.
- xvi. "Fair Market Value" means (a) until Listing the value of a Share of the Company as determined by an independent valuer or by any other valuer as required by Applicable Laws for the time being in force appointed by the Board, and (b) post Listing, the market price as defined under the SBEB & SE Regulations (the latest available closing price of the share on a recognized stock exchange on which the shares of the company are listed on the date immediately prior to the Grant).
- xvii. **"Grant**" means issue of Options to the Employees as decided by the Board from time to time on such terms and conditions as it deems fit, under the ESOP 2017.
- xviii. "**Group**" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under the SBEB & SE Regulations.
- xix. "Holding Company" means any present or future holding Company of the Company, as per the provisions of the Companies Act.
- xx. "Independent Director" shall have the same meaning assigned to it under Regulation 16 of SEBI LODR Regulations and Section 149 of Companies Act and rules made thereunder.
- xxi. "Listing" means listing of the Company's Share on any recognized Stock Exchange.
- xxii. **"Misconduct"** means disregard of the Company's bye-law, rules, regulations and the Company Policies/ Terms of Employment and includes mismanagement of position by action or inaction, alleged wrongdoing, misfeasance, or violation of any rule, regulation or law which was expected to be abided by the Employee.
- xxiii. **"Option**" means Employee Stock Option within the meaning of this Plan.

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- xxiv. "Option Grantee" means an Employee who has been granted an Employee Stock Option in pursuance of the ESOP 2017 and having a right but not an obligation to Exercise the Options and shall deem to include nominee/ legal heir of such Option Grantee in case of death of Option Grantee to the extent provisions of the Plan is applicable.
- xxv. "Permanent Incapacity" means any disability of whatsoever nature, be it physical, mental or otherwise, which incapacitates or prevents or handicaps an Employee from performing any specific job, work or task which the said Employee was capable of performing immediately before such disablement, as determined by the Board based on a certificate of a medical expert identified by the Board.
- xxvi. "Plan" means and refers to ESOP 2017 within the meaning of this Plan.
- xxvii. **"Promoter"** means promoter as defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time.
- xxviii. **"Promoter Group"** means promoter group as defined in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time.
- xxix. "Retirement" means retirement as per Company Policies/Terms of Employment.
- xxx. **"SBEB & SE Regulations**" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021, as amended, and includes all regulations and clarifications issued there under.
- xxxi. **"SEBI LODR Regulations**" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- xxxii. "Shares" means equity shares of the Company of face value of Rs. 10 (Ten) each fully paid-up including the equity shares arising out of the Exercise of Employee Stock Options granted under ESOP 2017.
- xxxiii. **"Stock Exchange"** means the National Stock Exchange, BSE Ltd. or any other recognized stock exchanges in India on which the Company's Shares are listed or to be listed.
- xxxiv. "Subsidiary Company" means any present or future subsidiary company of the Company, as per the provisions of the Companies Act.
- xxxv. **"Trust"** means employee welfare trust set-up by the Company for the benefit of the Employees of the Company and which may from time to time be entrusted with the administration of ESOP 2017 or any other Employee Stock Option Plans of the Company.
- xxxvi. "Unvested Option" means an Option in respect of which the relevant Vesting Conditions have not been satisfied and as such, the Option Grantee has not become eligible to Exercise the Option.

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- xxxvii. "**Vested Option"** means an Option in respect of which the relevant Vesting Conditions have been satisfied and the Option Grantee has become eligible to Exercise the Option.
- xxxviii. "**Vesting"** means earning by the Option Grantee, of the right to Exercise the Employee Stock Options granted to him in pursuance of the ESOP 2017.
- xxxix. **"Vesting Condition"** means any condition subject to which the Options granted would vest in an Option Grantee.
- xl. "Vesting Period" means the period during which the Vesting of the Employee Stock Option granted to the Employee, in pursuance of the ESOP 2017 takes place.

#### 2.2 Interpretation

In this Plan, unless the contrary intention appears:

- a) the clause headings are for ease of reference only and shall not be relevant to interpretation;
- b) a reference to a clause number is a reference to its sub-clauses;
- c) words in singular number include the plural and vice versa;
- d) words importing a gender include any other gender;
- e) a reference to a Schedule includes a reference to any part of that Schedule which is incorporated by reference.

The terms defined in ESOP 2017 shall for the purposes of ESOP 2017 have the meanings herein specified and terms not defined in ESOP 2017 shall have the meanings as defined in the Companies Act or Applicable Laws as the context requires. Reference to any Act, Rules, Statute or Notification shall include any statutory modifications, substitution or re-enactment thereof.

#### 3. Authority and Ceiling

- 3.1 The Shareholders in their meeting on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2017 have resolved authorizing the Board to Grant 20,00,000 (Twenty Lakhs only) Employee Stock Options to the Employees under ESOP 2017, in one or more tranches, exercisable into not more than 20,00,000 (Twenty lakhs only) fully paid-up Equity Shares in the Company of a face value of Rs. 10 each , with each such Option conferring a right upon the Employee to apply for one Share of the Company, in accordance with the terms and conditions of ESOP 2017.
- 3.2 The aggregate total number of Options that may be granted to any identified Employee in one or more tranches shall not exceed 20,00,000 (Twenty Lakhs only) under the ESOP 2017. Provided that in case Grant of Options to an employee during any one year, equal to or exceeds 1% (one percent) of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the Company at the time of Grant of Option, shareholders' approval by way of special resolution shall be required.

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- 3.3 If an Employee Stock Option expires, lapses or becomes un-exercisable due to any reason, it shall be brought back to the Stock Options pool as mentioned in Sub-clause 3.1 and shall become available for future Grants, subject to compliance with all Applicable Laws.
- 3.4 Where Shares are transferred by the Trust consequent upon Exercise of an Employee Stock Option under the ESOP 2017, the maximum number of Shares that can be transferred under ESOP 2017 as referred to in Sub-clause 3.1 above shall stand reduced to the extent of such Shares transferred.
- 3.5 The Stock Options pool shall stand reduced to the extent Options granted and exercised.
- 3.6 In case of a Share split or consolidation, if the revised face value of the Share is less or more than the current face value as prevailing on the date of coming into force of this ESOP 2017, the maximum number of Shares being granted under ESOP 2017 as specified above shall stand modified accordingly, so as to ensure that the cumulative face value (number of Shares x face value per Share) prior to such Share split or consolidation remains unchanged after such Share split or consolidation. Thus, for example, if the prevailing face value of each Share is Rs. 10 per Share and the revised face value after the Share split is Rs. 5 per Share, the total number of Shares available under ESOP 2017 would be (Shares reserved at Sub-Clause 3.1 x 2) Shares of Rs. 5 each. Similarly, in case of bonus issue the available number of Shares under ESOP 2017 shall be revised.

#### 4. Administration

- 4.1 The ESOP 2017 shall be administered by the Board of the Company in accordance with the Applicable Laws. The Board shall delegate functions relating to administration of the ESOP 2017 to the Trust in which case the rights, powers, duties or liabilities of the Board to the extent delegated shall be discharged by the Trust.
- 4.2 All questions of interpretation of the ESOP 2017 or any Employee Stock Option shall be determined by the Board or the Compensation Committee, as the case may be and such determination shall be final and binding upon all persons having an interest in the ESOP 2017 or in any Employee Stock Option issued thereunder. The Board or Compensation Committee may at its discretion, entrust any other aspects of administration to the Trust to extent desirable and permitted under the Applicable Laws.
- 4.3 The Board shall in accordance with this Plan and Applicable Laws determine the following:
  - (a) The Eligibility Criteria of the Employees for being covered in the Plan;
  - (b) The quantum of Employee Stock Options to be granted under the ESOP 2017 per Employee, and in aggregate under the Plan subject to the overall and individual ceilings as specified in Sub-clauses 3.1 and 3.2;
  - (c) The conditions under which Options may vest in Employees and may lapse, including in case of termination of employment for Misconduct;
  - (d) The Exercise Period within which the Employee should Exercise the Option and that Option would lapse on failure to Exercise the Option within the Exercise Period;

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- (e) The specified time period within which the Employee shall Exercise the Vested Options, including in the event of termination or resignation;
- (f) The right of an Employee to Exercise all the Options vested in him at one time or at various points of time within the Exercise Period;
- (g) The procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment to the entitlement including adjustment to the number of Options and to the Exercise Price in case of corporate actions such as rights issues, bonus issues, merger, sale of division and others. In this regard, the following shall, inter alia, be taken into consideration by the Compensation Committee:
  - (i) the number and price of Options shall be adjusted in a manner such that total value to the Employee of the Option remains the same after the corporate action;
  - (ii) the Vesting Period and the life of the Options shall be left unaltered as far as possible to protect the rights of the Employee(s) who is granted such Options;
- (h) The procedure and terms for the Grant, Vesting and Exercise of Employee Stock Options in case of Employees who are on long leave;
- (i) The procedure for funding the Exercise of Options;
- (j) The procedure for buy-back of specified securities issued under SBEB & SE Regulations, if to be undertaken at any time by the Company, and the applicable terms and conditions, including:
  - (i) permissible sources of financing for buy-back;
  - (ii) any minimum financial thresholds to be maintained by the company as per its last financial statements; and
  - (iii) limits upon quantum of specified securities that the company may buy-back in a financial year.
- (k) The procedure for formation/administration of Trust and implementation of ESOP 2017 through such Trust; and
- (I) Approve forms, writings and/or agreements for use in pursuance of the ESOP 2017.
- 4.4 On Listing, the Board shall also frame suitable policies and systems to ensure that there is no violation of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, by the Company and the Employees, as applicable

#### 5. Eligibility and Applicability

5.1 Only Employees within the meaning of this Plan are eligible for being granted Employee Stock Options under ESOP 2017. The Eligibility Criteria for any particular Grant and the

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specific eligible Employees to whom the Options would be granted shall be determined by the Board at its discretion from time to time.

5.2 The Plan shall be applicable to the Company, its Subsidiary in or outside India, and its Holding Company if any, and any successor Company thereof and may be granted to the Employees of the Company, or of its Subsidiary Company(ies), or its Holding Company, as determined by the Board at its sole discretion. Further, on Listing, the Plan shall be applicable to Group companies including Associate Companies.

### 6. Vesting Schedule and Vesting Conditions

- 6.1 Employee Stock Options granted under ESOP 2017 shall vest within not earlier than **1(one)** year and not more than **4 (four)** years from the date of Grant of such Options. However, in case of death or Permanent Incapacity, the minimum Vesting Period of 1 (one) year shall not apply after the Listing of the Company.
- 6.2 Vesting of Options shall be subject to achievement of performance parameters as determined by the Board from time to time. All Unvested Options on non-achievement of the performance parameters shall stand cancelled.
- 6.3 The specific Vesting schedule and Vesting Conditions subject to which Vesting would take place would be outlined in the document given to the Option Grantee at the time of Grant of Options.

## 6.4 Vesting of Options in case of Employees on long leave

The period of leave shall not be considered in determining the Vesting Period in the event the Employee is on a sabbatical. In all other events including approved earned leave and sick leave, the period of leave shall be included to calculate the Vesting Period unless otherwise determined by the Board.

#### 6.5 **Power to accelerate Vesting in certain cases**

- (i) The Board shall have the power to accelerate Vesting of all Unvested Options in connection with happening of Listing within the meaning of this Plan subject to Clause 6.1.
- (ii) The Options remaining unvested as on date of meeting of the Board considering the proposal for such acceleration, may at the discretion of the Board be deemed to vest with effect from that date or from such other date as the Board may determine.
  - **Provided that** acceleration of Vesting in the manner aforesaid shall be approved keeping in view the life of such Unvested Options from the date of Grant thereof in due compliance with statutory minimum Vesting Period of 1 year as per Applicable Laws, except in case of death or Permanent Incapacity.
- (iii) In case after approval of acceleration of Vesting of Unvested Options by the Board, there occurs no Listing, subject to approval of Board such non-occurrence of aforesaid Listing shall lead to automatic cancellation of such acceleration as if such proposal was never considered nor approved by the

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Board as a result of which such Unvested Options shall be subject to normal Vesting Schedule.

#### 7. Exercise

#### 7.1 Exercise Price

- (a) The Exercise Price shall be up to 20% discount to Fair Market Value of Share or any other price as decided by the Board as on date of Grant of Options.
  - Provided that any Exercise Price determined by the Board shall not be less than face value of Share of the Company
- (b) Payment of the Exercise Price shall be made by a crossed cheque, demand draft or any other approved banking channel drawn in favour of the Company or in such other manner as the Board may decide from time to time.

#### 7.2. Exercise Period:

## (a) Exercise while in employment:

The Vested Options can be exercised by the Employees only on happening of Listing. Notwithstanding anything contained hereinabove, the Board shall have the discretion to provide for exercise of Options at its discretion including prior to Listing.

#### (b) Exercise in case of termination of employment

S. No.	Events of Separation	Vested Options	Unvested Options
1	Resignation / termination (other than due to Misconduct or due to breach of Company Policies/ Terms of Employment)	All the Vested Options as on date of resignation/termination can be exercised by the Option Grantee only on happening of Listing.	All the Unvested Options as on date of resignation/ termination shall stand cancelled with effect from that date.
2	Termination due to Misconduct or due to breach of Company Policies / Terms of Employment	All the Vested Options at the time of such termination shall stand cancelled with effect from the date of such termination.	All the Unvested Options at the time of such termination shall stand cancelled with effect from the date of such termination.
3	Retirement	All the Vested Options as on date of Retirement can be exercised by the Option Grantee only on happening of Listing.	Unless otherwise determined by the Board all Unvested Options shall deem to vest and can be exercised by the Option Grantee only on happening of Listing.
4	Death	Subject to Proviso below,	All the Unvested Options as on date of death shall be

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		all the Vested Options as on date of death can be exercised by the Option Grantee's nominee or legal heir only on happening of Listing.	deemed to have been vested and accordingly, such Options can be exercised by the Option Grantee's nominee or legal heir in the manner prescribed for Vested Options. It is hereby clarified that minimum Vesting Period of 1(one) year shall not apply in case of death after the Listing.
5	Permanent Incapacity	Subject to Proviso below, all the Vested Options as on date of incurring such incapacity can be exercised by the Option Grantee only on happening of Listing.	All the Unvested Options as on date of termination due to Permanent Incapacity shall vest in the Option Grantee and can be exercised in the manner prescribed for Vested Options. It is hereby clarified that minimum Vesting Period of 1(one) year shall not apply in case of Permanent Incapacity after the Listing.
6	Abandonment*	All the Vested Options shall stand cancelled.	All Unvested Options shall stand cancelled.
7	Termination due to reasons apart from those mentioned above	All the Vested Options as on date of such termination shall stand <b>cancelled</b> unless otherwise decided by the Board and such decision shall be final.	All Unvested Options on the date of such termination shall stand <b>cancelled</b> unless otherwise required by Applicable Laws.

<sup>\*</sup> The Board at its sole discretion shall decide the date of cancellation of Options and such decision shall be binding on all concerned.

**Provided that** in case the Company proposes Listing, all the exercisable Vested Options in case of separation from employment/ service in case of Permanent Incapacity and death be exercised by the Option Grantee or legal heir/ nominee, as the case may be, within such period ("Notified Period") prior to the date of filing of prospectus with appropriate authorities as may be notified by the Compensation Committee. For effecting this, the Company shall issue notice to the Option Grantee, legal heir or nominee prior to filing of prospectus with appropriate authorities, at their registered address available in the records of the Company for the Exercise of the Vested Options. In case, the Option Grantee, legal heir or nominee fails to Exercise the Vested Options within the Notified Period, such Vested Options shall lapse on expiry of such Notified Period and the Option Grantee, legal heir or nominee shall have no recourse on such cancelled Options.

Provided that the Board shall have the authority to allow Exercise of Vested Options at any time before the Listing at its absolute discretion.

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#### 7.2 Procedure of Exercise

- a) Any Option granted hereunder will be exercisable according to the terms of the ESOP 2017 and at such times and under such other conditions as determined by the Board and set forth in the Grant letter. An Option may not be exercised for a fraction of a Share.
- b) An Option shall be deemed to be exercised when the Company receives: (i) a written notice of Exercise duly complete in all respects in prescribed format whether in physical or in electronic form from the person entitled to Exercise the Option, and (ii) full payment comprising of Exercise Price and applicable tax thereon.

#### 7.3 Lapse of Options

The Options not exercised within the Exercise Period prescribed above shall lapse and the Option Grantee shall have no right over such lapsed or cancelled Options.

#### 7.4 Right to prescribe for cashless Exercise of Options

Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions relating to Exercise of Options, the Board is entitled to specify such procedures and mechanisms for the purpose of implementing the cashless Exercise of Options as may be necessary and the same shall be binding on all the Option Grantees. The procedure may *inter alia* require the Option Grantees to authorize any person including a Trust nominated by the Company to deal with the Options on the Option Grantees' behalf till the realization of sales proceeds. Post Listing, in the event a cashless Exercise is permitted, it will be limited to cover the payment of the Exercise Price, the taxes and related expenses only.

#### 8. Initial Public Offer (IPO)

Post Listing (i.e listing of the shares of the Company on a recognized Stock Exchange), Option Grantee/nominee can sell Shares in the open market any time in accordance with Applicable Laws and Company Policies/Terms of Employment, subject to any lock in period as per Applicable Laws.

### 9. Purchase of the Shares by the Trust

- 9.1 In case no Listing has happened for a period of 2(two) years from the date of first Vesting, the Trust shall have the right to purchase the Shares from the Option Grantees.
- 9.2 The Option Grantee shall to the extent Trust makes an offer for purchase the Shares shall Exercise such number of Vested Options and offer the resultant Shares to the Trust under the offer.
- 9.3 The Trust shall deliver a written offer to each Option Grantee setting out the salient feature of the purchase and details of the terms and conditions including number of Shares to be bought, purchase price per Share, the manner and mode of Exercise of Vested Options and payment of proceeds of the sale.
- 9.4 Unless otherwise decided by the Board or the Trust, as the case maybe, purchase of Shares shall not exceed 30% of aggregate of allotted Shares as on date of the purchase in a given Employee's case on straight line basis.

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- 9.5 The purchase price per Share shall be equal to Fair Market Value or any other price as decide by the Board or the Trust, as the case maybe, derived from the latest audited financial statement immediately prior to date of approval of proposed purchase.
- 9.6 Each Option Grantee shall take all necessary and desirable actions in connection with the sale, including exercising of their Vested Options, executing agreements and instruments and taking other actions as required for completing the sale.
- 9.7 In case Option Grantee has exercised his Options and Shares are allotted by the Company or transferred by the Trust to him, such Shares cannot be transfer to any other person except Trust.

#### 10. Lock-in Period of Shares

- 10.1 The Shares arising out of Exercise of Vested Options shall not be subject to any lock-in restriction except such restrictions as prescribed under the Applicable Laws.
- 10.2 However, the transferability of the Shares after Listing shall be subject to the restriction for such period in terms of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading), Regulations, 2015 as amended, enacted, or reenacted from time to time or for such other period as may be stipulated from time to time in terms of Company's Insider Trading Code of Conduct.

#### 11. Restriction on transfer of Options

- 11.1 The Employee Stock Option shall not be pledged, hypothecated, mortgaged or otherwise alienated in any other manner.
- 11.2 Employee Stock Options shall not be transferable to any person except in the event of death of the Option Grantee, in which case clause 7.2(b) would apply.
- 11.3 No person other than the Employee to whom the Employee Stock Option is granted shall be entitled to Exercise the Employee Stock Option except in the event of the death of the Option Grantee holder, in which case clause 7.2(b) would apply.

#### 12. Other Terms and Conditions

#### 12.1 Listing of Shares

In case of Listing, the Board is authorized to do such acts, deeds and things including but not limited to amendment of this Plan to make the Plan compliant of any Applicable Laws prevailing at that time.

- 12.2 The Employee shall not have a right to receive any dividend or to vote or in any manner enjoy the benefits of a Shareholder in respect of Employee Stock Options granted, till Shares underlying such Employee Stock Options are transferred by the Trust on Exercise of such Employee Stock Option.
- 12.3 Nothing herein is intended to or shall give the Option Grantee any right or status of any kind as a shareholder of the Company (for example, Bonus Shares, Rights Shares, dividend, voting, etc.) in respect of any Shares covered by the Grant unless the Option

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Grantee Exercises the Employee Stock Option and becomes a registered holder of the Shares of the Company.

12.4 If the Company issues Bonus or Rights Shares, the Option Grantee will not be eligible for the Bonus or Rights Shares in the capacity of an Option Grantee. However, an adjustment to the number of Options or the Exercise Price or both would be made in accordance with Clause 4.3(g) of ESOP 2017.

#### 13. Deduction/Recovery of Tax

- 13.1 The liability of paying taxes, if any, in respect of Options granted pursuant to this Plan and the Shares transferred by the Trust pursuant to Exercise thereof shall be entirely on Option Grantee and shall be in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 read with rules issued thereunder and/or Income Tax Laws of respective countries as applicable to eligible Employees of Company working abroad, if any.
- 13.2 The Company or Trust as the case may be shall have the right to deduct from the Employee's salary, any of the Employee's or employer's tax obligations arising in connection with the Employee Stock Option or the Shares acquired upon the Exercise thereof. In case of non-continuance of employment, the outstanding amount of the tax shall be recovered fully on or before full and final settlement.
- 13.3 The Company or Trust shall have no obligation to deliver Shares to the Option Grantee until such tax obligations have been satisfied by the Option Grantee.

#### 14. Authority to vary terms

- 14.1 For the purpose of efficient implementation and administration of the Plan, the Board may at its sole discretion revise any of the terms and conditions in respect of existing or any new Grant of Options subject to the condition that such amendment, alteration, or variation, as the case may be is not detrimental to the interest of Employees.
- Any amendment, alteration, suspension or variation of this Plan under Clause 14.1 must be approved by a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company and will be subject to the requirements under Applicable Laws, in order to take effect. However, post the Listing, the Board may revise any of the terms and conditions of this Plan to meet any regulatory requirement without seeking shareholders' approval.

#### 15. Miscellaneous

#### 15.1 Government Regulations

The ESOP 2017 shall be subject to all Applicable Laws, and approvals from government authorities. The Grant of Options and transfer of Shares under this ESOP 2017 shall also be subject to the Company requiring Employees to comply with all Applicable Laws.

### 15.2 Inability to obtain authority

The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction over the Company, or under any Applicable Laws, for the lawful issuance and transfer and sale of any Shares hereunder shall relieve and wholly discharge the Company

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from any and all liability in respect of the failure to acquire, issue, transfer or sell such Shares.

- 15.3 Neither the existence of this Plan nor the fact that an individual has on any occasion been granted an Employee Stock Option shall give such individual any right, entitlement or expectation that he has or will in future have any such right, entitlement or expectation to participate in this Plan by being granted an Employee Stock Option on any other occasion.
- 15.4 The rights granted to an Option Grantee upon the Grant of an Employee Stock Option shall not afford the Option Grantee any rights or additional rights to compensation or damages in consequence of the loss or termination of his office or employment with the Company for any reason whatsoever (whether or not such termination is ultimately held to be wrongful or unfair).
- 15.5 The Option Grantee shall not be entitled to any compensation or damages for any loss or potential loss which he may suffer by reason of being unable to Exercise an Employee Stock Option in whole or in part.

#### 16. Notices

- All notices of communication required to be given by the Company to an Option Grantee by virtue of this ESOP 2017 shall be in writing. The communications shall be made by the Company in any one or more of the following ways:
  - i. Sending communication(s) to the address of the Option Grantee available in the records of the Company; and/ or
  - ii. Delivering the communication(s) to the Option Grantee in person with acknowledgement of receipt thereof; and/ or
  - iii. Emailing the communication(s) to the Option Grantee at the official email address provided if any by the Company during the continuance of employment or at the email address provided by the Option Grantee after cessation of employment.
- 16.2 All notices of communication to be given by an Option Grantee to the Company in respect of ESOP 2017 shall be sent to the address mentioned below:

Designation: Head - Human Resources

Address : Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

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#### 17. Nomination

The Employee has to compulsorily nominate a person as his nominee. The nominee in case of death or legal incapacity of Employee shall be the legal representative recognized by the Company as the inheritor of the Employee in respect of all rights and liabilities for the purposes of this Plan.

# 18. Accounting and Disclosures

18.1 The Company shall follow the laws/regulations applicable to accounting and disclosure related to Employee Stock Options, including but not limited to the IND AS/Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments (Guidance Note) and/ or any

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relevant Accounting Standards as may be prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) from time to time, including the disclosure requirements prescribed therein.

- 18.2 Where the existing Guidance Note or Accounting Standard do not prescribe accounting treatment or disclosure requirements for any of the Plans covered under the SBEB & SE Regulations then the Company shall comply with the relevant Accounting Standard as may be prescribed by the ICAI from time to time.
- 18.3 After Listing, the Company will also make the necessary disclosures under the SBEB & SE Regulations at the time of Grant, including as provided in Part G of Schedule I of the SBEB & SE Regulations.

#### 19. No Restriction on Corporate Action

- 19.1. The existence of the Plan and any Grant made hereunder shall not in any way affect the right or the power of the Board or the shareholders of the Company to make or authorize any change in capital structure, including any issue of shares, debt or other securities having any priority or preference with respect to the shares of the Company or the rights thereof or from making any corporate action which is deemed to be appropriate or in its best interest, whether or not such action would have an adverse effect on the Plan and/ or Grant made thereunder.
- 19.2. Nothing contained in the Plan shall be construed to prevent the Company from implementing any other new plan, in accordance with Applicable Laws, for granting stock options (by way of employee stock options or restricted stock units) and/or share purchase rights, which is deemed by the Company to be appropriate or in its best interest, whether or not such action would have any adverse impact on the Plan and/or Grant made thereunder.

#### 20. Certificate from Auditors

20.1 After Listing, the Board shall at each annual general meeting place before the shareholders a certificate from the Auditors of the Company that the Plan has been implemented in accordance with the SBEB & SE Regulations and in accordance with the resolution of the Company in the general meeting.

## 21. Governing Laws

- 21.1 The terms and conditions of the ESOP 2017 shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of India including the Income Tax Laws and Foreign Exchange Laws mentioned below.
- 21.2 Income Tax Laws

The provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and Rules made thereunder as amended and enacted from time to time shall be applicable in respect of taxability of Employees and the Company arising out of any transaction in the Employee Stock Options.

#### 21.3 Foreign Exchange Laws

Plot 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad – 50007 CIN - U74999TG2000PTC035826

In case any Employee Stock Options are granted to any Employee being resident outside India belonging to the Company or to any Subsidiary Company of the Company set-up outside India, the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and rules or regulations made thereunder as amended and enacted from time to time shall be applicable and the Company has to comply with such requirements as prescribed in connection with Grant, Vesting, Exercise of Employee Stock Options and transfer of Equity Shares thereof.

#### 22. Jurisdiction

- 22.1 In respect of any and all matters, disputes or differences arising in relation to or out of this ESOP 2017 shall be addressed to arbitrator appointed by mutual consent of the Company and Option Grantee.
- 22.2 Nothing in this clause will however limit the right of the Company to bring proceedings against any Employee in connection with this ESOP 2017:
  - (i) in any other court of competent jurisdiction; or
  - (ii) con-currently in more than one jurisdiction.

#### 23. Severability

In the event any one or more of the provisions contained in this ESOP 2017 shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect the other provisions of this ESOP 2017, but ESOP 2017 shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision had never been set forth herein, and the ESOP 2017 shall be carried out as nearly as possible according to its original intent and terms.

#### 24. Confidentiality

- An Option Grantee must keep the details of the ESOP 2017 and all other documents in connection thereto strictly confidential and must not disclose the details with any of his peer, colleagues, co-employees or with any employee and/ or associate of the Company or that of its affiliates. In case Option Grantee is found in breach of this confidentiality Clause, the Company has undisputed right to terminate any agreement and all unexercised Options shall stand cancelled immediately. The decision and judgment of the Company regarding breach of this confidentiality Clause shall be final, binding and cannot be questioned by Option Grantee. In case of non-adherence to the provisions of this clause, the Board shall have the authority to deal with such cases as it may deem fit.
- 24.2 On acceptance of the Grant of Option offered by the Company, it shall be deemed that as if the Option Grantee has authorized the Company to disclose information relating to the Option Grantee during the process of implementation of the Plan or while availing any consulting or advisory services thereof or any other incidental services to its officers, professional advisors, agents and consultants on a need to know basis.

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# **BOARD'S REPORT**

#### DEAR MEMBERS,

The Board of Directors are pleased to present the 21st Annual Report of your Company, Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited, along with the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022.

The Covid-19 pandemic continued into the second year in FY 2021-22 impacting multiple industries and sectors across the globe. We are proud of your Company's ability to innovate and deliver on project commitments and its continued efforts to play its part in helping the world live a healthier life despite the challenges. We are happy to report another year of significant growth, expanded offerings, and new customers.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

Your Company's performance during FY 2021-22 compared to the previous year is summarized below.

	(	INR Mn)			
Details	Stand	lalone	Consolidated		
Details	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	
Gross Income	12533.46	9847.52	14021.20	11516.44	
Gross Operating Profit	4069.25	2998.86	4197.71	3355.27	
Less: Depreciation	1068.13	835.72	1288.98	1004.89	
Less: Interest	227.57	170.98	235.07	181.36	
Profit Before Tax	2773.55	1992.16	2673.66	2169.02	
Less: Provision for Tax	617.95	511.68	661.21	521.98	
Less: Deferred Tax	45.82	4.27	37.82	4.27	
Profit After Tax	2109.78	1476.21	1974.63	1642.77	

Key highlights of the performance on a consolidated basis:

- Gross Income of Rs 14021.20 million with growth of 22%.
- Gross Operating Profit growth at 25% to Rs 4197.71 million.
- Profit After Tax of Rs 1974.63 million, an increase of ~20% over the previous year.

# DIVIDEND AND DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

The Board of Directors of your Company have, consistent with the previous track record, recommended a final dividend of Rs 8.64 (Rupees Eight and Sixty-Four Paise only) per equity share of 10/- each for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022, being a pay-out of 30% of the consolidated Profit After Tax of your Company, subject to the approval of the equity shareholders at the ensuing 21st Annual General Meeting of your Company. The Dividend involves a cash outflow of ~Rs 59 Crores.

A Dividend Distribution Policy adopted by the Board is displayed on the website of the Company <a href="https://www.aragen.com">www.aragen.com</a>.



#### ISSUE OF DEBENTURES AND LISTING

In February 2022, your Company issued 2000 listed, rated, secured, redeemable, nonconvertible debentures of the face value of Indian Rupees Ten takhs each, aggregating up to Rs 200 Crores (Indian Rupees Two Hundred crores) (NCDs/Securities) in dematerialized form through private placement. The NCDs have a tenor of 3 years with an interest rate of 7.5% p.a., payable annually. The NCDs are rated 'AA minus /Stable' by CRISIL. IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited, Mumbai are the trustees for the issue. The Securities are listed on the stock exchange-BSE Limited.

#### COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

The Company, GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited, the parent company ("GVK Davix"), Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited, and GVK Davix Research Private Limited (Fellow Subsidiaries) and their respective shareholders have entered into a Composite Scheme of Arrangement under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Scheme") which contemplates, among others, the amalgamation of the residual GVK Davix (post demerger of its informatics business and only with investment in the Company) into the Company, with 2nd April 2021 as the Appointed Date, and the said Scheme was approved by the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad Bench ("NCLT") on 30th May 2022 and the Company has received the final order copy on 07th June 2022. The certified copy of the said order has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad by the companies involved. The Company filed the certified copy of the Order on 01st July 2022 with respect to Part IV of the Scheme concerning the amalgamation of GVK Davix with the Company, and the amalgamation has become operative from that date.

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 26<sup>th</sup> May 2022, had considered, approved, and recommended the Audited Standalone and Consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022 (Financial Statements for FY22) for adoption by the shareholders. The Company submitted the Financial Statements for FY22 to the stock exchange -BSE Limited and published in a newspaper as required under the SEBI Regulations. However, on receipt of the certified copy of the Order of the Hon'ble NCLT approving the Composite Scheme of Arrangement on 7th June 2022, in terms of the relevant Standard of Auditing, the Company revised the Financial Statements for FY22 to reflect the amalgamation of GVK Davix with the Company with the Appointed Date 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2021.

## SHARE CAPITAL

Pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement, the authorised share capital of the Company stood increased from Rs.115 Crores to Rs.142 Crores.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the Company allotted 339,00,000 equity shares of the Company to the shareholders of GVK Davix and the existing shareholding of 339,00,000 equity shares of GVK Davix in the Company was cancelled.

Goldman Sachs Group acquired a significant minority stake in your Company during the year by purchasing shares from the existing private equity investor shareholder Destiny Investments Limited, and certain other shareholders of the Company.



The share capital of your Company increased marginally on allotment of equity shares to the employees on exercise of their vested stock options.

#### **ACQUISITION**

To complement your Company's organic growth and internal capabilities, as a key strategic step in the direction of becoming an integrated player and achieving end-to-end capabilities for Discovery, GLP safety assessment studies, and Development & Manufacturing, your Company acquired a majority stake in Intox Private Limited (Intox), a Pune-based company engaged in providing Safety Assessment (Toxicology) services. This enables your Company to offer a wide range of GLP safety assessment studies including mammalian toxicology, bio-analysis, mutagenicity, reproductive and environmental studies. As per the share purchase agreement with the Promoters of Intox, your Company acquired 56.82% shares in December 2021 and will be acquiring further stake to increase its holdings to 76% of its equity. The Promoters of Intox and your Company have entered into Option Agreements in December 2021 whereby it can call, and the Promoters can put purchase/sale of the balance 24% of equity held by the Promoters, after the adoption of Financial Statements by the shareholders of Intox for the Financial Year 2023-2024.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

At a consolidated level, the Gross Income of your Company for FY 2021-22 was Rs 14,021 million, Gross Operating profit at Rs 4,198 million and the Profit After Tax was Rs 1,975 Million.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of your Company's subsidiaries in Form AOC-1 is attached to the Financial Statements of your Company.

Your Company provides Discovery Services and Development & Manufacturing Services. Both these services are provided through state-of-the-art R&D labs and manufacturing facilities manned by our talented pool of scientists and enabling functional teams. Both these service areas performed well during the year and yielded a high double-digit growth over the previous year.

With structural changes in large pharma companies in terms of complexities in new drug research with increasing costs and pressure on margin, coupled with the need of small biotech companies to find the right outsourcing partners, we have seen an increase in demand for outsourcing of drug research. We are also witnessing slow structural changes in outsourcing with some preference towards India due to ongoing geopolitical changes and China+1 risk mitigation strategy by western customers. Your Company has been able to take advantage of this market development and add volume and new clients to its portfolio.

To take advantage of growth opportunities in the market, your Company has committed a capex investment of more than Rs 650 Crores to be spent over FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23. The same will be invested in creating new infrastructure, R&D labs and expansion of Development & Manufacturing capacity. During the year, your Company saw the expansion of Medical Chemistry and Biology (R&D) Labs by more than one lakh square feet and also commissioned a new technologically advanced Vivarium facility in the Bengaluru campus. We have started construction work for the new Reagents Generation facility which adds to your Company's capability in this important service area. We continued to invest in various upgradation and automation areas in the



manufacturing facilities. The manufacturing business scaled up well during the year increasing the plant occupancy levels to 55%.

During the year, your Company serviced over 400 clients, ranging from large multinational corporations to novel drug discovery companies/ biotech companies. Your Company continues to have relationships with certain key clients for more than 5 years and witnessed repeat business from more than 65% of its existing clients. In terms of revenue contribution, the business is well diversified and there is no dependency on specific clients. The integrated service offerings coupled with consistent performance and delivery have helped your Company continuously renew the client engagements. Your Company's services which range across multiple stages of molecule life cycle, coupled with a strong operational track record in the successful delivery of services with responsiveness, quality, and technical standards, turnaround times, and productivity, have strengthened the client base and increased customer stickiness. The customer satisfaction rating has improved year on year.

Your Company took several initiatives for operational excellence during the year to enhance its operational efficiency and increase productivity through better processes, harnessing technology, and automation tools. During the year, your Company launched 'ACE-- Aragen's Continuous Excellence', an organization-wide Operational Excellence program. This program focuses on increasing the internal capability of employees through learning and training on various operational excellence tools and making this one of the cultural pillars of performance improvement. Multiple projects have been commissioned under this program and the results will be seen in the coming months.

The supply chain challenges and disruptions following the Covid-19 pandemic were accentuated due to the Russia-Ukraine war. The supply chain team has managed this challenge well through proactive work for material availability, alternate source development, etc. to help maintain continuity of operations.

#### STANDALONE AND SUBSIDIARY PERFORMANCE

On a standalone basis, the Gross Income of your Company during FY 2021-22 was Rs 12533 million and the Profit After Tax was Rs 2,110 million.

Intox Private Limited, the Company's subsidiary, achieved a Gross Income of Rs 672 million and a Profit After Tax of Rs 191 million for the period since it became a subsidiary company.

Aragen Bioscience Inc. USA, the Biologics arm of your Company achieved a Gross Income of Rs 1360.54 million and made a Loss of Rs 159.43 million. The management team of your Company has taken adequate steps to turn around the performance of this unit during FY 2022-23.

Aragen Life Sciences BV, Netherlands, a wholly-owned subsidiary, is engaged in providing marketing services to your Company.

'Aragen Foundation' a company with charitable objects was incorporated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company during the year.



### Safety, Health & Environment

All the facilities of your Company are audited and certified to the standards; ISO 14001:2015, ISO 45001:2018 & ISO 50001:2018.

Your Company has implemented the Audit, Incident management, and Sustainability modules of the "iSHIELD One" software. Various initiatives including engineering improvements were undertaken internally for enhanced safety. A baseline EHS audit was undertaken through an external expert to understand and mitigate top EHS risks for individual sites and at the organizational level.

Your Company has taken various initiatives in respect of ESG & Sustainability. Aragen has been admitted as an Associate Member of PSCI; applied for membership status of the GRI Southern Asian chapter on sustainability imperatives; adopted science-based targets; and released the Sustainability Report for FY 2020-21.

During the year, Aragen, as well as its various sites, have received the following accolades for their best-in-class EHS performance, sustainability & management of Covid-19:

- Bronze medal in Ecovadis global sustainability assessment 2021:
- Most innovative Covid-19 response award from the World CSR Congress under the Global CSR Excellence & Leadership award category;
- In respect of the Vizag facility:
- International safety award under merit category from the British Safety Council (BSC) for the third consecutive year;
- Silver award from CII SR EHS Excellence Awards 2021 for commitment to EHS practices and best EHS innovation award;
- CII AP Industrial Safety Excellence Gold Award under Industrial Best Safety Practices category and digital initiatives under special category.
- Silver award from CII SR EHS Excellence Awards 2021 for commitment to EHS practices and sectoral topper in R&D for the Mallapur labs at Hyderabad;
- Bronze award from CII SR EHS Excellence Awards 2021 for commitment to EHS practices for the Bengaluru labs.

During the year, none of the manufacturing sites or labs have witnessed any reportable accidents or lost time.

Your Company continues to implement various safety and hygiene protocols to keep the health and well-being of the employees. All the on-roll and contract employees across the organization have been fully vaccinated.

#### **Human Resources**

The total number of employees of your Company together with its subsidiaries stood at 3,638 at the end of FY 2021-22 with 3,277 scientific employees. Your Company added 547 new employees during the year to meet the growing business requirements.

The organization has been certified as a 'Great place to Work' by the GPTW organization for the third consecutive year and has featured in the Top 10 Best workplaces in Biotechnology and



Pharmaceuticals in 2021. It has also won the AmbitionBox Best Places to Work in India 2021 Award in the Medium Pharma Companies category and was ranked 2nd Best Place to Work in India 2021 under the Mid-Sized Pharma Companies category. Your Company has been chosen as one of Asia's Best Employer Brands-2021 by the World HRD Congress.

Your Company ensures continuous training and skill development of its employees through a Learning Management System. A total of 73,544 hours of training were delivered during the year. In addition to the flagship programs 'EvolWe' and 'eMpowER', training programs such as 'Finance for Non-Finance'; 'Emotional Intelligence' workshops for Group Managers; and 'Personal Effectiveness' programs for operational level employees were conducted. 'PRISM', the employee engagement platform conducted various cultural programs towards wellness, and team building.

Policies on Non-Discrimination, Prevention of Sexual Harassment at the workplace, and Anti-Corruption & Anti-Bribery are in place to ensure ethical business and fair play. Your Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. There were no sexual harassment complaints made during the year.

#### **Employee Stock Options (Options)**

Under the ESOP Scheme 2017, your Company has granted 16,51,785 options to eligible employees. During the year, 65,514 options were granted to the CEO, and 72,206 options were granted to various other employees. As of 31.03.2022, the total Options vested and unvested were 8,02,444. Options vested were 4,58,826 (3,01,008 Options vested during the year) and 3,43,618 Options remain unvested. 3,79,223 options were exercised during the year.

Under the ESOP Scheme 2007, as of 31.03.2022, the total options vested and outstanding were 3,75,000 with no options unvested. 7,76,388 options were exercised during the year.

With this, the total outstanding options as of 31.03.2022 (vested and unvested) were 11,77,444.

The attention of the members is invited to Note No. 12(e) of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year for further details with respect to the stock options.

The Company received an amount of Rs.162.76 Mn during the year as the exercise price from the option holders and allotted 11,55,611 equity shares of the Company against the exercise.

#### **AUDITORS**

M/s. B S R & Associates LLP., Chartered Accountants, Auditors of your Company hold office until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2022-23.

The Auditors' report on the Standalone and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 do not contain any qualifications, reservations, or adverse remarks. The Auditors have not reported any frauds being committed by officers or employees of your Company, reportable or not reportable under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act).



#### INTERNAL AUDITORS

Protiviti India Member Private Limited is appointed as the internal auditors of your Company. Protiviti is engaged for three years till FY 2023-24 subject to review every year. The internal audit plan was decided upfront for the entire period of three years, with each area of the audit to be taken up at a pre-determined frequency. In a year, about 10 to 12 areas are taken up for the internal audit. The internal auditors report their observations to the Audit Committee of Directors of your Company every quarter.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company has appointed M/s. ABR Associates, a Practicing Company Secretary firm in Hyderabad, to carry out the Secretarial Audit of your Company.

The report of the Secretarial Auditor for FY 2022-23 is enclosed and forms part of this report. There are no qualifications, observations, or adverse remarks in the said report.

#### **DIRECTORS**

During the year under review, Mr. Sanjiv Dwarkanath Kaul, nominee director from Destiny Investments Limited, a ChrysCapital company, resigned from the directorship of your Company with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> May 2021 on the sale of the entire shareholding of Destiny Investments to Goldman Sachs Group.

Mr. Adam Richard Dawson and Mr. Rajat Sood, both nominated by the Goldman Sachs Group, and Mr. Ajay Srivastava, were appointed to the Board as Additional Directors and later appointed as Directors by the shareholders of your Company at general meetings.

#### **DISCLOSURES**

Number of meetings of the Board

The Board of Directors met five (5) times during the year.

#### Risk Management

Your Company has developed and implemented a formal risk management policy. Risks associated with the business of your Company including those that may threaten the existence of the Company were identified and necessary steps are constantly being taken to mitigate the risks. The Audit Committee of your Company reviews the changes in the levels of risks every quarter and provides direction to the Management for effective mitigation. The internal auditors conduct their audits based on a risk-based approach. The Risk Management Policy of your Company is displayed on website: <a href="https://www.aragen.com">www.aragen.com</a>.



### Vigil mechanism

Your Company has in place a vigil mechanism as prescribed in the relevant rules and the Audit Committee of Directors oversees the functioning of the vigil mechanism. The mechanism allows the employees, directors, and other stakeholders to report unlawful and unethical business practices, morally offensive behaviors, unethical issues with respect to animal care practices, incorrect financial reporting, frauds, and other matters detrimental to the image of your Company, etc. to the ombudsperson appointed under the Whistle-Blower Policy. The Policy provides necessary safeguards to protect against the victimization of the whistle blower. Your Company has not received any complaints during the year under the whistle-blower mechanism.

Conservation of energy, technology absorption, and foreign exchange outgo and earnings

Particulars of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange outgo, and earnings, required to be disclosed under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are annexed hereto and form part of this Report. Your Company utilized solar energy and saved power costs and at the same time reduced GHG emissions. Your Company continuously undertakes various initiatives and makes investments to conserve energy.

#### Particulars of employees

A statement of top ten employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limits prescribed under the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 is annexed and forms part of this Report.

#### Corporate Social Responsibility

Your Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules 2014. The CSR activities are primarily in the areas of education, healthcare, and environmental sustainability. An annual report on the CSR activities is enclosed in the prescribed form as Annexure to this Report.

#### Internal Financial Controls

Your Company has adequate internal financial control systems in place and those systems are operating effectively based on the criteria established by your Company. These controls are tested periodically both by the internal auditors and the statutory auditors who confirm their adequacy and effective working. Your Company continuously improves the controls based on the recommendations from the internal auditors and the statutory auditors.

#### Insider Trading Code

As the Company's debt securities are listed, your Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading ("the PIT Code") in accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("PIT Regulations"). The Code is applicable to the promoters, members of the promoter group, all Directors, and such designated employees who are expected to have access to unpublished price-sensitive information relating to your Company. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the PIT Regulations. The Company



has also formulated a Policy for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)' ("Fair Disclosure Policy") in compliance with the PIT Regulations. The Fair Disclosure Policy and the PIT Code are displayed on your Company's website: www. aragen.com.

# Policy on the preservation of documents

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, your Company has adopted a Policy on the preservation of documents and the said Policy specifies the documents that are required to be maintained and preserved in your Company considering their importance to the organization and to the stakeholders including the Government and Regulatory bodies and sets the standards for their maintenance and preservation. The Policy is displayed on your Company's website: <a href="https://www.aragen.com">www.aragen.com</a>.

#### Other disclosures

- A copy of the Annual Return of your Company is placed on the website of at <a href="https://www.aragen.com/our-responsibility/corporate-governance/annualreturn">https://www.aragen.com/our-responsibility/corporate-governance/annualreturn</a>.
- Your Company has not given any loans, guarantees, or provided securities or acquired securities
  of any other body corporate exceeding the limits specified in Section 186(2) of the Act. The
  attention of the members is invited to Note Nos. 5 & 6 of your Company's financial statements,
  for the particulars of loans given, guarantees provided and investments made during the year.
- All the contracts, arrangements, and transactions entered into by your Company with the related
  parties during the year were on an arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Your
  Company has not entered into any transactions with related parties requiring approval of the
  Board/shareholders pursuant to Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. A list of all the
  related party transactions forms part of the Financial Statements.
- Your Company is maintaining the cost records as specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. The cost audit is not applicable to your Company as your Company's export revenue exceeds 75% of its total revenue.
- During the year, your Company did not accept any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013. Pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement, the unsecured loans of GVK Davix availed from its shareholders amounting to Rs.49.82 Mn have been transferred to the Company and the Company is in the process of repaying of the said loans.
- During the year, there have been no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts, or tribunals impacting the going concern status and your Company's operations in the future.
- No material changes and commitments have occurred after the closure of the financial year till
  the date of this report, which may affect the financial position of your Company. The attention
  of the Members is invited in this regard to Note No. 43 to the Standalone Financial Statements
  and Note No. 48 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which are self-explanatory.
- No application was made during the year, or no proceedings are pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.
- No one-time settlement was made with any of the Banks or Financial Institutions.



#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

As required under Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act), the Directors state that:

- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) Appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently with judgments and estimates made that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year 2021-22 and of the profit and loss of the company for FY21-22;
- (c) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- (e) Proper systems are devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Date: 3rd August 2022

Your directors express sincere gratitude and thank all the customers, Company's bankers, vendors, various government and other agencies for their support and co-operation. Your Directors also place on record their appreciation of the valued services and dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

Davinder Singh Brar Chairman

DIN: 00068502



#### ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

# Particulars of conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

#### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- Steps taken and impact on the conservation of energy: Your Company could reduce Scope 2
  Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions of 7207 MTCO2e (metric ton of Carbon Dioxide equivalent)
  by the use of solar power for its Nacharam and Mallapur facilities.
- 2. Steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy: Your Company purchased solar power and about 88 lakh units of energy consumption of your Company was generated from solar energy. Your Company installed solar streetlights and replaced CFL bulbs with LED bulbs at all its sites.
- 3. Capital investment in energy conservation equipment: Your Company installed premium efficiency IE-3 motors in place of existing IE-2 motors for its Nacharam and Mallapur facilities. IE-3 motors are considered by default for all the new projects of the Company. Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs) were installed for motors above 7.5 HP at the Nacharam facility that conserved energy. Chilled water lines have been changed in Nacharam resulting in the effective circulation of chilled water that helped the system cut off as per actual settings and saved on power. Various other items were procured such as eco-plug for ACs; usage of dry vacuum pumps in place of water ring vacuum pumps etc.

# CONSUMPTION PER UNIT OF PRODUCTION

Your Company provides contract research and development services to its clients and manufactures APIs and chemical compounds based on customer orders in various forms. It is therefore impractical to apportion the consumption and cost of utilities to each unit of production.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (R&D) AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The primary business of your Company is providing Contract Research and Development & Manufacturing services to its clientele. Internal research and development activities are focused on the development of chemical processes for the synthesis of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and Intermediates for sale in the regulated/non-regulated markets. With the focused R&D efforts, your Company witnessed improvements in the production processes and yields with lower manufacturing costs. Your Company proposes to commercialize new products which are in the development stage.

During the year, your Company spent INR 38.59 Mm on recurring R&D and such expenditure as a percentage of turnover is 0.31%. Your Company did not spend any amount on capital items for R&D.

No technology import has been undertaken during the year, except for the proprietary technology provided by clients for providing them the R&D services.



# EXPORTS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS, AND OUTGO

Majority of your Company's earnings are in foreign exchange as most of the contract research and development services are provided to clients overseas.

		INR Mn
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Earnings ^	11633.04	8934.40
Outgo (including for capital items & dividends)^*	3101.90	1874.30

<sup>^</sup>On accrual basis

<sup>^\*</sup>On an accrual basis, investments by the Company not included



# ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

# The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

A. Employed throughout the year under review and were in receipt of remuneration for the year in aggregate not less than Rs 1,02,00,000/-.

Name	Designation/Nature of Duties	Age (Yrs.)	Remuneration (Rs.)*	Qualification	Tot Exp (Yrs.)	Date of Commencement of Employment	Last Employment
Manmahesh Kantipudi	Chief Executive Officer	54	43,75,56,435	MS	30	09-05-2007	Intel
Sudhir Kumar Singh	Chief Operating Officer	58	9,91,15,463	Ph.D.; PDF	27	01-02-2013	Jubilant Chemsys Ltd
Suresh Anubolu	Chief HR officer	52	4,94,03,610	AMIE, PGDHRM	27	26-04-2012	CA Technologies
Somesh Sharma	Senior Vice President	50	3,50,70,382	Ph.D.	23	18-03-2013	Jubilant Chemsys Ltd
Lakshman Rajagopalan	Senior Vice President	62	2,82,46,563	Ph.D.	27	05-01-2015	Sai Life Sciences
Amit Kumar Rustagi	Vice President	48	2,36,98,295	BE (CS)	27	12-05-2014	Jubilant Biosys Ltd
Sreehari Babu Putchakayala	Vice President	49	2,33,20,798	M. Pharm	24	01-02-2017	Novartis Pharmaceuticals
Krishna S Ethiraj	Vice President	52	2,29,44,488	Ph.D., PDF	21	21-05-2007	CiVentichem,
Ramesh Gambhir	Vice President	56	2,02,05,531	BE (Civil)	32	01-05-2001	USA GVK Industries Ltd
Sachin Anand Dharap	Chief Financial Officer	46	1,80,47,200	CA, CS	25	17-03-2021	Abbott India

<sup>\*</sup>includes perquisite value of ESOPs exercised.

B. Employed for a part of the year under review and was in receipt of remuneration for any part of the year at a rate at which the aggregate was not less than Rs 8,50,000 per month.

Name	Designation/Nature of Duties	Age (Yrs.)	Remuneration (Rs.)	Qualification	Tot Exp (Yrs.)	Date of Commencement of Employment	Last Employment
Alikunju Shanavas	Senior Vice President	54	73,58,753	Ph.D., PDF	21	03-09-2021	Dr. Reddy's Laboratories
E Esakki Ramkumar	Senior Vice President	43	65,33,685	BE Chem	23	27-10-2021	Eisai Pharmaceuticals
Swapnil Wadhwa	Chief Digital Officer	50	17,10,357	BE, MBA (Ops & Sys)	28	07-02-2022	Holcim Services

Notes: None of the employees is a relative of any of the Directors of the Company.

None of the employees hold any shares in the Company.



# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2022

- 1. Brief outline of CSR Policy of the Company: The Company identified the following thrust areas for CSR activities:
  - Promoting "Education and Literacy" to underprivileged children, supporting socially backward people, and helping the differently-abled people.
  - Providing emergency medical care, preventive health care, sanitization, and safe drinking water.
  - Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, and conservation
    of natural resources.
- 2. Composition of the CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year *	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year*
1.	G V Sanjay Reddy	Vice-Chairman	1	1
2.	D S Brar	Chairman	1	1
3.	Rajat Sood	Director	1	1
4	Gerhard Mayr	Director	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Certain resolutions were passed by circulation.

- 3. Provide the web link where the Composition of the CSR committee, CSR Policy, and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company: <a href="https://www.aragen.com/our-responsibility/corporate-social-responsibility/">https://www.aragen.com/our-responsibility/corporate-social-responsibility/</a>.
- 4. Provide the details of the Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report): Not Applicable.
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: NIL.

Sl. No.	Financial Year	The amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in INR)	The amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any (in INR)

- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): (FY19-FY21): INR 135,09,30,000/-
- 7. a. Two percent of the average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): INR 2,70,18,600/
  - b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
  - c. Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL.
  - d. Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): INR 2,70,18,600/-



# 8. a. CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount		Amoun	t Unspent (in IN	IR)		
Spent for the Financial Year. (in INR)		t transferred to Account as per		le VII as per th		
INR 63,89,035	Amount (INR)	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date transfer	of
	2,06,29,565	29&30-Apr-2022		Nil		

# **b.** Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: **NIL.**

1	2	3	. 4	<u> </u>	5	6	7	8	9	10	<u> </u>	11
SI. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No)	Locatio Project	on of the	Project Duration	Amount allocated for the project (in INR)	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in INR).	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in INR).	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode Implem Through Implem Agency	of entation - 1
				State	District						Name	CSR registration number

# c. Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the	Project	Amount spent for the project (in INR).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of imple implementing ag	mentation - Through ency.
				State	District			Name	CSR registration number
1	COVID-19 Vaccination to Industrial Workers in Mallapur Area	Health Care	Yes	Telangana	Medchal- Malkajgiri	10,00,000	Yes		
2	Provision of Oxygen Concentrators for the treatment of COVID-19 Patients	Health Care	Yes	Telangana	NA	16,32,000	Yes		
3	Contribution towards Construction of Building for Blood Bank	Health Care	Yes	Telangana	Medchal- Malkajgiri	5,00,000	Yes		
4	Purchase of Emergency Medical Ambulance with equipment for COVID 19 /other Patients	Health Care	Yes	Telangana	. NA	32,57,035	No	GVK Foundation	CSR00002951
	<u></u>	Tota	ıl	·····		63,89,035			



- d. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
- e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NIL.
- f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): INR 2,70,18,600/-.
- g. Excess amount for set-off, if any: NIL

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in INR)
i	Two percent of the average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	
ii	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	
iii	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	
iv	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programs or activities of the previous financial years, if any	
٧	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	

9. a. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in INR)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in INR).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in INR)
	,,,,,			Name of	Amount (in	Date of	
				the Fund	INR).	transfer	
1	2018-19	0	2,04,00,000	NA	0	NA	3,97,92,589
2	2019-20	0	1,46,17,708	NA	0	NA	4,62,92,229
3	2020-21	0	6,35,33,626	PM Cares	33,40,523	24-Sep-	0
	<u> </u>			Fund		2021	

**b.** Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): **NIL**.

SI. Project Name of the which the project was commenced.  Project No. ID. Name of the project was commenced.  No. ID. Name of the which the project was commenced.  No. ID. Name of the project in the project in the project (in INR).  Name of the project in the project in the project (in INR).  Name of the project in the proj	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		,	the	which the project was		allocated for the project (in	the project in the reporting Financial Year (in	spent at the end of reporting Financial	the project - Completed



10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year: **NOT APPLICABLE.** 

(asset-wise details).

- a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s):
- b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset:
- c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address, etc.
- d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): **NIL**

(Manmahèsh Kantipudi)

Director & CEO

(GV Sanjay Reddy)

Chairman - CSR Committee

Form AOC-1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures (2021-22) (Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part A Subsidiaries (Rs.in Millions)

	1	1		T	7
Extent of sharehold ing (in percentage)	100%	100%	56.82%	100%	
Propos ed Divide nd	ı	•	4		
Profit after taxation	-159.43	9.47	190.70	-0.08	
Provisio n for taxation	25.04	-0.87	61.82	1	
Profi t befor e taxat ion	- 134.3 9	8.60	252.5 2	-0.08	
Turnov er	1,348.83	166.90	671.72	1	
Invest ments			9.03		
Total Liabiliti es	506.49	53.38	222.89	.05	
Total assets	986.55	58.71	760.88	0.07	
Reser ves and surpi us	480.0	-21.08	530.3 9	90:0	
Share capital	0.02	26.41	7.60	0.10	
Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	USD 75.81	EUR 84.66	INR 1.00	INR 1.00	NI de la 11 de la 12
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting	01-Apr- 2021 to 31- Mar-2022	01-Apr- 2021 to 31- Mar-2022	01-Apr- 2021 to 31- Mar-2022	01-Apr- 2021 to 31- Mar-2022	
The date since when subsidiar y was acquired	19th July, 2016	28 <sup>th</sup> June, 2013	13th December 2021	21st December 2021	
Name of the subsidi ary	Aragen Bioscien ce Inc.	Aragen Life Sciences B.V.	Infox Private Limited	Aragen Foundat ion	1 60-101
Z vi ć	1.	2.	3.	4.	Makes Al

Note: All foreign entity financial numbers are converted at closing rate.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

Davinder Singh Brar Chairman DIN: 00068502

Place: Hyderabad Date: 3<sup>rd</sup> August, 2022

Sachin Arand-Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Nice Chairman FIN: 00005282

Manmahesh Kantipudi

K Ramakyshna

Company Secretary M. No.: F3865

# **Company Secretaries**

B-41/A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor, Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38. Ph. No: 9291516984.

E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

# FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial Year 2021-22

To.

The Members, M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Plot No. 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad-500076. Telangana.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) (hereinafter called the "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED (Formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents, and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the year ended 31st March 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- 1. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by "the Company" for the year ended 31st March 2022 according to the provisions of:
  - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder:
  - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
  - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder.
  - (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment, and External Commercial Borrowings;

1 | Page

# **ABR & ASSOCIATES**

# **Company Secretaries**

B-41/A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor, Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38, Ph. No: 9291516984,

E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

M

- (v) The Industry-specific Acts, Labour, and other applicable laws applicable to the Company as provided by the management of the Company in their management representation letter;
- (vi) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 Not Applicable.
  - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
  - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 Not Applicable.
  - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 Not Applicable.
  - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue and listing of non-convertible securities) Regulations, 2021.
  - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
  - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with the client; Not Applicable.
  - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 Not Applicable.
  - i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998- Not Applicable.
- 2. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
  - (i) Secretarial Standards (SS-1 & SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India which were notified and effective from 1<sup>st</sup> July 2015.
  - (ii) Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited with respect to the listing of its non-convertible debentures.
- 3 During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, and Guidelines made thereunder.



# **ABR & ASSOCIATES**

# **Company Secretaries**

B-41/A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor, Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38. Ph. No: 9291516984

E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

4. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board/Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Provisions of the Act relating to the composition of the Board do not apply to the Company being a private limited company.

The majority of decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out as recorded in the minutes of the respective meetings.

- 5. We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.
- 6. We further report that, during the audit period
  - i. The Company allotted 11,55,611 equity shares of face value ₹10 each to the employees on exercise of their vested stock options.
  - ii. In February 2022, the Company issued 2000 listed, rated, secured, redeemable, nonconvertible debentures of the face value of Indian Rupees Ten lakhs each, aggregating up to Indian Rupees Two Hundred crores (NCDs/Securities) in dematerialized form through private placement. The NCDs have a tenor of 3 years with an interest rate of 7.5% p.a., payable annually. The Securities are listed on the stock exchange-BSE Limited.
  - iii. COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT: The Company, GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited, the parent company ("GVK Davix"), Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited, and GVK Davix Research Private Limited (Fellow Subsidiaries) and their respective shareholders have entered into a Composite Scheme of Arrangement under Section 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Scheme") which contemplates amalgamation of the residual GVK Davix (post demerger of its informatics business and only with investment in the Company) into the Company, with 2nd April 2021 as the Appointed Date, and is pending for final orders by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT).
  - iv. ACQUISITION: The Company acquired a majority stake in Intox Private Limited, a Pune-based company engaged in providing Toxicology services. As per the share purchase agreement with the Promoters of Intox, the Company will be acquiring a further stake to hold up to 76% of its equity.



# **PS**

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 17.05.2022

# **ABR & ASSOCIATES**

# **Company Secretaries**

B-41/A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor, Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38, Ph. No: 9291516984.

E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

v. During the year under review, Mr. Sanjiv Dwarkanath Kaul, nominee director from Destiny Investments Limited, resigned from the directorship of the Company. Mr. Adam Richard Dawson and Mr. Rajat Sood, both nominated by the Goldman Sachs Group, and Mr. Ajay Srivastava were appointed as Directors on the Board of Directors of the Company.

vi. The Company has adopted the restated Articles of Association at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 19.05.2021.

M.No. A35521 TO CP No: 13280 # CR No: 13280 # For ABR & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

(A. BHIMESWARA RAO)

Proprietor

M. No. 35521: C.P No.13380. ICSI UDIN: A035521D000337460

**Note:** This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE-A' and forms an integral part of this report

ABR & ASSOCIATES

PS

**Company Secretaries** 

B-41/A, Sai Sikhara, Ground Floor, Madhura Nagar, Hyderabad-38, Ph. No: 9291516984.

E-mail: bhimeshappana@gmail.com.

#### 'ANNEXURE-A'

To,
The Members,
M/s. ARAGEN LIFE SCIENCES PRIVATE LIMITED.
(Formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)
Plot No. 28A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad-500076. TG.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our Audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on a test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules, and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance with the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, and standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For ABR & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

Place: Hyderabad Date: 17.05.2022 A Bhimswarally (A. BHIMESWARA RAO)

Proprietor M. No. 35521: C.P No.13380. ICSI UDIN: A035521D000337460

# **BSR & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Salarpuriya Knowledge City, Orwell, B Wing, 6th Floor, Unit-3, Sy No. 83/1, Plot No. 02, Raidurg, Hyderabad – 500 081 - India

Telephone: Fax: +91 40 7182 2000

+91 40 7182 2399

Revised Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements

This Report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

#### Opinion

We have audited the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) (the "Company"), which comprise the revised standalone balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the revised standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), revised standalone statement of changes in equity and revised standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the revised standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid revised standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its profit and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the revised standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the revised standalone financial statements.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 1 and 42 of the revised standalone financial statements which describes the basis of preparation and scheme of merger respectively. As explained in detail therein, these revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') from the specified retrospective appointed date (1 April 2021/2 April 2021), as approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench, vide order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"). As per the requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", the merger of the Parent Company with the Company has been given effect to as if it had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period (i.e. 1 April 2020) in the revised standalone financial statements.

We issued a separate auditor's report dated 27 May 2022 on these standalone financial statements to the members of the Company. The Scheme, with an appointed date of 1 April 2021/2 April 2021, having been approved subsequently, the Company has now prepared revised standalone financial statements incorporating the impact of the Scheme. In accordance with the provisions of Standard on Auditing 560 (Revised) 'Subsequent Events' issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, our audit procedures, in so far as they relate to the revision to the standalone financial statements, have been carried out solely on this matter and no additional procedures have been carried out for any other events occurring after 27 May 2022 (being the date of our earlier audit report on the earlier standalone financial statements). Our earlier audit report dated 27 May 2022 on the earlier standalone financial statements is superseded by this revised report on the revised standalone financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the revised standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the revised standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

Key Audit Matter (continued)

#### The key audit matter

#### 1) Revenue Recognition

### Also refer to note 19 of the revised standalone financial statements

The Company's revenue is derived from contract research, development and manufacturing activities.

We have identified recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because of the following:

- Revenue is a key performance indicator for the Company. There could be pressure on Management to meet expectations of investors/ other stakeholders and / or to meet revenue targets stipulated in performance incentive schemes for the reporting period.
- Accordingly, there is a risk of fraud related to revenue being overstated by recognition in the wrong accounting period or being recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Evaluated the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies and compliance with applicable accounting standards.
- Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to revenue recognition and testing operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Performed substantive testing on a sample basis
  of revenue transactions recorded during the year
  by checking the underlying documents such as
  sales contracts, shipping documents and
  customer acceptance to test evidence for
  satisfaction of the criteria for recognition of
  revenue during the year.
- Test checked significant manual journals posted to revenue to identify any unusual items and sought explanations from Management.
- Test checked sales transactions near to year-end and post year-end as well as credit notes issued post year-end to determine whether the revenue recognition during the year is appropriate.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Key Audit Matter (continued)

#### The key audit matter

2) Assessment of recoverability of the carrying value of investment in subsidiaries:

# Also refer to note 5 of the revised standalone financial statements

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has investment in subsidiaries amounting to INR 2518.30 million.

These investments are evaluated at the end of each reporting period by Management to determine any indicators of impairment.

Based on factors considered, where such evidence exists, impairment loss is determined by Management and is recognized in accordance with note 2(p) of accounting policies to the revised standalone financial statements.

We identified the assessment of recoverability of the carrying value of investment in subsidiaries as a key audit matter considering the following:

- The significance of the value of these investments in the revised standalone financial statements.
- The inherent complexity in auditing the forward-looking assumptions applied to determine recoverable value given the significant Management judgements involved. The key assumptions in the cash flow models include the forecasted revenue, margins, terminal growth and discount rates.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to Company's assessment of impairment analysis.
   Tested the operating effectiveness of these controls.
- Performed a retrospective comparison of prior period cash flow forecasts to actual performance.
- Challenged the key assumptions used by Management in the impairment assessment, specifically in relation to forecasted revenue, margins, terminal growth rate and discount rates with the assistance of our valuation specialists.
- Performed a sensitivity analysis on the outcome of impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions.
- Evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the revised standalone financial statements, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Key Audit Matter (continued)

#### The key audit matter

#### 3) Valuation of work-in-progress

## Also refer note 8 of the revised standalone financial statements

The carrying value of inventories as at 31 March 2022 is INR 959.39 million. This includes work in progress inventory of INR 451.73 million.

We have identified valuation of work-in-progress as key audit matter because of the following:

Valuation of work-in-progress is performed manually by Management which involves application of significant estimates and judgements.

Refer Note 2(k) in the revised standalone financial statements for details of accounting policies on valuation of work-in-progress.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Evaluated the Company's accounting policy to value work-in-progress and compliance with applicable accounting standards.
- Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to valuation of inventory work in progress and tested operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Verified the Company's process and methodology for apportionment of overheads and the basis of apportionment.
- Tested the accuracy of valuation of work-inprogress by recomputing the cost for selected samples.
- Verified that the Company has valued inventory work in progress at the lower of cost and net realizable value on a sample basis.

#### Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Directors report, but does not include the revised standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the revised standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the revised standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the revised standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the revised Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these revised standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the revised standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the revised standalone financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the revised Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the revised standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a revised auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these revised standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the revised standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the revised Standalone Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of revised standalone financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our revised auditor's report to the related disclosures in the revised standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our earlier auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the revised standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the revised standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the revised standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our revised auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matter

We did not audit the standalone financial statements of the Parent Company (now merged with effect from 01 April 2021 as per the NCLT order dated 30 May 2022 and as mentioned in Emphasis of Matter paragraph above) included in the revised standalone financial statements of the Company whose financial statements reflect total assets of INR 344.43 million as at 31 March 2021 and the total revenue of INR Nil million, total net profit after tax of INR 338.75 million and net cash inflows amounting to INR 199.00 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the revised standalone financial statements. The Parent Company has been audited by the independent auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion in so far as it relates to amounts and disclosures included in respect of the Parent Company, is based solely on the report of such independent auditor, as adjusted for the accounting effects of the Scheme recorded by the Company (in particular, the accounting effects of Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations') and other consequential adjustments, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The revised standalone balance sheet, the revised standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the revised standalone statement of changes in equity and the revised standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid revised standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
  - (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the revised Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2022 on its financial position in its revised standalone financial statements - Refer Note 34 to the revised standalone financial statements.
    - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
    - d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in Note 48 to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
      - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
      - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

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Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the Revised Standalone Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (continued)

- (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 48 to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
  - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- e) As stated in Note 13 to the revised standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- (C) With respect to the matter to be included in the revised Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are applicable only to a public company. Accordingly, the matter to be included in the revised Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm's Registration No. 116231W/W-100024

> Arpan Jain Partner

Membership No.: 125710

UDIN: 22125710AODXHE4554

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022

Report on the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') under sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act

#### This report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 1 in Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the revised Independent Auditors' Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified once in three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the previous year and no material discrepancies had been noticed on such verification. During the year no physical verification has been performed by the management.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leases agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the revised standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company, except for the following which are not held in the name of the Company:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (In INR Million)	Held in the name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held- indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in the name of the company Also indicate if in dispute
Freehold land	47.95	Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation	No	2007	Land allotted pursuant to agreement for sale which is pending
Freehold land	47.64	Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board	No	2008	registration in the name of the Company



Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventory, except goods-in-transit, has been physically verified by the management during the year. For goods-in-transit subsequent evidence of receipts has been linked with inventory records. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year. The Company has made investments in Companies, in respect of which the requisite information is as below. The Company has not made any investments in firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties.
  - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures carried on by us, the Company has not provided any loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures carried on by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
  - (c) The Company has not given any loans or advance in the nature of loans, guarantee or security. Accordingly, clause 3(iii)(c),(d),(e),(f) are not applicable.



Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. In respect of the investments made by the Company, the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) According to explanations given to us, the Central Government of India has prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services rendered by the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of its manufactured goods and services provided by it and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether these are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees' state insurance, Income tax, Goods and Service tax, Duty of customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the Company does not have liability in respect of Duty of excise during the year.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, statutory dues relating to Income-Tax, Central Sales Tax, Duty of Customs, Service Tax or Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute are as follows:

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Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (in INR, Million) **	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
		16.44	AY 2005-06	
		36,91	AY 2006-07	
		85.60	AY 2008-09	
		59.80	AY 2009-10	High Court of Judicature at Hyderabad for
-		126.02	AY 2010-11	the State of Telangana and the State of Andhra Pradesh
		101.81	AY 2011-12	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	132.55	AY 2012-13	
7101, 1501		155.74	AY 2013-14	
		220.32	AY 2014-15	
		218.28 (19.39)*	AY 2015-16	
		29.53 (5.61)*	AY 2016-17	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
		48.56 (10.08)*	AY 2017-18	
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	1.89 (0.14)*	2016-17	Commissioner of Customs and Central Tax (Appeals)
Central Sales tax, 1956	CST	1.45	2016-17	Deputy Commercial Tax Officer
Customs act 1962	Customs	9.27 (7.5)*	2013-14 to 2017-18	Commissioner of Customs (Appeals)

<sup>\*</sup>represents amount paid under protest

As explained to us, the Company did not have any disputed statutory dues on account of Provident fund, Employee State of Insurance and Goods and Service Tax ('GST').



<sup>\*\*</sup> Amounts are as per assessment order

Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans and borrowing or in the payment of interest thereon to banks or financial institutions during the year.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the revised standalone financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidy as defined under Companies Act, 2013. The Company does not have associates or joint ventures.
  - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under Companies Act, 2013). The Company does not have associates or joint ventures.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.



Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) The Company is a private limited company and accordingly the requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the revised standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Group does not have more than one CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.



Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditor's Report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

Also refer to the Other Information paragraph of our main audit report which explains that the other information comprising the information included in Director's report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

- (xx) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred the unspent amount to a Special Account within a period of 30 days from the end of the financial year in compliance with Sec.135(6) of the said Act.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm's Registration No. 116231W/ W-100024

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Arpan Jain

Membership No.: 125710 UDIN: 22125710AODXHE4554

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid revised standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2A(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

This Report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

#### Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the revised standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 1 and 42 of the revised standalone financial statements which describes the basis of preparation and scheme of merger respectively. As explained in detail therein, these revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') from the specified retrospective appointed date (1 April 2021/2 April 2021), as approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench, vide order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"). As per the requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", the merger of the Parent Company with the Company has been given effect to as if it had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period (i.e. 1 April 2020) in the revised standalone financial statements.

We issued a separate auditor's report dated 27 May 2022 on these standalone financial statements to the members of the Company. The Scheme, with an appointed date of 1 April 2021/2 April 2021, having been approved subsequently, the Company has now prepared revised standalone financial statements incorporating the impact of the Scheme. In accordance with the provisions of Standard on Auditing 560 (Revised) 'Subsequent Events' issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, our audit procedures, in so far as they relate to the revision to the standalone financial statements, have been carried out solely on this matter and no additional procedures have been carried out for any other events occurring after 27 May 2022 (being the date of our earlier audit report on the earlier standalone financial statements). Our earlier audit report dated 27 May 2022 on the earlier standalone financial statements is superseded by this revised report on the revised standalone financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters,



Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements.



Place: Hyderabad

Date: 03 August 2022

Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised standalone financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the revised standalone financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to revised standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 116231W/W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner
Membership No.: 125710

UDIN: 22125710AODXHE4554

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022 (refer note 42)

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	A1-b	As at	
	Notes -	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Assets		A	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	8,280.05	5,369.22
Capital work-in-progress	3	281.63	735.11
Other intangible assets	4	22.24	17.55
Right-of-use assets	3 <b>A</b>	376.00	351.66
Financial assets			
- Investments	5	2,520.13	1,164.45
- Loans	6	2.34	0.36
- Other financial assets	7	490.28	65.26
Deferred tax assets (net)	26	-	6.49
Non-current tax assets (net)	26	232.02	197.77
Other non-current assets	11	16.19	37.68
Total non-current assets	8.	12,220.88	7,945.55
Current assets		,	70
Inventories	8	959.39	664.84
Financial assets		2220,	001.01
- Trade receivables	9	2,036.43	1,933.00
- Cash and cash equivalents	10A	2,071.94	659.45
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	10B	1,284.56	1,166.09
- Loans	6	1,23	1,100.09
- Other financial assets	7	153.18	172.63
Other current assets	11	737.44	700.96
Total current assets		7,244.17	5,298.08
Total assets			
	<u> </u>	19,465.05	13,243.63
Equity and liabilities			
Equity	45		
Equity share capital	12	681.38	669.82
Other equity	13	9,748.52	7,633.17
Total Equity		10,429.90	8,302.99
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	14	4,402.28	1,349.17
- Lease liabilities	3A	157.96	156.39
Provisions	15	193.33	165.96
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	26	40.94	
Total non-current liabilities		4,794.51	1,671.52
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
- Borrowings	14	805.79	1,120.37
- Lease liabilities	3A	<b>77.9</b> 4	48.72
- Trade payables	16		
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		128.62	86.16
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		1,126.91	1,026.60
- Other financial liabilities	17	1,394.32	495.57
Provisions	15	23.59	20.09
Current tax liabilities (net)	26	93.88	131.31
Other current liabilities	18	589.59	340.30
Total current liabilities	_	4,240.64	3,269.12
Total liabilities	-	9,035.15	4,940.64
Total equity and liabilities	-	19,465.05	13,243.63
Company background & Significant accounting policies	1 & 2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised standalone financial statements. As per our Report on Revised Standalone Financial Statements of even date attached

for BSR& Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner Membership No. 125710

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh Brar

Chairman DIN: 00068502 G V Sanjay Reddy Vice Chairman DIN: 00005282

K Ramakrishna Company Secretary

M.No.: F3865

Sachin Anand Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 Manmalesh Kantipudi Director o Chief Executive Officer DIN: 052-1166

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 42) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

00	Notes —	For the year	ended
	140162 —	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Revenue from operations	19	12,359.68	9,501.77
Other income	20	173.78	345.75
Total income		12,533.46	9,847.52
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	21	1,990.23	1,326.22
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	22	(253.81)	72.69
Employee benefits expense	23	2,969,39	2,287,44
Finance costs	24	227.57	170.98
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	3,4 & 3A	1,068.13	835.72
Other expenses	25	3,758.40	3,162,31
Total expenses		9,759.91	7,855.36
Profit before tax	· -	2,773.55	1,992.16
Income-tax expense			
(a) Current tax	26	620.79	511.68
(b) Current tax relating to prior years	26	(2.84)	*
(c) Deferred tax expense / (benefit)	26	45.82	4,27
Total tax expense		663.77	515.95
Profit for the year	S	2,109.78	1,476.21
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans		7.40	(0.25)
Income-tax effect on above		(1.78)	0.23)
		(1.70)	0.07
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Effective portion of cashflow hedge		6.39	444.96
Income-tax effect on above		(1.61)	(111.99)
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	· ·	10.40	332.79
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,120.18	1,809.00
Earnings per share (EPS)	2 <del></del>		-,
(a) Basic	27	31.42	22.31
(b) Diluted	27	31.06	22.31
Company background & Significant accounting policies	1 & 2	21.00	21./6

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised standalone financial statements.

As per our Report on Revised Standalone Financial Statements of even date attached for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

for B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

09 Arpan Jain Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 03 August 2022

Membership No. 125710

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Lin

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh Brar

Chairman DIN: 00068502

Chairman N: 00005282

anjay Reddy

K Ramakrishna Company Secretary

M.No.: F3865

Saclin Anand Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

Revised Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 42) Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital

		Mulliber	Amount
	Equity shares of ₹10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
	As at 01 April 2020	6 60 82 463	66000
		201/20/00/0	20,500
	AS at 31 March 2021	6,69.82.452	669.87
	Issued during the year	11 55 611	11.
	A 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	110/00/11	11.30
	ZZOZ INICI SOZ	6,81,38,063	681.38
9	(b) Other equity		

As at 31 March 2021	Issued during the year	As at 31 March 2022

Particulars				Reser	Reserves and Surplus	hus			Other comprehensive income	Total other
	Securities	Treasury shares	Capital reserve	General	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Share based payment reserve	Share based Effective portion of payment cashflow hedge reserve	equity
Balance as at 1 April 2020	185.81	185.81 (145.78)	(415.82)	204.81	6,444.17	a#.	(ath)	106.14	(229.92)	6,149,41
On account of Composite scheme of	,		181.65	6.24	66.28	€0•	3,36	(90).	160	257.53
an ongenient (refer note 42) Balance as at 1 April 2020 (Restated)	185.81	185.81 (145.78)	(234.17)	211.05	6,510.45		3.36	106.14	(229.92)	6,406.94
Profit for the year	3	9	•	•	1,476.21	(0)	r	•0	•	1,476.21
Other comprehensive income	1	ř	×		(0.18)	×	¥	) ¥	332.97	332.79
Dividends	a.		B.#E		(582.77)	<b>(</b> 1)	er	.0	Ē	(582.77)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	185.81	(145.78)	(234.17)	211.05	7,403.71	*	3.36	106.14	103.05	7,633.17
Profit for the year	/§1	٠	(0)	ij	2,109.78	10	iii	i i		2,109.78
Transfer to debenture redemption reserve	9	•		ř	(200.00)	200.00	œ	OF	3	37
Issue of share capital	205.52	9	y	(			SY.	(54.33)	1180	151.19
Other comprehensive income	9	٠	(0)	٠	5.62	((*))	100	D.	4.78	10.40
Movement in treasury shares	•	1.98	х	8	×	0	. 4	9		1.98
Employee stock compensation expenses	ġ.	<b>()</b>	9	ij	i.e	: (*)		69.85	**	69.85
On account of Composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	<u>10</u>	8)	(227.85)	Ř		,				(227.85)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	391.33	(143.80)	(462.02)	211.05	9,319.11	200.00	3.36	121.66	107.83	9,748.52
The second secon										

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised standalone financial statements. As per our Report on Revised Standalone Financial Statements of even date attached

for B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registrartion No: 116231W/ W-100024

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Danie dy

Davinder Singh Brar

DIN: 00068502

Chairman

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Arpan Jain

Partner Membership No. 125710

Sachir Anand Dharap A Down

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary M.No.: F3865 K Ramakrishna

G Sanjay Reddy

Manmahesh Kantipudi Director & Chief Executive Officer

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

# Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 42) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	For the yea	r ended
According Constitution in the contraction of the co	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	2,773.55	1,992.16
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,068.13	835.72
Dividend income	-	(130.81)
Interest income	(60.65)	(90.94)
Liabilities no longer required written back	(30.28)	(51.34)
Income from investments	-	(0.34)
Interest expense	227.57	171.23
Employee stock compensation expense	69.85	-
Unrealized foreign exchange fluctuation gain	(8.77)	(28.31)
Gain on sale of Property, plant & equipment	· -	(4.11)
(Reversal)/provision for doubtful debts, net	(10.82)	17,77
Financial guarantee income	(2.45)	(2.45)
Property, plant and equipment written-off	0.74	2.15
Adjustments for working capital		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(294.55)	56.45
Increase in trade receivables	(105.75)	(324.53)
(Increase)/decrease in loans given	(0.12)	2.57
Increase in other non-current financial assets	(11.33)	(2.85)
Increase in other current assets	(33.79)	(161.62)
Increase in trade payables	173.22	103.89
Increase in other current financial fiabilities	223.68	22.21
Increase in provisions	38.27	27.30
Increase in other current liabilities	254.00	125.70
Cash generated from operations	4,270.50	2,559.85
Income-tax paid	(691,41)	(466.46)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	3,579.09	2,093.39
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment incl. CWIP and Capital advances	(3,299.42)	(1,330.92)
Dividend income received	(=,==,=,	130.81
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	(#)	4.20
Redemption of margin money deposits	3,95	4.20
Investment in)/redemption of fixed deposits, net	(525.94)	(484.65)
oans repaid by related parties	(323.31)	270.12
income from investments	:-:	0.34
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries	(1,074.08)	(258.96)
Investment in)/Redemption of mutual funds, net	(1,074,00)	10.10
Finance and interest income received	76.32	70.25
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,819.17)	(1,588.71)
	(4,013,17)	(1,300./1)



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Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 42) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	For the yea	r ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	162.75	(2)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	3,480,00	
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(311.64)	(137.49)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(79.79)	(54.17)
Payment of dividend	` <b>=</b> _	(582.77)
Repayment from short-term borrowings, net	(419.29)	(154,00)
Interest expense paid	(179,46)	(151.49)
Net cash flow generated/(used) in financing activities	2,652.57	(1,079.92)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,412.49	(575.24)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	659.45	1,233.19
Cash and cash equivalents on account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	€	1.50
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,071.94	659.45
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		0001110
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	765.41	298.96
Fixed deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	1,305.84	360.00
Cash on hand	0.69	0.49
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	2,071.94	659.45

Refer note 14 for net debt reconciliation

for BSR& Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registrartion No: 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jain Partner

Membership No. 125710

Place: Hyderabad

Davinder Singh Br

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

G V Sapjay Reddy

DIN: 00005282

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

Company Secretary No.: F3865

Sachin Anand Dharap

Chief Financial Officer

Manmanesh Kantipudi

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

K Ramakrishna

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 Date: 03 August 2022

#### 1. Company overview

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) ("the Company"), is a Company incorporated in the year 2000 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is primarily engaged in providing contract research and development services to global Pharmaceutical and Biotechnology companies. The Company's headquarter is located at 28 A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad, Telangana 500076, India.

These revised standalone financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 03 August 2022. The earlier standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 were first approved by the Board of Directors on 26 May 2022. The earlier standalone financial statements of the Company are being revised pursuant to an approved Scheme of Arrangement, the details of which are stated in note 42.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The revised financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ("the Rules") (as amended).

#### (b) Basis of preparation of revised financial statements

The revised financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following item:

- Defined benefit liability/(assets): fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation
- Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised value

The accounting policies applied by the Company are consistent with those used in the prior periods.

#### (c) Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period All other assets are classified as non-current.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

#### Current versus non-current classification

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- · it is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.





#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Foreign currencies:

The Company's revised financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the company's functional

The revised financial statements are rounded off to the nearest millions.

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported at year-end rates, Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of foreign currency monetary items or on reporting monetary items of the Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous revised financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

#### (d) Fair value measurement:

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the revised financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

#### (e) Revenue recognition

ERED ACCO

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company recognises revenue in accordance with Ind-AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', The Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

Step 1: Identify the contract (s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligation in contract step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation



#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition.

#### i. Contract research and manufacturing services income

The Company derives revenues primarily from Contract research and manufacturing services income. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services or compounds to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those services or compounds.

Arrangement with customers for Contract research and manufacturing services income are either on a time-and-material basis, fixed price or on a sale of compounds.

In respect of contracts involving research services, in case of 'time and materials' contracts, contract research fee are recognised as services are rendered, in accordance with the terms of the contracts.

Revenues relating to fixed price contracts are recognised based on the percentage of completion method determined based on efforts expended as a proportion to total estimated efforts. The Company monitors estimates of total contract revenue and cost on a routine basis throughout the contract period. The cumulative impact of any change in estimates of the contract revenue or costs is reflected in the period in which the changes become known. In the event that a loss is anticipated on a particular contract, provision is made for the estimated loss.

In respect of contracts involving sale of compounds arising out of contract research, revenue is recognised when a promise in a customer contract (performance obligation) has been satisfied by transferring control over the promised goods to the customer. Control over a promised good refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, those goods. Control is usually transferred upon shipment, delivery to, upon receipt of goods by the customer, in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed with the customers. The amount of revenue to be recognised (transaction price) is based on the consideration expected to be received in exchange for goods, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales tax or other taxes directly linked to sales. If a contract contains more than one performance obligation, the transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. Revenue from product sales are recorded net of allowances for estimated rebates, cash discounts and estimates of product returns, all of which are established at the time of sale.

The consideration received by the Company in exchange for its goods may be fixed or variable. Variable consideration is only recognised when it is considered highly probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the underlying uncertainty related to variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

The Company collects GST as applicable, on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

#### ii) Sale of Products

Revenue from sale of products is recognized at the point-in time when the goods are delivered to the customer.

#### iii) Dividends

ERED ACCO

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

#### iv) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss

#### Use of Significant Judgements in revenue recognition:

The Company's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. The Company assesses the products/services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives.

The Company uses judgement to determine an appropriate standalone selling price for a performance obligation. The company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct product or service promised in the contract. Where standalone selling price is not observable, the company uses, the expected cost plus margin approach to allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

#### (f) Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### (g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and specific grant/subsidies, if any. Cost comprise of purchase price, freight, non-refundable taxes and duties, specified foreign exchange gains or losses and any other cost attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalised. Indirect expenditure is capitalised to the extent those relate to the construction activity or is incidental thereto. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

The Company adopted cost model as its accounting policy, in recognition of the property, plant and equipment and recognises transaction value as the cost.

Direct expenditure incurred and other attributable costs on projects under implementation are treated as unallocated capital expenditure pending allocation to the assets and under construction or in the process of installation are termed as Capital work-in-progress and shown at cost in the Balance Sheet.

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of a fixed asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

#### Borrowing costs

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Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets that are attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue as incurred ances

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as estimated by the management. Management has assessed the useful life of its fixed assets on the basis of technical expert advice and past experience in the industry. The details of useful lives as assessed by the management and as prescribed in the Schedule II of The Companies Act, 2013 is as follows.

Particulars	Management estimate (No. of years)	Schedule II (No. of years)
Buildings (Including Roads)	10- 30 Years	10- 30 Years
Laboratory equipment	7 Years	10 Years
Plant and machinery	20 Years	20 Years
Computer and related equipment	3 - 4 Years	3 - 6 Years
Office equipment	5 - 10 Years	5 - 10 Years
Furniture and fixtures	10 Years	10 Years
Vehicles	8 Years	8 Years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated on straight-line method over the balance lease period or the useful lives as determined by management, whichever is lower.

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

#### (h) Intangible assets

Software licenses including computer software

Intangible assets in the nature of software licenses are measured on initial recognition at cost including expenditure incurred towards implementation of such software. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The Company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed more than four years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life.

#### (I) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company has this right when it has the decisionmaking rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where
  the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Company has the right to direct
  the use of the asset if either:
  - the Company has the right to operate the asset; or
  - the Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

This policy is applied to contracts entered into, or changed, on or after 1 April 2019.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate non-lease components and the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### As a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- · fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in
  an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for
  early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets:

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

#### (j) Inventories

Raw material in the nature of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are carried at cost. Cost includes purchase price, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the Company from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the Material cost, Actual cost is used in-case of raw materials for manufacturing activities and moving average cost method is used in all other cases. The carrying cost of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are appropriately written down when there is a decline in replacement cost of such materials and final services in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold below cost.

Cost of work-in-progress includes cost of material consumed, labor and manufacturing overheads.

Finished goods are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.

#### (k) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital. After impairment, depreciation/amortization is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the asset are no longer existing or based assets.

Hyderabad in the limit of the asset are no longer existing or based assets.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (I) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the revised financial statements but disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Company from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the company recongises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract

#### (m) Retirement and other employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme is considered as a defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered Provident Fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

#### Gratuity

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The contributions made to the fund are recognised as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognised in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognised in the other comprehensive income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service of the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Other long term employee benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets, if any out of which the obligations are expected to be settled. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur

#### (n) Share based payments

The Company measures compensation cost relating to share-based payments using the fair valuation method in accordance with Ind AS 102 (Share Based Payment). Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model (Black-Scholes valuation model). That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

#### (o) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- · Debt instruments
- · Equity instruments

#### **Debt instruments**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met: a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer to Note 9.

#### **Equity instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTBL For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. The Company has more investment in equity instruments of its subsidiaries, the same has been accounted for at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

**Derecognition:** A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- · The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The Company designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

At inception of designated hedging relationships, the Company documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Company also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

#### Cash flow hedges

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in other equity under 'effective portion of cash flow hedges'. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is recognized in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains there until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the debt instruments, that are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables, and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. On that basis, the Company estimates full provision for all the amounts which the management estimates that they are not recoverable.

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ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ Statement of Profit and Loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the Sta and Loss

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

#### Loans and borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some of all the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. The fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to borrowings. For more information, refer Note 14.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

As guarantees in relation to loans and other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Reclassification of financial assets

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The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an afterior, that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

#### Treasury shares:

The company has created a GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust ("Trust") for providing share-based payment to its employees. The company uses the Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The Trust buys shares of the company from the employees, for future grants to employees in pursuant to the Employee Stock Option Scheme. The company treats the Trust as its extension and shares held by the Trust are treated as treasury shares. Those equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity of the Company. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognized in reserve. Share options exercised during the reporting period are satisfied with treasury shares.

#### Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### Cash dividend and non-cash distribution to equity holders of the parent

The Company recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Investments**

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as non-current investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on individual investment basis.

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost (net of impairment, if any) annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

#### (p) Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

#### (q) Cash flow statement

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Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. Associates



#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (r) Standards issued but not effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

#### Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its revised financial statements.

#### Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification, and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.

#### Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.

#### Ind AS 106 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.

#### Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.





# 3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress

	(refer	Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	and related equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Gross block										
As at 31 March 2020	151.22	1,598.21	1,222.60	3,563.07	346.57	2.38	679.24	130.73	21.54	7,715.56
Additions during the year		23.43	83.84	753.10	33.54	1.91	48.45	28.34	2,52	975.13
Adjustments/Disposals	·	*	(0.31)	(83.28)	(0.86)	ik.	(6.35)	(6.59)	•	(97.39)
As at 31 March 2021	151,22	1,621.64	1,306.13	4,232.89	379.25	4,29	721.34	152,48	24.06	8,593.30
Additions during the year	6	882,60	150.70	2,082.61	205.98	2.10	491.07	91.59	Ť	3,906.65
Adjustments/Disposals	w	8	(6.90)	(0.48)	(0.69)		(0.33)	0	ē	(8.40)
As at 31 March 2022	151.22	2,504.24	1,449.93	6,315.02	584.54	6.39	1,212.08	244.07	24.06	12,491.55
Accumulated depreciation										
As at 31 March 2020	74	226.72	226.13	1,553.98	134.38	1.37	295.86	90.73	12.35	2,541.52
Charge for the year	¥	59,91	69.81	502.75	32.17	0.28	86.60	23.48		777.80
Adjustments or disposals	w	Ť	(0.15)	(81.84)	(0.82)	ű.	(5.89)	(6.54)		(95.24)
As at 31 March 2021	·	286.63	295.79	1,974.89	165.73	1.65	376.57	107.67	15.15	3,224.08
Charge for the year	(*)	77.11	75.72	644.40	46.49	0.64	106,47	37.61		991.25
Adjustments or disposals	æ		(3.60)	(0.15)	(0.05)		(0.03)	٠		(3.83)
As at 31 March 2022	ì	363.74	367.91	2,619.14	212,17	2,29	483.01	145.28	17.96	4,211.50
Net block as at 31 March 2022	151.22	2,140.50	1,082,02	3,695.88	372.37	4.10	729.07	98.79	6.10	8,280.05
31 March 2021	151.22	1,335.01	1,010.34	2,258.00	213.52	2.64	344.77	44,81	8.91	5,369.22
Note (i):										

Nute (1):

Indudes Land amounting to ₹ 47.95 (31 March 2021: ₹ 92.47) allotted to the Company pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure

Corporation Limited (formerly Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited), which is pending registration as at 31 March 2022.

Further includes Land amounting to ₹ 47.64 (31 March 2021: ₹ 47.64) allotted to the Company pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Karnataka Industrial Area Developement Board, which is pending registration as at 31 March 2022.

Refer note 14 for the details of assets pledged against borrowings.





# 3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress

Title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Company

Particulars	31 March 2022 31 March 2021
Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Property, Plant and Equipment
Description of them of averaged	Land
to carredo a property	95,59
GLOSS CHILD SECTION	Don't Note (i) about
Title deeds held in the name of	Refer Note (1) above
Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	NO
Reason for not being held in the name of the Company	Refer Note (i) above

# Capital work-in-progress:

Adenial to regular work in produces as at march est, book is as issuented	0 00 00 march 02/ 2022 13	Amount in CWIP for a period of	for a period of		
	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	233.63	4.37	3.77	39,86	281.63
Projects temporarily suspended	¥		O.		•
Total	233.63	4.37	3.77	39.86	281.63
		s follows:		T	
		Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2021 is as follows:  Amount in CWIP for a period of	for a period of	-4	
	Less than 1 year	N 1	for a period of 2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	Less than 1 year 455.29	1 61 1	for a period of 2-3 years 73.63	More than 3 years	Total 735.11
Projects in progress Projects temporarily suspended	Less than 1 year 455.29	1 61 1	for a period of  2-3 years  73.63	More than 3 years 27.92	<b>Total</b> 735.11

Project execution plans are modulated basis capacity requirement assessment on an annual basis and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual plan.

# Details of expenditure capitalised during the year

NTS & STE	Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Capitalized during the year Balance at the end of the year	
	3.84	31 March 2022
Life Se	3.84 3.84	22 31 March 2021





# 3A Right-of-use assets ("ROU Assets")

Following are the changes in the carrying values of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2022

	•	Category of I	ROU Assets		
	Land	Buildings	Laboratory equipment	Vehicles	Total
As at 31 March 2020	203.41	90.86	≅	10.69	304.96
Additions during the year	-	11.89	101.21	5.47	118.57
As at 31 March 2021	203.41	102.75	101.21	16.16	423.53
Additions during the year	520	79.83	121	26.77	106.60
Less: Adjustments/Disposals	200	(43.84)		(10.45)	(54.29)
As at 31 March 2022	203.41	138.74	101.21	32.48	475.84
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2020	3.06	17.22	2.00	5.51	25.79
Depreciation	3.22	25.82	13.70	3,34	46.08
As at 31 March 2021	6.28	43.04	13.70	8.85	71.87
Depreciation	3.22	36.48	20.58	6.57	66.85
Less: Adjustments/Disposals		(28.43)	(é)	(10,45)	(38.88)
As at 31 March 2022	9.50	51.09	34,28	4.97	99,84
Balance as at 31 March 2022	193.91	87.65	66.93	27.51	376.00
Balance as at 31 March 2021	197,13	59,71	87.51	7.31	351.66

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2022

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Bajance at the beginning of the year	205.11	124.06
Additions	106.60	118,57
Deletions from Lease liability	(16.36)	
Finance cost accrued during the year	20.34	16,65
Payment of lease liabilities	(79.79)	(54.17)
Balance at the end of the year	235.90	205.11

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at 31 March 2022

		As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current lease liabilities	77.94	48.72
Non-current lease liabilities	157.96	156.39
Total	235.90	205,11

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

		As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Less than one year	95.27	65,16
One to five years	142,24	148.08
More than five years	319.73	324,25
Total	557,24	537,49

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due,

Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

For the year ended	
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
20.34	16.65
4.54	4.19
24.88	20.84
	31 March 2022 20,34 4,54





	Computer Software	Total
Gross block		
As at 31 March 2020	42.24	42.24
Additions during the year	11.37	11.37
As at 31 March 2021	53.61	53.61
Additions during the year	14.72	14.72
As at 31 March 2022	68.33	68.33
As at 31 March 2020 Charge for the year As at 31 March 2021 Charge for the year	24.22 11.84 36.06 10.03	24.22 11.84 36.06 10.03
As at 31 March 2022	46.09	46.09
Net block		
As at 31 March 2022	22,24	22.24
As at 31 March 2021	17.55	17.55

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5	Investments

		at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Unquoted		
Investments designated at fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)		
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries	22.24	33.34
391,141 (31 March 2021: 391,141) equity shares of €1 each fully paid-up of Aragen Life Sciences B.V., (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.,) Netherlands	33,34	33.34
ess: Provision for (mpairment in value of investment	(33,34)	(33,34)
796,000 (31 March 2021: 796,000) Series A common stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience Inc., United States of America. (refer note a)	325,08	322.63
176,056 (31 March 2021: 176,056) Series B common stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Bioscience Inc., United States of America.	258.36	258,36
431,864 (31 March 2021: Nil) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Intox Private Limited	1,580.98	
10,000 (31 March 2021: Nil) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Aragen Foundation	0,10	-
VII (31 March 2021: 668,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (refer note 42)	÷	227.25
Nil (31 March 2021: 9,999) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up of GVK Davix Research Private Limited (refer note 42)		0,60
Investments in preference shares of subsidiaries		
725,000 (31 March 2021: 725,000) Series A preferred stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Arager Bioscience Inc., United States of America.	1 282.59	282,59
169,000 (31 March 2021: 169,000) Series B preferred stock of \$0.0001 each, fully paid-up of Arager Bioscience, Inc., United States of America.	71.19	71.19
Investments designated at Fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)		
Investments in equity instruments of other entities 1,310 (31 March 2021: 1,310) equity shares of ₹1,000 each fully paid-up of Mana Effluent Treatmen Private Limited, India	t 1,31	1.31
51,430 (31 March 2021: 51,430) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Pattancheru Envirotech Limited (held in the name of Dai-Ichi Karkaria Ltd., pending transfer), India.	0.51	0.51
Investments in government securities carried at FVTPL		
National savings certificate	0.01	0.01
	2,520.13	1.164.45
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof;		
-Aggregate amount of unquited investments; and	2,553.47	1,197.79
-Aggregate amount of provision for impairment in value of investments	33,34	33,34

Note:
a. Includes an amount of ₹16.80 (31 March 2021: ₹14.35) in Aragen Bioscience, Inc., which is recognised as investment towards financial guarantee provided by the Company for no consideration as at 31 March 2022.

b. Information about the company's exposure to credit risk, market risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 28.

c. Reconciliation of provision for impairment in value of investment:

Particulars	Amount
Provision for Impairment as on 01 April 2020	33.34
Changes in impairment	
Provision for Impairment as on 31 March 2021	33.34
Changes in impairment	*
Provision for Impairment as on 31 March 2022	33.34





Loans	As at	
	31 March 2022 31 M	1arch 2021
Non-current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Loans to related parties (refer note i) (refer note 36(c))		
Employee welfare trust (refer note ii)	2.34	0,36
	2.34	0.36
Current		
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)		
Loans to related parties-subsidiarles	30.69	30.69
Less: Provision for loss allowance	(30.69)	(30.69)
Other loans		
-Loan to employees (unsecured, considered good)	1.23	1.11
n to employees (unsecured, cansidered good)	1.23	1.11
	31 March 2022 31 M	1arch 2021
Loans considered good - secured	•	*
Loans considered good - unsecured	3.57	1,47
Loans which have significant increase in credit risk	8 1	-
Loans - credit impaired	30.69	30,69
Total	34,26	32,16
Provision for doubtful loans	(30,69)	(30.69)
Total Loans	3,57	1.47

- (i) Loans are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Company. The carrying value may be effected by changes in the credit risk of the counter parties.
- (ii) Represents amount of ₹2.34 (31 March 2021: ₹0.36) given to employee welfare trust of the Company's past and present employees pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Employee stock option scheme at an interest rate of Nil (31 March 2021: Nil) per annum.

(iii) Reconciliation of loss allowar	nce
--------------------------------------	-----

Particulars	Amount
Provision for loss allowance as on 01 April 2020	30,69
Changes in loss allowance	
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2021	30.69
Changes in loss allowance	
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2022	30.69

	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2021		
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan	% to the total Loans	Amount of loan	% to the total Loans
Promoter	*	(*)	(*)	*
Directors	≘	21	120	
KMPs	π.	150		2
Related Parties	33.03	96%	31.05	97%

# 7 Other financial assets

			(3) (B) L
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current			
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Security deposits	15	73.30	61.97
Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date		406.22	2.70
Interest accrued on fixed deposits		10.76	0,59
		490.28	65,26
Current			
Interest Accrued			
-On fixed deposits		9.08	34.92
Derivative Instruments: (refer note (ii) below)			
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging		144.10	137.71
		153,18	172,63
Total other financial assets		643.46	237.89
nformation about the company's exposure to credit rick, foreign surrency rick, interes	t rata rials	and fair value measur	omont is included

(i) Information about the company's exposure to credit risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and fair value measurement is included in note 28 and note 30.





# 7 Other financial assets (continued)

# (li) Derivative instruments:

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total derivative instruments at fair value through profit and loss	(6.73)	(13,21)
Total derivative instruments at fair value through OCI	144.10	137.71

The Company is exposed to exchange rate risk which arises from its foreign exchange revenues and expenses, primarily in U.S. dollars, British pound sterling, and Euros, and foreign currency debt in U.S. dollars. The Company uses forward contracts and swap contracts (derivatives) to mitigate its risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

In respect of the aforesaid foreign exchange derivative contracts, the Company has recorded, as part of foreign exchange gains and losses, a net gain of ₹ 6.39 and ₹ 444.96 for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 respectively.

Hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions

Foreign exchange forward contracts that are designated as cash flow hedges and qualify for hedge accounting are fair valued at each reporting date and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income under 'Cash flow hedge' in Equity to the extent considered highly effective and are reclassified into the statement of profit & loss upon occurrence of the hedged transactions. Gain or loss on derivative instruments that are either not designated as cash flow hedges or designated as cash flow hedges to the extent considered ineffective is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of the aforesaid hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions, the Company has recorded, in reserves and surplus, a net gain of  $\sqrt{3}$  4.78 and  $\sqrt{3}$  332.97 for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company has also recorded, as part of revenue, a net gain/(loss) of  $\sqrt{3}$ 235.19 and  $\sqrt{3}$ 37.33 during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 respectively.

The net carrying amount of the Company's "hedging reserve" was a gain/(loss) of ₹107.83 as at 31 March 2022, as compared to 103.05 as at 31 March 2021.

The table below summarises the periods when the forecasted cash flows associated with hedging instruments that are classified as cash flow hedges, are expected to occur:

Particulars	ρ	ls at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cash flows in U.S. Dollars (figures in equivalent rupee millions)		
Not later than one month	23.43	28.45
Later than one month and not later than three months	18.07	39.91
Later than three months and not later than six months	23.26	37.58
Later than six months and not later than one year	67.70	31.77
Later than one year	11.64	
Total	144,10	137,71

# 8 Inventories

zirreinones	A	s at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	346.79	309.06
Work-in-progress	451,73	258.49
Finished goods	81,97	8.23
Stores and spares	78.90	89.12
	959.39	664.84
The above includes stock in transit:		
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	4.27	
Finished goods	43.01	4.39
Stores and spares	80.0	-
,	47.36	4.39

# Note:

The write down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ 58.30 (31 March 2021: ₹ 123.55). The write down are included in cost of materials consumed and changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods.





# 9 Trade receivables

nsecured considered good related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties nsecured considered doubtful related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties ss: Allowance for expected credit loss otal trade receivables ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired otal	As at		
related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  assecured considered doubtful related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  ass: Allowance for expected credit loss atal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired	31 March 2022 31	March 2021	
other parties  Insecured considered doubtful related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  Insecured considered good - secured ande receivables considered good - unsecured ande receivables which have significant credit risk ande receivables - credit impaired			
nsecured considered doubtful related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  ss: Allowance for expected credit loss stal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired	22.45	44.33	
related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  ss: Allowance for expected credit loss stal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired	2,013.98	1,888.67	
related parties (refer note 36(c)) other parties  ss: Allowance for expected credit loss stal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired	2,036.43	1,933.00	
other parties  ss: Allowance for expected credit loss  stal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured  ade receivables considered good - unsecured  ade receivables which have significant credit risk  ade receivables - credit impaired			
ss: Allowance for expected credit loss  stal trade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured  ade receivables considered good - unsecured  ade receivables which have significant credit risk  ade receivables - credit impaired	14.48	14,08	
ade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured  ade receivables considered good - unsecured  ade receivables which have significant credit risk  ade receivables - credit impaired	68.13 ´	337,33	
ade receivables  ade receivables considered good - secured  ade receivables considered good - unsecured  ade receivables which have significant credit risk  ade receivables - credit impaired	82.61	351.41	
ade receivables considered good - secured ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impaired	(82,61)	(351.41)	
ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impalred	2,036.43	1,933.00	
ade receivables considered good - unsecured ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impalred	31 March 2022 31	1 March 2021	
ade receivables which have significant credit risk ade receivables - credit impalred	¥		
ade receivables - credit impaired	2,036.43	1,933.00	
•	12.06	25.67	
otal	70.55	325.74	
	2,119.04	2,284,41	
ovision for loss allowance	(82.61)	(351,41)	
otal trade receivables	2,036.43	1,933.00	

- (i) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables from related parties represent dues from private companies in which a director is director or a member.
- (ii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.

(iii) Reconciliation of loss allowance:

Particulars	Amount
Provision for loss allowance as on 01 April 2020	333.64
Provision for expected credit losses during the year	= 17.77
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2021	351.41
Adjustment against bad debts written-off	(257,98)
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	(10,82)
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2022	82.61

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2022:

	Out	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	1,436.06	531.23		×	:*	*	1,967.29
(li) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	•	(*)	2,00	2,56	7.50	-	12.06
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		14.76	(19.1	5	· ·	19,37	34,13
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good		<b>3</b>	(2)	•	25.1		=
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	•	(₹)	9.50		-		
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	×	150	15	5	13.90	22.52	36,42
Unbilled Receivables		-			•	- 3	69.14
Impairment allowance (allowance for doubtful debts)		3					(82.61)
Total	1,436.06	545. <del>9</del> 9	2.00	2.56	21.40	41.89	2,036.43





Trade Receivables	ageing schedule as	at 31 March 2021:
-------------------	--------------------	-------------------

	Out	standing for	following p	eriods from o	due date of pa	yment	
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,467.43	425.98	1,16	-	-	•	1,894.57
(II) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	13.11	12,56	•	25.67
(iil) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	1.76	-	-	256.82	258.58
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<ul><li>(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk</li></ul>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	31.84	13,48	21.44	0.40	67,16
Unbilled Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,43
Impairment allowance (allowance for doubtful debts)	:=:	*	26	28	15:		(351,41)
Total	1,467.43	425.98	34.76	26.59	34.00	257.22	1,933.00

# 10 Cash and bank balances

	As a	t
	31 March 2022 31	March 2021
A Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
-In current accounts	765.41	298.96
-Fixed deposits (Maturity period less than 3 months)	1,305.84	360,00
Cash on hand	0.69	0.49
	2,071.94	659.45
B Bank balances other than (A) above		
Deposits with remaining maturity for less than 12 months	1,277.86	1,155.44
Margin money deposits with banks (refer note a)	6.70	10.65
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,284.56	1,166.09

As at 31 March 2022, the Company had ₹6,70 (31 March 2021 : ₹10.65) margin money deposits which are subject to first charge to secure the Company's letter of credit and bank guarantee arrangements.

# 11 Other assets

		As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Unsecured, considered good		
Non-current		
Capital advances	12.71	31.51
Prepaid expenses	3.48	5.17
	16.19	37.68
Current		
Advance for expenses	61.34	45.55
Balances with government authorities*	598.55	590.57
Prepaid expenses	77.55	64,84
	737.44	700.96

<sup>\*</sup>includes deposits paid under protest of ₹ 2.50 (31 March 2021: ₹ 2.50)

No other assets are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables from related parties represent dues from private companies in which a director is director or a member.





12	Equity	share	capital

	31 March 2022		31 March 2	2021
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorized (Equity shares of ₹10 each)				
Balance at the beginning of the year	11,50,00,000	1,150.00	11,50,00,000	1,150.00
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	2,70,00,000	270,00	1.60	(€)
Balance at the end of the year	14,20,00,000	1,420.00	11,50,00,000	1,150.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82
•	6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82

(a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year

	31 March 20	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
Balance at the beginning of the year	6,69,82,452	669,82	6,69,82,452	669.82	
Issued during the year	11,55,611	11.56		9	
Balance at the end of the year	6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82	

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31 March	2022	31 March	2021
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid				
Gunupati Apama Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy	2,20,56,824	32,37%	1,05,22,420	15.71%
Investment Trust)				
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	1,63,93,860	24,06%	1,05,22,420	15.71%
WSCPVIII (Singapore) Pte, Ltd.	1,11,41,008	16.35%	*	
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	64,10,232	9.41%	*	F.
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	51,59,708	7.57%	×	-
WSCPVIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	46,99,518	6.90%		*:
Destiny Investments Limited	(*)		1,12,35,160	16.77%
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited (refer note 42)	:• :		3,39,00,000	50.61%

The Shareholding pattern of the Company changed pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement during the year ended 31 March 2022. Refer note 42.

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(d) Shareholding of promoters/promoters group

	As at 31 Mai	rch 2022	As at 31 March	2021	
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total 4 shares	% Change during the year
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	1,63,93,860	24.06%	1,05,22,420	15.71%	8.35%
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a	2,20,56,824	32,37%	1,05,22,420	15.71%	16.66%
Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)					
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Family Trust)	9,08,379	1.33%	5 <b>%</b>	0.00%	1.33%
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	64,10,232	9.41%		0.00%	9,41%
Mr. Anandbir Singh Brar	1,61,111	0.24%	-	0.00%	0.24%
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited (refer note 42)	5		3,39,00,000	50.61%	-50,61%





# 12 Equity Share capital (continued)

# (e) Shares reserved for issue under employee stock option scheme (ESOP)

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 21 April 2006, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2007' with a pool of 450,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each. The options so granted are subject to progressive vesting over a period of four years from the date of grant on an annual basis in the proportion of 20%, 20%, 30% and 30%, respectively, and can be exercised within a period of 5 years from the date of vesting in the event of Company being listed or the same can be exercised within 5 years from the date of listing or such other early period and such number as determined by Board of Directors of the Company from time to time. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 16 March 2017, agreed to issue 3 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Company during their meeting held on the 24 May 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2017' with a pool of 2,000,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the company or transfer through the trust. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year are 20%, 25%, 25% and 30%.

The Company has accounted for employee deferred compensation expense using fair value method for options granted at a price lower than the market values,

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2022 were as follows:

	31	March 202	2	31 March 2021			
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	Number of aptions	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price ₹	
Outstanding at beginning of the year	21,95,485	193.56	10 to 702	23,21,235	169,70	10 to 396	
Granted during the year	1,37,720	429.55	702.00	1,30,000	702.00	702,00	
Forfeited during the year	150	235.40	235.40	2,55,750	235.40	235.40	
Exercised during the year	11,55,611	94,34	10 to 396	-	-	-	
Outstanding at end of the year	11,77,444	318,53	10 to 702	21,95,485	193.56	10 to 702	
Exercisable at the end of the year	8,33,826	155,77	10 to 702	16,88,427	128.08	10 to 396	

Options outstanding at 31 March 2022 had an exercise price in the range of ₹10 to ₹702 (31 March 2021: ₹10 to ₹702), and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.58 years (31 March 2021: 0.38 years).

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions:

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Risk free interest rate	5,46%	6,48%	
Remaining contractual life	0.58	0.38	
Expected life of share options (years)	0-4 years	0-4 years	
Expected volatility (%)	19.94%	24.06%	
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00%	0.00%	

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

- (f) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: Nil), the company has not bought back any shares
- (g) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: Nil) no shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash.





13 Other equity

Other equity	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Securities premium		
Balance at the beginning of the year	185.81	185.81
Add: Received on exercise of ESOPs	205.52	
Balance at the end of the year	391.33	185.81
Freasury shares		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(145.78)	(145.78)
Add: Shares disposed during the year	1.98	
Balance at the end of the year	(143.80)	(145.78)
Capital reserve	4	
Balance at the beginning of the year	(234.17)	(415,82)
Add: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	(227.85)	181.65
Balance at the end of the year	(462.02)	(234.17)
General reserve		
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	211.05	204.61
Add: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	·	6.24
Balance at the end of the year	211.05	211.05
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,403.71	6,444.17
Add: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)		66.28
Add: Net profit for the year	2,109.78	1,476.21
Add: Other comprehensive income net of tax	5.62	(0.18)
Less: Trasfer to Debenture redemption reserve	(200.00)	(9)
Less: Dividends paid		(582.77)
Balance at the end of the year	9,319.11	7,403.71
Effective portion of cash flow hedge		
Balance at the beginning of the year	103.05	(229.92)
Add: Other comprehensive income net of tax	4.78	332.97
Balance at the end of the year	107,83	103,05
Share based payment reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	106.14	106,14
Add: Gross compensation for stock options granted during the year	69.85	
Less; Transfer to share premium on account of exercise of options	(54.33)	-
Balance at the end of the year	121.66	106.14
Capital redemption reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,36	•
Add: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)		3.36
Balance at the end of the year	3,36	3.36
Debenture redemption reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year		16) 263
Add: Appropriations during the year	200.00	
Balance at the end of the year	200.00	•
Total other equity	9.748.52	7,633.17

# Nature and purpose of reserves

# Securities premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies act 2013.

Represents equity shares of the Company held by the controlled trusts.

# Capital reserve

Represents reserve created on merger of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) and Inogent Laboratories Private Limited and on merger of GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited.

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

# Share based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share based payments provided to employees, including key management personnel, as part of their remuneration. The amounts recorded in this account are transferred to share premium upon exercise of stock options by employees. In case of lapse of options, the balance is transferred to general reserve.

# Effective portion of cash flow hedge

This reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of change in fair value of derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges. It will be reclassified to Profit and Loss account in accordance with the company's accounting policy.

# Capital redemption reserve

Represents the nominal value of shares bought back by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited.

# Debenture redemption reserve ("DRR")

The Company has issued redeemable non-convertible debentures, Accordingly, the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended), require the company to create DRR out of profits of the company available for payment of dividend. DRR is required to be created for an amount which is equal to 10% of the value of debentures issued.





13 Other equity (Continued)

(a)	Distribution	made and	proposed

	As at	
<del>-</del>	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interim Dividend on equity shares declared and paid:		
Interim dividend declared and paid to the shareholders of the Company	*	480.0
Interim dividend declared and paid to the shareholders of the GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited	×	102.7
Total		582.77
Proposed dividends on equity shares#:		
Proposed final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022: ₹ 8.64 per share (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil per share)	588.71	8
	588.71	5

# Proposed dividends on equity shares are subject to approval at the annual general meeting and are not recognised as a liability as at 31 March.

(h)	Treasury	Shares
(0)	i i casui y	2416162

No. of shares	Amount
(8,02,452)	(145.78)
(8,02,452)	(145.78)
3,000	1,98
(7,99,452)	(143.60)
	(8,02,452) - (8,02,452) 3,000

# 14 Borrowings

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current borrowings		
Secured term loans from Banks		
- Foreign currency (refer note (i))	1,286.22	430.84
- Indian rupee (refer note (i))	1,575.00	1,250.00
7,75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures	1,980.84	(*)
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	(439,78)	(331.67)
	4,402.28	1,349.17
Current borrowings		
Secured loans from banks		
Foreign currency packing credit and buyers credit (refer Note (li))	333.66	779.05
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	439.78	331.67
Unsecured loans from related parties (refer note (vi))	32.35	9.65
	805.79	1,120.37
Total Borrowings	5,208.07	2,469.54

# Note (i)

# a) Details of security of long term borrowings:

The above facilities are duly secured by:

# Foreign currency term loans

- (i) ECB Loan from CITI Bank of ₹282.70 (31 March 2021: ₹430.84) has exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam.
- (ii) Term loans of ₹ 502,65 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant & eguipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x. The Company has entered into a currency swap agreement in USD and hence designated the loan as foreign currency term loan.
- (iii) Term loans of ₹ 500.86 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) from Citi Bank are secured by a exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam. The Company has entered into a currency swap agreement in USD and hence designated the loan as foreign currency term loan.

# Indian rupee term loans

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- (I) Term loans of ₹400,00 (31 March 2021: ₹500,00) from Federal Bank Limited are secured by first charge on Property plant & equipment
- excluding immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.
  (Ii) Term loans of ₹675.00 (31 March 2021: ₹ 750.00) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Nacharam facility with minimum asset cover of 1,25x.
- (iii) Term loans of ₹500.00 (31 March 2021: ₹ NII) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.

7.75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures
7.75% Non-convertible debentures of ₹1,980.84 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) are issued on private placement by the Company during the year. Such debentures are secured by first charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP including immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25v, and are renavable at the end of 36 months form the date of allotment b) Terms of repayment of long-term borrowings:

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Within 1 year	439,78	331.67	
1 - 2 years	846.57	369.17	
2 - 5 years	3,442.51	980.00	
> 5 years	113.10		
·	4,842.06	1,680.84	

c) The foreign currency loans carries an annual interest rate of 1.90% - 3.80% (31 March 2021: 4.00%) and is repayable in quarterly ints as agreed. Indian Rupee loans carry an annual fixed rate of interest of 7,00% - 7,75% (31 March 2021: 6.5% - 9,0%) and is le in quarterly balf yearly/tri-annually instalments as agreed. instalm



# 14 Borrowings (Continued)

# Note (ii)

Foreign currency packing credit and buyers' credit are repayable over a period of three to six months and are secured against first charge on current assets including, receivables. These loans carry an annual interest rate in the range of 0.80% to 2.25% (31 March 2021: 1% to 4.87%) per annum.

# Loan covenants

Bank loans contain certain debt covenants relating to limitation on indebtness, debt equity ratio, net borrowings to Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization (EBITDA) ratio, interest service coverage ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The Company has satisfied all debt covenants prescribed in the terms of bank loan.

Note (iii)

Net Debt reconciliation

-	Other assets	s Liabilities from financing activities			
	Cash and cash equivalents	Non-current borrowings	Current borrowings	Interest accrued*	Total
Net debt as at 31 March 2020	1,233,19	1,852.48	975.38	28,16	(1,622.83)
Cash flows	(575.24)	(137,49)	(154,00)	-	(283.75)
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	1.50	1		-	1.50
Foreign exchange adjustments	100	(34.15)	(32.68)		66.83
Interest expense	: •::	, 4		154.33	(154.33)
Interest paid	5 <b>=</b> 01	-	-	(151,49)	151.49
Net debt as at 31 March 2021	659.45	1,680,84	768.70	31.00	(1,841.09)
Cash flows	1,412.49	3,168.36	(419.29)	-	(1,336.58)
Foreign exchange adjustments		(7.14)	(3.40)	9	10.54
Interest expense	100	` ;		207.23	(207.23)
Interest paid		-		(179.46)	179.46
Net debt as at 31 March 2022	2,071.94	4,842.05	366.01	58.77	(3,194.90)

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes Interest accrued on MSME dues ₹5.45 (31 March 2021: ₹5.70) and interest on lease liabilities ₹20.34 (31 March 2021: ₹16.65).

# Note (iv) Sensitivity:

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates

		Impact on profit after tax		
	Change in Rate	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Foreign currency loans				
	Increase by 1%	(12.12)	(9.05)	
	Decrease by 1%	12.12	9.05	
INR Loans				
	Increase by 1%	(11.79)	(9.35	
	Decrease by 1%	11.79	9.35	

# Note (v):

The Company had filed appropriate form for satisfaction of charges before Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad with respect to the charges amounting to ₹ 36.50 (31 March 2021: ₹ 36.50) created against the Company and there are no borrowing outstanding with respect to the same. The Company has been continuously pursuing with the authorities to reflect the same on their website.

# Note (vi):

The loans from related parties amounts to ₹ 32.35 (31 March 2021: ₹ 9.65) carry an interest rate of 9% per annum and is repayable on demand.





# Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Notes to the revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

# 15 Provisions

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Non-current			
Provision for employee benefits			
-Gratuity (refer note 23)	154.54	132.22	
-Compensated absences	38.79	33.74	
·	193,33	165.96	
Current			
Provision for employee benefits			
-Gratuity (refer note 23)	13.98	11.60	
-Compensated absences	9.61	8.49	
•	23.59	20.09	

# 16 Trade payables

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Trade payables		
- related parties (refer note 36(c))	64.47	42.43
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	128.62	86.16
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	1,062.44	984.17
-	1,255.53	1,112.76

- (a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 0-90 day terms.
- (b) For terms and conditions with related parties, refer to note 36.
- (c) Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30.

# Disclosure required under Clause 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006('MSNED Act')

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has Issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filling of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2022 has been made in the revised financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(i) The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of each accounting year		
- Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise	237.11	123.58
- Interest due on above	0.43	0.39
(ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	697.18	478.72
(iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006	*	*
<ul> <li>(iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year</li> <li>(v) Interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years, in terms of Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006</li> </ul>	5.45 30.52	5.70 25.07

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.

Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2022

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Not Due- Trade Payables	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) MSME	79.22	42.37	0.84	0.61	5.58	128.62
(li) Others	340,83	363,56	4.58	3,97	3.24	716,18
(fil) Disputed dues-MSME	3	=	-	8.5		9
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	120	-	=	722	T-1	
(v) Accrued for expenses	-					410.73
	420.05	405.93	5.42	4.58	8.62	1,255.53





# Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Notes to the revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 Merch 2022

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2021

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Not Due- Trade Payables	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	67.70	12,76	2,15	2,73	0.82	86.16
(ii) Others	295,03	313,45	20,68	2,11	0.92	632.19
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME		0.63	·		(8)	*
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	:=		*		90	
(v) Accrued for expenses		2	2	(2)	(A)	394.41
	362.73	326.21	22.83	4.84	1.74	1,112.76

# 17 Other financial liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Current		
At amortised cost		
Creditors for capital expenditure (refer note b below)	320.69	173.91
Creditors for expenses (refer note a below)	4.53	48.20
Dues to employees	267.93	226.64
Refundable deposits	1,56	2.61
Liability towards Share Purchase agreement	507.00	(*)
Derivative instruments: (Refer note 7)		
-Other Foreign exchange forward contracts	6.73	13.21
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	58.77	31,00
Dividend received on behalf of Shareholders (refer note c)	227.11	
	1,394.32	495.57

- (a) Information about company's exposure to liquidity and currency risk is included in note 30.
  (b) Creditors for capital expenditure includes amount payable to MSME of Rs. 108.49 as at 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: Rs. 37.42).
- (c) The dividend was received by Parent Company during the year ended 31 March 2022 and has subsequently distributed such amount to the shareholders of Parent (refer note 42).

# 18 Other current liabilities

As at	
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
517.58	268.78
20.63	(*)
51.38	71.52
589.59	340.30
	<b>31 March 2022</b> 517.58 20.63 51.38





	_	_	
19	Revenue	from	operations

For the year ended	
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
3,760.68	2,763.20
3,760.68	2,763.20
8,542.29	6,638,15
56,71	100,42
12,359.68	9,501.77
	31 March 2022 3,760.68 3,760.68 8,542,29 56,71

Revenues from Contracts with Customers establishes a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, Identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, and recognising revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied.

In relation to information about the Company's performance obligations in contracts with customers refer note 2(f). The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is ₹56.58 (31 March 2021: ₹47.99) out of which 100% is expected to be recognised as revenue in the next year. No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from the amount mentioned above,

# (a) Information about products and services

The Company deals in different types of products and services	Timing of recognition (Over the period /	For the year	ended
	Point in time)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Sale of goods	Point in time	3,760.68	2,763.20
Sale of services	Over the period	8,542.29	6,638.15
Total		12,302.97	9,401.35

(b) Contract palances:		
	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Trade receivables	2,036,43	1,933,00
Contract liabilities - Customer advances	517.58	268.78

Disaggregated Revenue Information		
	For the year	ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Revenues from Contract research and sale of goods by geography		
North America	6,640,28	4,946.30
Europe	2,941.09	2,506.72
India	798.05	516.20
Others	1,923.55	1,432,13
	12,302.97	9,401.35
Revenue from other sources		
Other operating revenues	56.71	100.42
Total Revenue from operations	12,359.68	9,501.77
Geographical revenue is allocated based on the location of the customers;		

	For the year	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Contract price	12,332.22	9,441.63		
Less : Discounts	29.25	40.28		
Revenue from operations	12,302.97	9,401.35		

# 20 Other income

For the year ended	
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
58.32	79.28
E	130.81
30.28	51,34
*	4.11
**	0.34
35.83	8
44.57	66.01
2.45	2.45
2.33	11.41
173.78	345.75
	31 March 2022 58.32 30.28 35.83 44.57 2.45 2.33





71	Cost o	f materials	consumed

Cost of materials consumed	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Inventory at the beginning of the year	284.67	287,87
Add: Purchases of raw materials	2,034.97	1,323.02
	2,319.64	1,610.89
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	329.41	284.67
	1,990.23	1,326.22
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods		
	For the year	ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening Stock		
Finished goods	8.16	24.67
Work-in-progress	262.74	318.94
Closing Stock		
Finished goods	81.97	8.18
Work-in-progress	442.76	262,74
	(253.81)	72.69
Employee benefits expense		
	For the year	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Salaries and wages	2,638.24	2,085.37
Employee stock compensation expenses	69.85	-
Contribution to provident and other funds (note a)	91.66	72.33
Gratuity and compensated absences (note b)	63.90	57.81
Staff welfare expenses	105.74	71,93
	2,969.39	2,287.44

# a. Defined contribution plan

During year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has contributed ₹72.44 (31 March 2021: ₹59.80) to provident fund, ₹7.10 (31 March 2021: ₹4.11) towards employee state insurance fund and ₹12.12 (31 March 2021: ₹8.42) towards National Pension Scheme.

# b. Defined benefit plan

The Company has a funded defined plan, viz. gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age.

Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation:

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	151.17	128.71	
Current service cost	31.63	26.56	
Past service cost	5		
Interest cost	10.02	8,32	
Benefits paid	(16,04)	(12,73)	
Actuarial losses on obligation	(7.69)	0,31	
Defined benefit obligation at end of the year	169.09	151.17	





# 23 Employee benefits expense (continued)

Non-current

Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year

The fair value of defined benefit plan assets are as follows:

Add: Contributions during the year	•	*	
Add: Interest Income on Plan assets	0.51	0.46	
Add: Return on plan assets (excl. interest income)	(0,29)	0.06	
Less: Benefit refund to be received by the company	(0.39)		
Less: Benefits paid from the plan during the year	(6.61)	€	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	0.57	7.35	
Reconciliation of present value of obligation and fair value of plan assets			
	5.0.00		
	As At 31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		31 March 2021 151.17	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	31 March 2022	151.17	
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End Net liability recognised in the balance sheet	31 March 2022 169,09	151.17	
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End	31 March 2022 169.09 (0.57)	151.17 (7.35)	

31 March 2022

7.35

168.52

31 March 2021

132.22

143.82

The amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
In Statement of Profit and Loss under "Employee benefits expense"			
Current service cost	31.63	26.56	
Past service cost	E-	-	
Interest cost	10.02	8.32	
Return on plan assets	(0.51)	(0.46)	
	41.14	34.42	
	560		
In Statement of Other Comprehensive Income			
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(7.69)	0.31	
Return on Plan Assets(excluding Interest Income)	0.29	(0,06)	
	(7.40)	0.25	
Total	33.74	34.67	

The assumptions used in accounting for the gratuity plan are set out as below:

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Discount rate	7.10%	6.89%	
Retirement age	60 years	60 years	
Salary escalation	6.00%	6.00%	
Attrition rate	8.00%	8,00%	
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ult.	IALM (2012-14) Ult.	

The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market. Further, the Company has invested a part of the accrued liability as of 31 March 2022. The Company evaluates these assumptions annually based on its long-term plans of growth and industry standards.





# 23 Employee benefits expense (continued)

# Discount rate:

The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

# Salary escalation rate:

The estimates of future salary increases considered taking into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

# Plan assets:

The plan assets comprise of debt and equity securities through a scheme of cash contribution for a scheme of insurance taken with Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Ltd. ('Insurer'), which is a qualified insurer. The details of individual category of investments that comprise of the total plan assets have not been provided by the insurer.

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Assumptions		
Sensitivity level		
- Attrition rate : increase by 1 %	169.29	151.40
- Attrition rate : decrease by 1 %	(168.78)	(150.87)
- Salary escalation : increase by 1 %	182.13	164.71
- Salary escalation : decrease by 1 %	(157.38)	(139.12)
- Discount rate : increase by 1 %	(156,51)	(139.53)
- Discount rate : decrease by 1 %	183,52	164.61

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 10.84 years (31 March 2021: 12.68 years)

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Within 1 year	13.98	11.60		
2 - 5 years	63.19	54.18		
6 - 10 years	75,61	65.06		

The Company provides compensated absences benefits to the employees of the Company which can be carried forward to future years. Since the compensated absences do not fail due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as a long-term employee benefit. During the period ended 31 March 2022, the Company has incurred an expense on compensated absences amounting to ₹22.77 (31 March 2021 ₹23.39). The Company determines the expense for compensated absences basis the actuarial valuation based on the Projected Unit Credit Method.

# Code on Social Security, 2020:

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

# 24 Finance costs

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Interest on borrowings	178.94	154.33	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	20.34	16.65	
Other borrowing cost*	28.29	9	
-	227.57	170.98	

 $<sup>{}^{*}</sup>$ Exchange difference to the extent considered as an adjustment to borrowing cost.





25	Other	exi	Dėnsės

	For the year	ended ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Direct expenses:		
Consumption of chemicals and spares	1,783.72	1,349.10
Subscription fees	95.87	90.03
Job work charges	62.58	89.92
Other direct expenses	78.65	44.5
Indirect expenses:		
Power and fuel	401.23	364.45
Rent	4,54	4.19
Repairs and maintenance		
- Buildings	31.35	20,11
- Machinery	168,42	145,47
- Others	59.24	56,77
Insurance	34.85	33.86
Bank charges	15.93	11,5
Rates and taxes	28.11	33.8
Water charges	28.26	20,9
Communication expenses	8.18	14.20
Office maintenance expenses	123.44	112,3
Travelling and conveyance	43.41	33,1
Consultancy and professional charges (refer note a)	171.07	86.4
Corporate social responsibility expenditure (refer note 39)	27.52	60.7
Printing and stationery	2,56	0.9
Freight outwards	41.34	67.0
Effluent treatment charges	63.48	39.7
Contract services	107.25	97.8
Property Plant and Equipment written-off	0.74	2.19
(Reversal)/provision for loss allowance (refer note 9)	(10,82)	17.7
Business development expenses	349.55	298.2
Loss on sale of assets	2.08	2
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net	243	21.8
Miscellaneous expenses	35.85	44.9
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,758.40	3,162,31

# (a) Payments to the auditor

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
-As Auditor			
<ul> <li>statutory audit fee (including fees for undertaking limited reviews)</li> </ul>	5,40	3.15	
- certification	0.87	0.57	
-For reimbursement of expenses	0.15	0.15	
-For other matters		0,63	
	6.42	4.50	





20	Term	ome	 

Income taxes . Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss		
Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss	For the year e	
	31 March 2022 620.79	31 March 2021 511.68
Current tax	(2.84)	511.00
Current tax relating to prior years Deferred tax expense / (benefit)	45.82	4.27
Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	663.77	515.95
	003.77	343,30
Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.		
Tax expense charged to OCI	For the year e	nded
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Tax related to Items in OCI during the year:		
Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts	1,61	111.99
Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans	1,78	(0.0)
Tax expense reported in OCI	3.39	111.97
Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.		
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
	For the year e 31 March 2022	anded 31 March 2021
Tax expense for the year	663.77	515.95
Profit before tax for the year ended as per statement of profit and loss	2,773.55	1,992.1
Tax at statutory income tax rate 25.17% (31 March 2021-25.17%)	698.05	501.39
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible / (taxable) in calculating taxable income	050.05	30110.
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	11.46	40.9
Tax Incentive and other deductions	(14.78)	(32.9
Others	(28.12)	6,5
Current tax relating to prior years	(2.84)	0.5
Tax expense for the year	663,77	515.95
Non-current tax assets, net		
	As at	21.44
A	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,786,67	232.02	197.7
(31 March 2021 ₹1,285,61) (refer note below)	232.02	197.77
Current tax liabilities, net		
	As at	
D	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Provision for tax, (net of advance tax ₹1,957.39 (31 March 2021 ₹1,679.13) (refer note below)	93.88	131.3
	93.88	131.31
<b>Note:</b> Includes an amount paid under protest of ₹ 35.09 (31 March 2021; ₹ 35.09)		
s.		
Deferred tax assets, net	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
The tax effects of significant temporary differences that resulted in deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows: Deferred income tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	96.70	B1.7
Derivative instruments	35.27	34.6
Leases	-	2.0
Others	3.53	0.7
Deferred income tax assets	136.50	119.1
Accrued compensation to employees	52.16	48.6
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	19.65	63,4
Statutory bonus	15.05	0.2
Others	20.28	13,2
Leases	3.47	13,2
	05.56	126.66



Total Deferred tax (Ilabilities)/assets, net



125.68 6.49

95.56 (40.94)

E. Reconciliation of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) (net):

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	6.49	98.26
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	-	24.49
Tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in profit or loss	(45.82)	(4.27)
Tax income/(expense) during the year recognised in OCI	(1.61)	(111.99)
Balance at the end of the year	(40.94)	6.49

# 27 Earnings per Equity share (EPES)

Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Profit attributable to equity holders	2,109.78	1,476.21
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS*	6,71,50,371	6,61,80,000
Nominal value per equity share	₹ 10	₹ 10
Effect of dilution:		
- Stock options granted under ESOP	7,67,830	16,64,557
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation		
of diluted EPS*	6,79,18,201	6,78,44,557
		and the second second second

\*The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in treasury share transactions during the year. There have been no other transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of theses revised financial statements.

Earnings per Equity share (EPES)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Basic	31,42	22.31
Diluted	31.06	21.76





# Fair value measurements

(i) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost

The Annual Control of the Control of	Asa	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial assets		
- Loans	3.57	1.47
- Other financial assets	499.36	100,18
- Trade receivables	2,036.43	1,933.00
- Cash and cash equivalents	2,071.94	659.45
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1,284.56	1,166.09
Total	5,895.86	3,860,19
Financial flabilities		
- Non-Current Borrowings	4,402.28	1,349,17
- Lease Liability	235.90	205.11
- Current borrowings	805.79	1,120.37
- Trade payables	1,255,53	1,099,55
- Other financial liabilities	1,387.59	495.57
Total	8,087.09	4,269.77
(ii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair valu	e through profit and loss	
	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial Asset		
Investments (other than investment in subsidiaries)	1.83	1.83
Financial Liability		

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, lease liabilities, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes loans, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Company also holds FVTPL (Fair value through profit and loss) investments and investments in its subsidiaries.

(6.73)

(iii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through Other comprehensive income

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial Asset		
Derivative Instruments (refer note 7)	144,10	137.71
Financial Liability		

Derivative Instruments (refer note 7)

Derivative Instruments (refer note 7)

The preparation of the Company's revised financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that regulre a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

# 29 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

# Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone revised financial statements:

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

# Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation of uncertainty as at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are: The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the revised financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

# Taxes

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

# Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values, Judgements includes consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.





# 29 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

# Share-based payments

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 12.

# Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Company has a policy of providing loss allowance for trade receivables which are aged for more than 180 days. Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.

# Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the forecast for future years. These do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes, These estimates are most relevant to other intangibles with indefinite useful lives recognized by the Company.

# Revenue recognition

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

# 30 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations and also enters into derivative operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management provides assurance to the Company's Board that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Company's policies for managing in derivatives for speculative purposes should be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

# (i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Company comprises primarily of interest rate, foreign currency and interest risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade and other receivables and derivatives. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021. The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of trade and other receivables in foreign currencies and trade payables, borrowings and investments are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2022.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

(1) The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

# (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Company and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to the floating interest rate borrowings. The Company's investment in deposits with banks are for short durations and therefore do not expose the Company to significant interest rate risk. Further, the loans extended by the Company carries a fixed interest rate and therefore not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying value nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of the change in market interest rates,

The Company's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's outstanding floating rate debt. A major portion of foreign currency debt is linked to international interest rate benchmarks like SOFR. The Company also hedges a major portion of these risks by entering into derivative instruments like interest rate swaps and currency swaps and hence is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. Refer note 14(iv) for interest rate sensitivity analysis.





(b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Company manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 24 months period for hedges of forecasted sales and purchases.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Company negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

At 31 March 2022, the Company hedged 93% (31 March 2021: 58%), for 12 months, of its expected foreign currency sales. Those hedged sales were highly probable at the reporting date. This foreign currency risk is hedged by using foreign currency forward contracts,

The following are the outstanding forward exchange contracts entered into by the Company in foreign currency:

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Currency forwards (Amount in Foreign currency)		
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (USD in Million)	178,70	79.50
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM $$	144.10	137.71
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (USD in Million)	1.80	<del>2</del>
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (₹ In Million) - at MTM $$	1.84	187. 1
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (USD in Million)	(16.98)	(5.81)
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) ( $\P$ in Million) - at MTM	(8.57)	13.21

The currency wise exposure is disclosed in note 38 of the revised standalone financial statements.

# Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP, Euro as mentioned below, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax (PBT) is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The Company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

	For the y	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Change in USD rate - 5% increase - Effect on PBT and equity	14.99	23.60
Change in USD rate - 5% decrease - Effect on PBT and equity	(14.99)	(23.60)
Change in GBP rate - 5% increase - Effect on PBT and equity	(0.00)	(0.84)
Change in GBP rate - 5% decrease - Effect on PBT and equity	0,00	0.84
Change in Euro rate - 5% increase - Effect on PBT and equity	(0,10)	0.76
Change in Euro rate - 5% decrease - Effect on PBT and equity	0.10	(0.76)

The movement in the pre-tax effect is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in USD, GBP and Euro, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than those currencies. Although the derivatives have not been designated in a hedge relationship, they act as an economic hedge and will offset the underlying transactions when they occur.





# 30 Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of the Financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

# Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Company has a policy of providing for all aged receivables basis the Expected Credit Loss method and specific provision on a case to case basis. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

# Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's finance team in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved and reputed banks and within credit limits assigned to each bank. The amounts invested and details of relevant banks are reviewed by the Company's Board of directors on annual basis.

# (iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company has an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities,

The Company's treasury department is responsible for managing the short-term and long term liquidity requirements of the Company. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily by treasury. Long term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

Typically the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The carrying value of the Company's financial liabilities are disclosed in note 3A and note 14, 16 and 17 of the revised standalone financial statements.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments,

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
On demand		
- Financial guarantee	264.29	256.33
- Borrowings	32.35	9.65
Less than 1 year		
- Borrowings	= 773,44	1,110,72
- Other financial liabilities	1,394.32	495,57
- Trade payables	1,255.53	1,112.76
- Lease liabilities	95.27	65.16
1 to 2 years		
- Borrowings	846.67	369.17
- Lease liabilities	76,03	55,30
2 to 5 years		
- Borrowings	3,442.51	980.00
- Lease liabilitles	66,21	92.78
> 5 years		
- Borrowings	113.10	86
- Lease liabilities	319.73	328.77





# Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry,

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Company to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

# Collateral

The Company has pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil the collateral requirements for the borrowings availed. At 31 March 2021, 31 March 2021 the fair values of the short-term deposits pledged were ₹6.70, ₹10.65 respectively. The counterparties have an obligation to return the securities to the Company. The Company has an obligation to repay the deposit to the counterparties upon settlement of the contracts. There are no other significant terms and conditions associated with the use of collateral.

# 31 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, issue bonus shares to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio in an optimal structure which balances growth and shareholder value. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances.

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Borrowings (Note 14)	5,208.07	2,469.54
Trade payables (Note 16)	1,255.53	1,112.76
Other financial liabilities (Note 17)	1,394.32	495,57
Lease liabilities (Note 3A)	235.90	205.11
Less: Cash and bank balances (Note 10 and 7)*	(3,762,72)	(1,828,24)
Net debt	4,331.10	2,454.74
Total equity	10,429.90	8,302.99
Total equity	10,429.90	8,302.99
Gearing ratio	42%	30%

\* Includes Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no material breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021,

# Hedging activities and derivatives

# Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

The Company uses foreign currency denominated borrowings and foreign exchange forward contracts to manage some of its transaction exposures. The foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from one to twelve months.





32 Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

	Date of	Quoted prices in observe	Significant Significant observable unobservable	Significant Significant observable	1
	Valuation	active markets (Level 1)	inputs (Level 2)	inputs inputs (Level 2) (Level 3)	TOTAL
Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2022:					
Measured at fair value Derivative financial assets / (flabilities) (refer note 7 and note 17)	31 March 2022	ř	137.37	æ	137.37
Investments other than investment in subsidiaries (refer note 5)	31 March 2022	0.01	,	1,82	1.83
Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2021: Measured at fair value					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 7 and note 17)		,	124,50		124,50





# 33 Commitments

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Estimated amount of contracts amounting to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	1,115.79	1,427.00
Corporate guarantee extended to subsidiaries	37.76	36.63

# 34 Contingent liabilities

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims before various tax authorities, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The uncertainties and possible reimbursements are dependent on the outcome of the different legal processes which have been invoked by the claimants or the Company, as the case may be and therefore timing of cash flows cannot be predicted. The Company engages reputed professional advisors wherever required to protect its interests and has been advised that it has strong legal positions against such disputes. The Management believes that it has a reasonable case in its defense of the proceedings and accordingly no further provision is required.

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts in respect of:

	As at	
<del></del>	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(a) Income tax matter under dispute	1,231.97	1,282.44
(b) Service tax matter under dispute	1,89	
(c) Central Sales tax matter under dispute	1,45	1.85
(d) Customs matter under dispute	4.27	4.27

In addition to the above, the Company has below mentioned claims/contingent liabilities against the Company:

The Company has received a show cause notice challenging classification of R&D services as export of services for the period from 1 April 2006 to 30 Jun 2017 (tax liability computed by department is ₹2,409.70). The company has submitted its reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim and favourable judgements company has not made any provision in the books.

The Company has received a show cause notice, challenging certain compliance requirements under the GST law for the period from 1 July 2017 to 28 May 2018 (tax liability computed by department is ₹9.36). Company is in the process of compiling the reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim, the Company has not made any provision in the books.

The Company has an ongoing litigation of certain portion of land in Mallapur which the Company has bought from APIIC. The matter is stayed by the High Court until disposal of appeal at the lower court.

# 35 Segment reporting

In accordance with Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, segment information is disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and accordingly no separate segment disclosures have been furnished in these standalone financial statements of the Company.





	Related party disclosures			
(a)	Name of related parties and nature of relationship			
	Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship		
	Aragen Bloscience, Inc.	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company		
	Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly known as GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company		
	Aragen Foundation	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company		
	Intox Private Limited	Subsidiary Company		
	Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (till 01.04.2021)	Subsidiary Company		
	GVK Davix Research Private Limited (till 01.04,2021)	Subsidiary Company		
	Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	Key management personnel (KMP)		
	Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	KMP		
	Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	KMP		
	Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	Director		
	Mr. Gerhard Mayr	Director		
	Mr, Ajay Srivastava (w.e.f. 20.05.2021)	Director		
	Mr. Adam Richard Dawson (w.e.f. 31.05.2021)	Director		
	Mr. Rajat Sood (w.e.f. 19.05.2021)	Director		
	Mr. Robert Richard Ruffolo	Director		
	Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	Director		
	Ms, G Indira Krishna Reddy	Director		
	Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap (w.e.f. 17.03.2021)	Chief Financial Officer		
	Mr. Paresh Gupta (till 13.10.2020)	Chief Financial Officer		
	Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	Company Secretary		
	GVK Biosciences, Inc.			
	GVK Davix Research Private Limited (w.e.f. 02,04.2021)			
	Madhubani Investments Private Limited			
	Reddy Investment Trust	Enterprises owned or significanti		
	ORBIT Travel and Tours Private Limited	influenced by individuals who hav		
	Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	control / significant influence over th		
	GVK Foundation	Company.		
	Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited			
	Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited			
	GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust			

# (b) Transactions with related parties

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Remuneration of KMPs:		
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	*	22.59
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	9	22.59
Mr, Gerhard Mayr	4,53	2,26
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	54.64	34.29
4r. Sachin Anand Dharap	18.20	0.73
Mr. Paresh Gupta	2	8.10
Mr, Ramakrishna Kasturi	6.96	5.57
Perquisite value of ESOPs exercised during the year		
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	382.72	
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	9.24	
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	117.84	3.50
Directors sitting fee		
Mr, Sahajbir Singh Brar	0.26	0.17
1r. G V Sanjay Reddy	0.25	0.19
dr. Davinder Singh Bran	0.30	0.19
Ms, G Indira Krishna Reddy	0.40	0.13
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	0.25	0.15
dr. Ajay Srivastava	0.35	
dr. Gerhard Mayr	0,28	0.16
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	0.25	0.15
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	0.34	0.16





# 36 Related party disclosures (continued)

4	Ъ١	Transactions with related	parties	continued'	ì

Transactions with related parties (issuinates)	For the ye	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Dividend Market Clark Barre	20%	75.40
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	-	242.93
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited GVK Bio Employees Welfare Trust	1,54 (*)	5.75
		-
Unsecured Loans taken during the year (refer note 42)  Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	20	0.92
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	11.35	3.90
Reddy Investment Trust	11.35	4.83
Interest on Loans outstanding (refer note 42)		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	(80.0)	(0,02)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	(0.36)	(0.10)
Reddy Investment Trust	(0.17)	(0.03)
Fransactions with subsidiary - Aragen Biosclence, Inc.		
Interest income	=	9.54
oan granted/repaid during the year		(296.66 258,36
Investment in Shares	(229.18)	(176,26
Business Development expenses / Pharmaceutical Products Sales	10,88	16.14
Contract research services	1.77	9.1
Reimbursement of expenses received	0.14	0.16
Management Services Provided	27,78	31,72
Reimbursement of expenses	(9.59)	(40)
Purchases	(3.20)	(1.31
Transactions with subsidiary - Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited		0.77
Shared services provided		0.73
Transactions with subsidiary – Aragen Lifesciences B.V. Revenue from contract research services	80,58	110.50
Business development expenses	(80.96)	(54.75
Transactions with subsidiary – GVK Blosciences, Inc.	, ,	<b>(</b>
Business development expenses	8	(15.16
Sale of services	*	1.06
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence – GVK Biosciences, Inc.		
Advance received during the year	(14.53)	580
Transactions with subsidiary - GVK Davix Research Private Limited		
Rental Income	2	0,02
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence — GVK Davix Research Private Limited		
Rental Income	0.03	954
Shared services provided	1.35	
Reimbursement of Expenses relating to Sale of shares Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	2,13	10 <del>4</del> 3
Reddy Investment Trust	2.13	(@)
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Srini		
Pharmaceuticals Private Limited		
Job work Charges	(18,64)	(2.92
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - GVK Bio		
Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust		
Reimbursement of expenses	0.35	(0E)
Reimbursement of expenses relating to Sale of shares	0.52	1/2
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited		
Consultancy services	(29,10)	123
Reimbursement exp	(0.29)	
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Taj GVK	` '	
Hotels and Resorts Limited		
Hotel expenses	(0,68)	(0,19
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - ORBIT		
Travel and Tours Private Limited	12	(0.0)
Travelling and conveyance  Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - GVK	3-61	(0.03
Foundation		
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	(0,42)	163
Transactions with subsidiary - Aragen Foundation		
Investment in Equity Shares	0.10	-

The managerial personnel are covered by the company's gratuity policy & are eligible



# 36 Related party disclosures (continued)

# (c) Balances receivable/(payable)

14 1 - 1	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
GVK Biosciences, Inc.	14.48	14,08
GVK Biosciences, Inc. (Advance received)	(14,53)	25
GVK Davix Research Private Limited	1,37	:=
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	2	0.73
Aragen Lifesciences B.V.	13.93	11.71
Aragen Lifesciences B.V.	(29.28)	(27.01)
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (Loan net-off provision Rs. 30.69)	*	: ·
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	7,15	31,88
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	(25.92)	(14.88)
Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	(2.56)	(0.52)
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	(0.06)	(0.01)
Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited	(6.64)	
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	(0.97)	(23.51)
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	(0.05)	(22.59)
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	(0.05)	(2)
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	(4.97)	(2.26)
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	(0,05)	2.
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	(1.20)	20
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	(0.03)	150
Mr. G V Keshav Reddy	(0.05)	(*)
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy	(0,05)	540
GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust	3,06	0.36
Madhubani Investments Private Limîted	(15.25)	(3.90)
Reddy Investment Trust	(16.18)	(4.83)
Outstanding corporate guarantees		
Aragen Bioscience, Inc. (US\$3,500,000 (31 March 2021: US\$3,500,000)) (Refer note 33)	264,29	256.33

# Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sale and receipt of services from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances are settled in cash. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

# (d) Directors' interests in the employee stock option plan

Share options held by the Board of Directors under the employee stock option plan to purchase Equity shares have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

Count data	V	Exercîse	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Grant date	Vesting date	price	Number o	Number outstanding	
7 July 2007	6 July 2011	10.00	2,55,000	2,55,000	
10 October 2009	10 October 2013	30.00		1,00,000	
1 November 2011	31 October 2015	50.00	72,000	72,000	
16 April 2012	16 April 2016	50.00	· a	40,000	
25 July 2012	24 July 2016	93.75		1,68,000	
24 August 2013	23 August 2017	100.00		96,000	
21 August 2014	20 August 2018	136.25		84,000	
20 October 2015	19 October 2019	136.25	-	84,000	
20 October 2015	19 October 2019	170,00	<u> </u>	40,800	
01 July 2016	30 June 2020	200.00	-	34,000	
1 July 2017	30 June 2021	235.40	2,18,986	2,18,986	
1 July 2021	30 June 2022	235,40	65,514		
Total			6,11,500	11,92,786	





# 37 Details of expenditure incurred, Capital and Revenue, in Research and Development is as under:

Capital expenditure	For the y	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Additions to laboratory equipment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
, , ,		

(b) Revenue expenditure (Included under appropriate heads in Statement of Profit and Loss)

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cost of material consumed	25.76	52,47
Salaries and wages	12.28	14,87
Chemicals and spares	0.55	0.80
Contract services		
	38 50	68 14

38 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

		As at	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Receivables			
United States Dollar		2,242.90	2,048.36
Great Britain Pound	¥	3.65	4.83
Euro		39.67	78.73
Canadian Dollar		₩.	4.35
Australian Dollar		9	0,13
Others		•	0.01
Payables			
United States Dollar		1,943.01	1,576.41
Great Britain Pound		3.74	21.71
Euro		41,64	63,47
Swiss Franc		1,29	9.89
Others			0.01

# 39 Corporate social responsibility expenditure (CSR)

The Company has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to undertake the mandatory corporate social responsibility activities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The details of the amounts spent during the current year are as follows:

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Expenditure on CSR activities:		
Balance unspent CSR amount at the beginning of the year	-	39.58
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	27,02	20.58
(b) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	27.02	20.58
(c) Amount spent by the Company during the year (in cash)		
(i) For Construction/acquisition of asset	0.50	-
(ii) For Contribution to Covid related measures*	3.05	60.00
(iii) Other than (i) & (ii) above	3,34	0,71
Balance unspent / (Excess) CSR amount in cash at the end of the year	20.13	(0.55)
(d) Reason for unspent amount at the end of year	On-going projects	N/
(e) Amount subsequently transferred to Unspent CSR designated bank account towards ongoing projects	20.63	-
(f) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately	20.63	N.

<sup>\*</sup> includes an amount of ₹0.42 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) contributed to a related party, GVK Foundation in relation to CSR expenditure.

# Nature of CSR activities

Promoting "Education and Literacy" to the under privileged children, supporting socially backward people and helping the differently abled people. Providing emergency medical care, preventive health care, sanitization and safe drinking water. Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna and conservation of natural resources, Promoting gender equality and empowering women. Training to promote nationally recognized sports.

# 40 Transfer pricing

The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under Sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Company is in the process of updating the documentation for the domestic and international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence latest by 30 November 2022, as required by law. The Management is of the opinion that its domestic and international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the revised financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expenses and that of provision for taxation.





# 41 Ratio Analysis

a) Current Ratio = Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current Assets	7,244.17	5,298.08
Current Liabilities	4,240.64	3,269,12
Ratio	1.71	1,62
% variance from previous year	5.41%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

 Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by Total Equity where total debt refers to sum of current & non current borrowings

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total debt	5,208.07	2,469.54
Total Equity	10,429.90	8,302.99
Ratio	0.50	0.30
% variance from previous year	67.89%	

# Reason for variance more than 25%:

The Company had issued non-convertible debentures of during the current year which led to an increased debt as at 31 March 2022 which led to a higher Debt Equity ratio.

 c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt service divided by interest, lease payments and principal repayments of borrowings

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net Profit after tax	2,109.78	1,476.21
Add: Non cash operating expenses and finance cost		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,068,13	835.72
Finance cost	227.57	170,98
Earnings available for debt service	3,405.48	2,482.91
Interest payment	179.46	151.49
Lease payments	7 <del>9.</del> 79	54.17
Principal repayments of borrowings	730,93	291,49
Total Interest and principal repayments	990.18	497.15
Ratio	3.44	4.99
% variance from previous year	-31.14%	

# Reason for variance more than 25%:

The repayments for the borrowings taken by the Company during the previous years had commenced from CY and thus leading to a higher repayments and thereby a reduction in the coverage ratio.

d) Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net profit after taxes divided by average total equity

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net profit after taxes	2,109.78	1,476.21
Average Total Equity	9,366.45	7,561.11
Ratio	0.23	0.20
% variance from previous year	15,37%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

e) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Cost of goods sold divided by average inventory

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cost of Goods Sold and Consumption of chemicals and spares	3,520.14	2,748.01
Average Inventory	812.12	693.07
Ratio	4,33	3.97
% variance from previous year	9.32%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable





f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Net Credit Sales divided by Average Trade Receivables

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net Credit Sales	12,359.68	9,501.77
Average Trade Receivables	1,984.72	1,736.39
Ratio	6.23	5,47
% variance from previous year	13,80%	

# Reason for variance more than 25%; Not applicable

g) Trade payables turnover ratio = Net Credit Purchases divided by Average Trade Payables

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net Credit Purchases	3,779.21	2,616.05
Trade Payables excluding accrual for expenses	844.80	718.35
Ratio	4.47	3.64
% variance from previous year	22.84%	

# Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

h) Net capital Turnover Ratio = Net Sales divided by Working Capital where Working Capital= Current Assets - Current Liabilities

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net sales	12,359.68	9,501,77
Working Capital	3,003.53	2,028.96
Ratio	4.12	4.68
% variance from previous year	-12.13%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

i) Net profit ratio = Net profit after taxes divided by Net Sales

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net profit after taxes	2,109.78	1,476,21
Net Sales	12,359.68	9,501.77
Ratio	0.17	0.16
% variance from previous year	9.87%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable

j) Return on Capital employed (pre cash)=Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) divided by Capital Employed (pre cash)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Profit before tax (A)	2,773.55	1,992.16
Finance Costs (B)	227,57	170,98
Other Income (C)	173.78	345,75
EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)-(C)	2,827.34	1,817.39
Capital Employed (Pre Cash) (J)=(E)-(F)-(G)-(H)-(I)	11,867.91	8,148.97
Total Assets (E)	19,465.05	13,243.63
Current Liabilities (F)	4,240.64	3,269.12
Current Investments (G)	1 <del>7</del> 51	
Cash and Cash equivalents (H)	2,071,94	659,45
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents (I)	1,284,56	1,166.09
Ratio (D)/(J)	0.24	0.22
% variance from previous year	6,82%	

Reason for variance more than 25%: Not applicable





# 42 Composite scheme of arrangement

The standalone financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 26th May 2022. Pursuant to the approval of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement by the National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT'), Hyderabad Bench, vide Order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"), Certified copy of which was received by the Company on 7th June 2022, the standalone financial statements of the Company have been revised and are approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 03 August 2022.

The revision to the standalone financial statements have been carried out solely to reflect the impact of the Scheme and no additional adjustments have been carried out for any other events occurring after 26 May 2022 (being the date when the standalone financial statements were first approved by the Board of Directors of the Company).

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 27 January 2021 had approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ("Scheme") among the Company, GVK Davix Technology Private Limited (GVK DTPL or the Parent of the Company), Excela Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (a subsidiary of the Parent of the Company), GVK Davix Research Private Limited (a subsidiary of the Parent of the Company) and their respective Shareholders with appointed date of 01 April 2021/ 02 April 2021. This Scheme provided for the merger of Excela Knowledge Solutions Private Limited with Parent of the Company, demerger of the Informatics business (demerged business) of the Parent of the Company to the GVK Davix Research Private Limited, and merger of the Parent of the Company with the Company. Petition seeking approval of the Scheme was subsequently filled with Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench on 09 September 2021. The NCLT approved the Scheme vide its order dated 30 May 2022, certified copy of which received by the Company on 07 June 2022. upon filing of the certified copy of the order from NCLT, Hyderabad Bench sanctioning the Scheme, with Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad on 01 July 2022 the Scheme has become effective.

These Revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared giving effect to the Scheme.

Pursuant to the Scheme, all the assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus of the Parent of the Company have been transferred to and vested in the Company with effect from the appointed date at their carrying values and the financial information in the revised standalone financial statements has been restated from 01 April 2020 as per requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103.

The details of the Parent and the merger of the Parent with the Company are as below:

Name of the transferor company	GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited
General nature of business:	Contract research and development services
Appointed Date of the Scheme	01 April 2021 and 02 April 2021
Amount of difference between the consideration and the value of net identifiable assets acquired, and the treatment thereof	Refer note (b) below

(b) The following table illustrates the assets and liabilities transferred to Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited from GVK DTPL pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement:

As at	
31 March 2022	1 March 2021
53.40	258.59
228.51	29,35
281,91	287.94
262.08	37.36
262.08	37.36
19.83	250.58
66.04	68.93
(46.21)	181.65
	53.40 228.51 281.91 262.08 262.08 19.83 66.04





Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)
Notes to the revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022
(Ail amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

The demerger has given effect from the retrospective appointed date specified in the Scheme i.e. 02 April 2021 which overrides the relevant requirement of accounting principles generally accepted in India (according to which the demerger would have been accounted for from 30 May 2022 which is the date when NCLT approved the scheme). The impact of the same on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2021 is as below:

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

		at 31 March 20	/**		\s at 31 March 202	
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements
Assets						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	8,280.05	*	8,280.05	5,369.22	3	5,369.22
Capital work-in-progress	281.63	2	281.63	735.11	15	735.11
Other intangible assets	22.24		22.24	17.55	19	17.55
Right-of-use assets	376.00	9	376.00	351.66	-	351,66
Financial assets						
- Investments	2,520,13		2,520.13	936.60	227.85	1,164.45
- Loans	2.34	2	2.34	0.36	12	0.36
- Other financial assets	490.28		490.26	65.26		65.26
Deferred tax assets (net)	120	82	161	6.49	===	6.49
Non-current tax assets (net)	178,62	53.40	232,02	167.03	30.74	197.77
Other non-current assets	16,19		16.19	37.68		37.68
Tota) non-current assets	12,167,48	53,40	12,220.88	7,686.96	256.59	7,945.55
Current assets						
Inventories	959.39	-	959.39	664.84	12.1	664.84
Financial assets						
- Trade receivables	2,036.43	10	2,036.43	1,933.00	(2)	1,933.00
- Cash and cash equivalents	1,844.22	227,72	2,071.94	630.73	28.72	659.45
<ul> <li>Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents</li> </ul>	1,284.56		1,284.56	1,166,09		1,166.09
- Loans	1.23	12	1.23	1.11	31	1,11
- Other financial assets	153.18	3=	153.18	172.63	(*)	172.63
Other current assets	736.63	0.81	737.44	700.33	0.63	700.96
Total current assets Total assets	7,015.64	228.53	7,244.17	5,268.73	29.35	5,298.08
10(8) 655672	19,183.12	281.93	19,465.05	12,955.69	287.94	13,243.63
Equity and Habilities						
Equity						
Equity share capital	681.38	•	681.38	669.82	•	669,82
Other equity	9,728.67	19.85	9,748.52	7,382.59	250.58	7,633.17
Total Equity	10,410.05	19.85	10,429.90	8,052.41	250.58	8,302,99
Liabilities						
Non-current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
- Borrowings	4,402,28	3.00	4,402.28	1,349.17	5.5%	1,349.17
-Other financial liabilities						
- Lease liabilities	157.96	(#1)	157.96	156.39		156.39
Provisions	193.33	•	193.33	165.96	•	165.96
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	40.94	120	40.94		32.	
Total non-current liabilities	4,794.51	~	4,794.51	1,671.52	=	1,671.52
Current liabilities						
Financial Itabilitles						
- Borrowings	773.44	32.35	805.79	1,110.72	9,65	1,120.37
- Lease liabilities	77,94	380	77.94	48.72	*	48,72
Trade payables     Total outstanding dues of micro and small	128.62		128.62	86.16	82	85.16
enterprises -Total outstanding dues of creditors other	1,125.58	1.33	1,126.91	1,025.13	1.47	1,026.60
than micro and small enterprises			4 =	,		
	1,166.19	228.13	1,394.32	495.34	0.23	495.57
- Other financial liabilities	23.59	-	23,59	20.09		20,09
Provisions						
Provisions Current tax liabilities (net)	93.88	120	93.88	131,31	856	
Provisions Current tax liabilities (net) Other current liabilities	93.88 589.32	0.27	589,59	314,29	26.01	340.30
Provisions Current tax liabilities (net)	93.88					131,31 340.30 <b>3,269.12</b> <b>4,940.64</b>





Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

	For the ye	ar ended 31 M	arch 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021			
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	
Revenue from operations	12,359.68	-	12,359.68	9,501.77	-	9,501.77	
Other income	173.78		173,78	215.19	130.56	345.75	
Total income	12,533.46		12,533.46	9,716.96	130.56	9,847.52	
Expenses							
Cost of materials consumed	1,990.23	-	1,990.23	1,326.22		1,326.22	
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and			•	•		·	
finished goods	(253.81)	_	(253.81)	72.69		72.69	
Employee benefits expense	2,969.39	_	2,969,39	2,287,44	200	2,287.44	
Finance costs	226.68	0.89	227.57	170.71	0.27	170.98	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1.068.13	-	1,068.13	835.72	190	835.72	
Other expenses	3,756,46	1.94	3,758.40	3,158.23	4.08	3,162,31	
Total expenses	9,757.08	2.63	9,759.91	7,851.01	4,35	7,855.36	
Profit before tax	2,776,38	(2.83)	2,773.55	1,865.95	126.21	1,992.16	
Income-tax expense							
(a) Current tax	620,79		620.79	505.78	5,90	511.68	
(b) Current tax relating to prior years	(2.89)	0.05	(2.64)		•	5	
(c) Deferred tax expense / (benefit)	45.82	720	45.82	(20.22)	24.49	4.27	
Total tax expense	663.72	0.05	663.77	485.56	30.39	515.95	
Profit for the year	2,112.66	(2.86)	2,109.78	1,380.39	95.82	1,476.21	
Other comprehensive income							
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit							
plans	7.40	•	7,40	(0.25)	100	(0.25)	
Income-tax effect on above	(1,7B)	30	(1.78)	0,07	3.50	0.07	
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Effective portion of cashflow hedge	6.39	340	6.39	444.96	343	444,96	
Income-tax effect on above	(1.61)	920	(1.61)	(111,99)	•	(111,99)	
Total other comprehensive income, net of	10.40	~	10.40	332.79		922 94	
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,123.06	(2.88)	2,120.18	1,713.18	95.82	332.79	
rocar comprehensive discourse for the Year	2,123.00	(4.00)	4,120,18	1,/15.18	95.82	1,809.00	





Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Notes to the revised standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in  $\tilde{\tau}$  million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

	For the ye	ar ended 31 M	arch 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021			
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financia statements	
Cash flow from operating activities							
Profit before tax	2,776.38	(2.83)	2,773.55	1,865.95	126.21	1,992.16	
Adjustments for:							
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,068.13	25	1,068.13	835.72	Sec. 1	835.72	
Dividend Income	960	64	*	9	(130.81)	(130.81)	
Interest income	(60.65)	90 12	(60,65)	(90.94)	-	(90.94	
Liabilities no longer required written back	(30,28)	-	(30,28)	(51.34)		(51,34	
Income from investments	8.00	27	2	(0.34)	27	(0,34	
Interest expense	226.68	0.89	227.57	170.71	0.52	171.23	
Employee stock compensation expense	69.85		69.85	32	· 1	2	
Unrealized foreign exchange fluctuation gain	(8,77)	127	(8.77)	(28.31)	727	(28.31	
Gain on sale of Property, plant & equipment	200	-		(4.11)	191	(4,11	
Provision for doubtful debts	(10.82)		(10.82)	17.77		17.77	
Financial guarantee income	(2.45)	341	(2,45)	(2.45)	(4)	(2.45	
Property, plant and equipment written-off	0.74	-	0.74	2.15	(4)	2.15	
Adjustments for working capital							
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(294.55)	(*)	(294.55)	56.45	(*)	56,45	
Increase in trade receivables	(105.75)	540	(105.75)	(324.53)	(2)	(324.53	
(Increase)/decrease in loans	(0,12)	321	(0,12)	2.57	· ·	2.57	
Increase in other non-current financial assets	(11.33)		(11.33)	(2.85)	15/	(2,65	
Increase in other current assets	(33.62)	(0.17)	(33.79)	(161.18)	(0.44)	(161.62	
Increase in trade payables	173.36	(0.14)	173,22	106.95	(3.06)	103.89	
(Decrease)/increase in other current financia) liabilities	(3,43)	227,11	223.68	22,21	(3)	22.21	
Increase in provisions	38.27	:*:	38.27	27.30	200	27.30	
Increase in other current liabilities	279.75	(25.75)	254.00	99.67	26.03	125.70	
Cash generated from operations	4,071.39	199.11	4,270.50	2,541.40	18,45	2,559.85	
Income-tax paid	(669.70)	(22.71)	(691.41)	(438.43)	(28.03)	(466.46	
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	3,402.69	176,40	3,579.09	2,102.97	(9.58)	2,093.39	
Cash flows from investing activities							
Purchase of property, plant and equipment incl.  CWIP and Capital advances	(3,299.42)	3	(3,299.42)	(1,330.92)	.30	(1,330.92)	
Dividend income received	: e:	:00	*	(4)	130.81	130,81	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	350	(4)	2	4,20	-	4.20	
Redemption of margin money deposits	3.95	190	3.95	000			
(Investment in)/redemption of fixed deposits, net	(525.94)	(%)	(525.94)	(484.65)	(4)	(484.65	
Loans repaid by related parties	727	220	2	270.12		270.12	
Income from investments	11.71		-	0.34		0.34	
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries	(1,074.08)	391	(1,074.08)	(258.36)	(0.60)	(258.96	
(Investment in)/Redemption of mutual funds, net	: ·	500	-	10.10	(5.55)	10.10	
Finance and interest income received	76.32		76.32	70.50	(0.25)	70.25	
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,819.17)	-	(4,819.17)	(1,718.67)	129.96	(1,588.71	





	For the ye	ar ended 31 M	arch 2022	For the	year ended 31 Mar	ch 2021
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements
Cash flow from financing activities						
Proceeds from Issue of equity shares	162.75		162.75	32	5	¥.
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	3,480.00	-	3,480.00			
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(311.64)		(311.64)	(137,49)		(137,49)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(79,79)		(79.79)	(54.17)		(54.17)
Payment of dividend	( <b>*</b> )	(*)	200	(480.00)	(102.77)	(582.77)
Repayment from short-term borrowings, net	(441.99)	22.70	(419.29)	(163.65)	9.65	(154.00)
Interest expense paid	(179.36)	(0.10)	(179.46)	(151.45)	(0.04)	(151.49)
Net cash flow generated/(used) in financing	2,629.97	22.60	2,652.57	(986,76)	(93.16)	(1,079.92)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,213.49	199.00	1,412.49	(602.46)	27.22	(575.24)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	659.45	91	659,45	1,233.19	1.50	1,234.69
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,872.94	199.00	2,071.94	630.73	28.72	659.45

- (c) The merger of GVK DTPL being a common control business combination under Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", comparatives were restated for amalgamation with effect from the beginning of the preceding year.
- (d) The authorised share capital of the Company, stands increased, by clubbing the authorised share capital of the GVK DTPL which is ₹ 270.00 million divided into 27 million equity shares of ₹ 10 each.
- (e) Pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement, the Shares held by GVK DTPL stands cancelled and the same number of shares are allotted to the shareholders of GVK DTPL.

#### 43 Impact of Covid 19 and assessment

The Company has considered internal and external sources of information up to the date of approval of the above financial results in evaluating the possible impact that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, receivables, investments and other financial assets. The Company has applied prudence in arriving at the estimates and assumptions and also performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used. The Company is confident about the recoverability of these assets. However, the impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of the above financial results. Considering the continuing uncertainties, the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

# 44 Struck-off Companies:

The Company has not enetered into any transactions with the companies struck-off as per Section 248 or Section 560 of the companies act 2013.

#### 45 Benami Property:

There are no proceeding initiated or pending against the Company as at 31 March 2022, under Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016).

#### 46 Wilful Defaulter:

The Company is not declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

#### 47 Undisclosed incomes:

The Company has recorded all transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered. There are no previously unrecorded incomes and related assets that were considered during the year, no unrecorded incomes were identified as income for tax assessments.





48 No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised standalone financial statements. As per our Report on Revised Standalone Financial Statements of even date attached

for B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Arpan Jain

Partner

Membership No. 125710

Davinder Singh Bra

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

Sanjay Reddy

Chairman

IN: 00005282

K Ramakrishna Company Secretary

M.No.: F3865

Sachin Dharag

Chief Financial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

Chartered Accountants

Salarpuria Knowledge City, Orwell, B Wing, 6th Floor, Unit-3, Sy No. 83/1, Plot No. 02, Raidurg, Hyderabad – 500 081 - India

Telephone:

+91 40 7182 2000

**Revised Independent Auditor's Report** 

To the Members of Aragen Life Sciences Private Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Revised Consolidated Financial Statements

This Report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

## **Opinion**

We have audited the revised consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the revised consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the revised consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), revised consolidated statement of changes in equity and revised consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the revised consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the revised consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid revised consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2022, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive loss, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the revised consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph (a) of the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 1 and 47 of the revised consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of preparation and scheme of merger respectively. As explained in detail therein, these revised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') from the specified retrospective appointed date (1 April 2021/2 April 2021), as approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench, vide order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"). As per the requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", the merger of the Parent Company with the Company has been given effect to as if it had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period (i.e. 1 April 2020) in the revised consolidated financial statements.

We issued a separate auditor's report dated 27 May 2022 on these consolidated financial statements to the members of the Company. The Scheme, with an appointed date of 1 April 2021/2 April 2021, having been approved subsequently, the Company has now prepared revised consolidated financial statements incorporating the impact of the Scheme. In accordance with the provisions of Standard on Auditing 560 (Revised) 'Subsequent Events' issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, our audit procedures, in so far as they relate to the revision to the consolidated financial statements, have been carried out solely on this matter and no additional procedures have been carried out for any other events occurring after 27 May 2022 (being the date of our earlier audit report on the earlier consolidated financial statements). Our earlier audit report dated 27 May 2022 on the earlier consolidated financial statements is superseded by this revised report on the revised consolidated financial statements.

We further draw attention to the fact that in accordance with the scheme approved by NCLT, the Company has given effect to the demerger of the demerged business from the retrospective appointed date specified therein i.e. 2 April 2021 which overrides the relevant requirement of accounting principles generally accepted in India (according to which the demerger would have been accounted for from 30 May 2022 which is the date when NCLT approved the scheme). The financial impact of the aforesaid treatment has been disclosed in the aforesaid note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of components audited by them, were of most significance in our audit of the revised consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the revised consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

Key Audit Matter (continued)

#### The key audit matter

#### 1) Revenue Recognition

# Also refer to Note 21 of the revised consolidated financial statements

The Group's revenue is derived from contract research, development and manufacturing activities.

We have identified recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because of the following:

- Revenue is a key performance indicator for the Group. There could be pressure on Management to meet expectations of investors/ other stakeholders and / or to meet revenue targets stipulated in performance incentive schemes for the reporting period.
- Accordingly, there is a risk of fraud related to revenue being overstated by recognition in the wrong accounting period or being recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Evaluated the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies and compliance with applicable accounting standards.
- Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to revenue recognition and testing operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Performed substantive testing on a sample basis
  of revenue transactions recorded during the year
  by checking the underlying documents such as
  sales contracts, shipping documents and
  customer acceptance to test evidence for
  satisfaction of the criteria for recognition of
  revenue during the year.
- Test checked significant manual journals posted to revenue to identify any unusual items and sought explanations from Management.
- Test checked sales transactions near to year-end and post year-end as well as credit notes issued post year-end to determine whether the revenue recognition during the year is appropriate.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Key Audit Matter (continued)

## The key audit matter

#### 2) Impairment assessment of goodwill:

# Also refer to Note 4 of the revised consolidated financial statements

As at 31 March 2022, the Group has goodwill of INR 1,618.13 million arose on acquisition of subsidiaries. Management performs the impairment assessment of goodwill under Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets" on an annual basis and whenever there is an indication of impairment.

The carrying value of goodwill will be recovered through future cash flows and accordingly there is an inherent risk that these assets may be impaired if these cash flows do not meet the Group's expectations. Refer Note 2 (o) of the revised consolidated financial statements for details of accounting policies on impairment of goodwill and related disclosures.

We identified impairment assessment of goodwill as a key audit matter considering the following:

- The significance of the value of goodwill in the revised consolidated financial statements.
- The inherent complexity in auditing the forward-looking assumptions applied to determine recoverable value given the significant Management judgements involved. The key assumptions in the cash flow models include the forecasted revenue, margins, terminal growth and discount rates.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

We performed the following audit procedures:

- Tested the design and implementation of key internal financial controls with respect to Group's assessment of impairment analysis.
   Tested the operating effectiveness of these controls.
- Performed a retrospective comparison of prior period cash flow forecasts to actual performance.
- Challenged the key assumptions used by the Management in its impairment assessment, specifically in relation to forecasted revenue, margins, terminal growth rate and discount rates with the assistance of our valuation specialists.
- Performed a sensitivity analysis on the outcome of impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions.
- Evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the revised consolidated financial statements, including disclosures of key assumptions, judgements and sensitivities.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Key Audit Matter (continued)

#### The key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit 3) Valuation of work-in-progress We performed the following audit procedures: Also refer Note 9 of the revised consolidated • Evaluated the Group's accounting policy to financial statements value work-in-progress and compliance with applicable accounting standards. The carrying value of inventories as at 31 March 2022 is INR 987.48 million. This includes work in • Tested the design and implementation of key progress inventory of INR 451.73 million, internal financial controls with respect to valuation of inventory work in progress and We have identified valuation of work-in-progress tested operating effectiveness of such controls. as key audit matter because of the following: Verified the Group's process and methodology Valuation of work-in-progress is performed for apportionment of overheads and the basis of manually by Management which involves apportionment. application of significant estimates and judgements. · Tested the accuracy of valuation of work-inprogress by recomputing the cost for selected Refer Note 2(n) in the revised consolidated samples. financial statements for details of accounting policies on valuation of work-in-progress. Verified that the Group has valued inventory work in progress at the lower of cost and net realizable value on a sample basis.

## Other Information

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Director's report, but does not include the revised consolidated financial statements and our revised auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the revised consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the revised consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the revised Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these revised consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the revised consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the revised consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the revised consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the revised consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an revised auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these revised consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the revised consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for
  expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to
  revised consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of revised consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our revised auditor's report to the related disclosures in the revised consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our earlier auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the revised consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the revised consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the revised consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the revised consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in paragraph (b) of the section titled "Other Matters" in this audit report.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the revised consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the revised consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our revised auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

#### Other Matters

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements of two subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 760.95 million as at 31 March 2022, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 175.60 million and net cash flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to INR 0.83 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the revised consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports has been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- (b) We did not audit the consolidated financial statements of Parent Company and its two subsidiaries (now merged with effect from 01 April 2021 as per the NCLT order dated 30 May 2022 and as mentioned in Emphasis of Matter paragraph above) included in the revised consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company whose financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 2,805.18 million as at 31 March 2021 and the total revenue (before consolidation adjustments) of INR Nil million, total net profit after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 878.79 million and net cash outflows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to INR 275.18 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the revised consolidated financial statements. The Parent Company and its two subsidiaries have been audited by the independent auditors whose report has been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion in so far as it relates to amounts and disclosures included in respect of the Parent Company and its two subsidiaries, is based solely on the report of such independent auditors, as adjusted for the accounting effects of the Scheme recorded by the Company (in particular, the accounting effects of Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations') and other consequential adjustments, which have been audited by us.
- (c) The financial statements of two subsidiaries of the Holding Company (which include one trust), whose financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 71.79 million as at 31 March 2022, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 166.90 million and net cash flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to INR 15.07 million for the year ended on that date, and one subsidiary of the Parent Company whose financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 75.53 million as at 31 March 2021, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of INR Nil million, total net loss after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of INR 6.4 million and net cash flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to INR 49.36 million as considered in the revised consolidated financial statements, have not been audited either by us or by other auditors. These unaudited financial statements have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the revised consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial information certified by the Management.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2 (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the "Other Matters" paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid revised consolidated financial statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid revised consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
  - c) The revised consolidated balance sheet, the revised consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the revised consolidated statement of changes in equity and the revised consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this revised Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the revised consolidated financial statements.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid revised consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the report of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". The subsidiary companies incorporated in India has been exempted from the requirements of its Auditors reporting on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls (clause (i) of Section 143(3) of the Act).
  - B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the revised Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, as noted in the "Other Matters" paragraph:
    - a) The revised consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2022 on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer Note 41 to the revised consolidated financial statements.
    - b) The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended 31 March 2022.

Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (continued)

- c) There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India during the year ended 31 March 2022.
- d) (i) The management of the Holding Company has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 53 to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"); or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (ii) The management of the Holding Company has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 53 to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company shall:
    - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"); or
    - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (iii) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- e) As stated in Note 14 to the revised consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.



Revised Independent Auditors' Report on the Audit of the revised Consolidated Financial Statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 (continued)

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (continued)

C. With respect to the matter to be included in the revised Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

The provisions of Section 197 of the Act are applicable only to a public company. Accordingly, the matter to be included in the revised Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAl Firm's Registration No. 116231W/W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 125710 UDIN: 22125710AQEEUH8706

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 03 August 2022

Annexure A to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022

# This Report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our Report of even date)

xxi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, following company incorporated in India and included in the revised consolidated financial statements, has unfavourable/ qualified remark given by the auditor in their report under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 (CARO):

Sr. No.	Name of the entity	CIN	Holding Company/Subsidiary	Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavourable/ qualified
1.	Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)	U74999TG2000PTC035826	Holding Company	Clause (i)(c)

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 116231W/W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 125710 UDIN:22125710AOEEUH8706

Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2022

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid revised consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2A(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

This Report supersedes our Report dated 27 May 2022

#### Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the revised consolidated financial statements of the Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements of the Company, as of that date.

In our opinion, the Holding Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 1 and 47 of the revised consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of preparation and scheme of merger respectively. As explained in detail therein, these revised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') from the specified retrospective appointed date (1 April 2021/2 April 2021), as approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench, vide order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"). As per the requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", the merger of the Parent Company with the Company has been given effect to as if it had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period (i.e. 1 April 2020) in the revised consolidated financial statements.

We issued a separate auditor's report dated 27 May 2022 on these consolidated financial statements to the members of the Company. The Scheme, with an appointed date of 1 April 2021/2 April 2021, having been approved subsequently, the Company has now prepared revised consolidated financial statements incorporating the impact of the Scheme. In accordance with the provisions of Standard on Auditing 560 (Revised) 'Subsequent Events' issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, our audit procedures, in so far as they relate to the revision to the consolidated financial statements, have been carried out solely on this matter and no additional procedures have been carried out for any other events occurring after 27 May 2022 (being the date of our earlier audit report on the earlier consolidated financial statements). Our earlier audit report dated 27 May 2022 on the earlier consolidated financial statements is superseded by this revised report on the revised consolidated financial statements.



Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended (continued)

#### Emphasis of Matter (continued)

We further draw attention to the fact that in accordance with the scheme approved by NCLT, the Company has given effect to the demerger of the demerged business from the retrospective appointed date specified therein i.e. 2 April 2021 which overrides the relevant requirement of accounting principles generally accepted in India (according to which the demerger would have been accounted for from 30 May 2022 which is the date when NCLT approved the scheme). The financial impact of the aforesaid treatment has been disclosed in the aforesaid note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Holding Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements based on the criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Holding Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the revised consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements.



Annexure B to the revised Independent Auditors' report on the revised consolidated financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) for the year ended (continued)

# Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to revised Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to revised consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to revised consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants
of S Registration No. 116231W/W-100024

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 125710 UDIN: 22125710AOEEUH8706

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)
Revised Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022 (refer note 47)

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes		at
	110003	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Assets Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	_		
	3	8,920.60	5,768.11
Capital work-in-progress	3	321.74	745.20
Goodwill	4	1,618.13	558.22
Intangible assets under development	5	**	63.72
Other Intangible assets	5	270.44	540.93
Right-of-use assets	3A	591.28	628.17
Financial assets			
- Investments	6	1.86	1.83
- Other financial assets	8	490.28	75.71
Deferred tax assets, net	28	→	66.42
Non-current tax assets, net	28	331.51	253.11
Other non-current assets	12	16.27	50.16
		12,562.11	8,751.58
Current assets		,	-,
Inventories	9	987.48	670.94
Financial assets	-	201110	37 3134
- Trade receivables	10	2,431.51	2,547.92
- Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,281,29	1,295.93
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	11	1,408.48	1,784.68
- Loans	7	1,400.48	
- Other financial assets	8	156.88	2.44
Other current assets	12		198.85
	12	784.97	757.94
		8,051.85	7,258.70
Total assets		20,613.96	16,010.28
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	_ 13	681.38	669.82
Other equity	14	9,640.54	8,414.32
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company		10,321.92	9,084,14
Non-controlling interest	15	513.07	791,74
Total equity		10,834.99	
Liabilities		10,034.99	9,875.88
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
-Borrowings	16	4,402.28	1,349.17
-Other financial liabilities	19	4.00	
-Lease Liabilities	3 <b>A</b>	342.38	388.84
Provisions	17	275.46	246.86
Deferred tax liabilities, net	28	83.69	( <del>-</del> )
		5,107.81	1,984.87
Current liabilities		•	,
inancial liabilities			
-Borrowings	16	805,79	1,321,28
-Lease Liabilities	3A	123.93	105.31
-Trade payables	18		200.01
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		129.22	86.16
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		1,133.95	1,054,74
-Other financial liabilities	19	1,536.95	842.65
Turrent tax liabilities, net	28	157.06	147.46
rovisions	17		
Other current liabilities		34.97	33.11
The state of the s	20	749.29	558.82
otal fiabilities		4,671.16	4,149.53
		9,778.97	6,134.40
Total equity and liabilitles		20,613.96	16,010.28

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised consolidated financial statements. As per our report on revised consolidated financial statements of even date attached

for B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jain

Partner

Membership No. 125710

Ospans

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Umited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh B Chairman DIN: 00068502 G Sanjay Reddy Vice Chairman DIN: 00005282 K Ramakrishna Company Secretary M.No.: F3865

Sachin Anand Dharap Chief Finangial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 47) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the y	ear ended
	Notes	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Continuing Operations			
Revenue from operations Other Income	21	13,873.61	11,332.79
Total income	22	147.59	183.65
		14,021.20	11,516.44
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	23	1,990.23	1,326.22
Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	24	(253.81)	72.69
mployee benefits expense	25	4,111.65	3,294.65
Finance costs	26	235.07	181.36
Depreciation and amortisation expense Other expenses	3, 3A & 5	• -	1,004.89
otal expenses	27	3,975.42	<u>3,467.61</u>
•		11,347.54	9,347.42
rofit from continuing operations before tax		2,673.66	2,169.02
ax expenses			
a) Current tax	28	640.40	520,44
b) Current tax relating to prior years	28	20.81	1.54
c) Deferred tax expense / (benefit)	28	37.82	4.27
ncome tax expense		699.03	526.25
rofit from continuing operations after tax		1,974.63	1,642.77
Piscontinued operations			
rofit before tax from discontinued operations	10		
ax expense of discontinued operations	48		639.28
rofit from discontinued operations after tax	28		104.57
Tone from discontinued operations after tax			534.71
other comprehensive income ("OCI")			
tems that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
ffective portion of cashflow hedge		5.00	
xchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations		6.39	452.53
ncome-tax effect on above	28	(16.89)	(7.21)
The same same same same same same same sam	20	(1.61)	(114.19)
		(12.11)	331.13
tems that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
emeasurement losses on defined benefit plan		8.21	(7.06)
ncome-tax effect on above	28	(1,98)	(7.86)
	20	6.23	2.29
otal other comprehensive income, net of tax		(5.88)	(5.57)
otal comprehensive income for the year		1,968.75	325.56 2,503.04
rofit for the year attributable to:		1,900.75	2,303.04
Equity holders of the Holding Company		1 060 70	1.064.50
Non controlling interest	57	1,960.70 13.93	1,964.59
otal comprehensive income for the year attributable to:		13.93	212.89
Equity holders of the Holding Company		1,954.68	2 200 45
Non controlling interest		14.07	2,290.15
*		14.07	212.89
arnings per share for continuing operations (EPS)	29		
a) Basic		29.20	24.82
b) Diluted		28.87	24.21
arnings per share for discontinued operations	29		
a) Basic		-	4.86
D) Diluted			4.74
			7./7
arnings per share for continuing and discontinued operations	29		
a) Basic		29.20	29.68
b) Diluted		28.87	28.95
Group background and significant accounting policies	182		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised consolidated financial statements. As per our report on revised consolidated financial statements of even date attached

for **BSR&Associates LLP** 

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

ON ans of

**Arpan Jain** Partner

Membership No. 125710

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited** 

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Linyted)

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh Brar

G V Sanjay Reddy Chairman DIN: 00068502

Chairman DIN: 00005282 K Ramakrishna Company Secretary M.No.: F3865

Sachin Anand Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)
Revised Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 47)
(All amounts in  $\overline{x}$  million, expect share data, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital

Educt similes of the cacil issued, subscribed and fully paid														
As at 1 April 2020 Issued during the year	naoriosons (	and tunk ha	!									<b>10</b>	6,69,82,452	669.82
As at 31 March 2021 Issued during the year												φ	6,69,82,452	669.82
As at 31 March 2022 (b) Other equity											. "	9	6,81,38,063	681.38
					Reserves and surplus	1 surplus				Items of OCI	of OCI			
Particulars	Securities premium	Retained earnings	General	Capital S reserve	Share based payment reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Gross obligation to non-controlling interest under put options	Treasury	Effective portion of cashflow hedge	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other equity attributable to owners of parents	Non- controlling Interest	Total other equity
Balance as of 1 April 2020 On account of composite scheme of	185.81	6,319.82	204.81	(547.11)	119.65	(0.0	. K		(148.85)	(229.92)	17.79	5,922.00	266 236	5,922.00
arrangement (refer note 47)	0	4 210 67		1000	110 66	ű a	200	M R		Ĝ	. !	76.500	300.32	1,029.84
(Restated)	10000	20.616,0	60.112	70'001	60'611	•)	3.50		(148.85)	(229,92)	17.79	6,585.52	366.32	6,951.84
Profit for the year	8.5	2,177,48	W S	0 <b>∔</b> 9	9.1	0.5	9.5	13917	· ·		E	2,177,48	212.89	2,390.37
Employee stock compensation cost	( )	(8.5)		k 24	6.25	i iz	1 15	9734	11.5	338.34	(7.21)	325.56 6.25	ř č	325.56 6.25
On account of Business Combination	ž	×	×	si .	*	â	ž	528	37	ij.	3	((*)	212.53	212.53
Utilised on account of buyback of	•	(13.99)	$\widetilde{E}$	F	(4.29)	ř	8.	*	,	*	ř	(18.28)	Û	(18.28)
stock options Dividends	¥.	(662.21)	£	¥0	8	ĕ	e)		Ε	æ	ė	(662.21)	8	(662.21
Balance as of 1 April 2021	185.81	7,815.53	211.05	106.81	121.61	34	3:36		(148.85)	108.42	10.58	8,414.32	791.74	9,206,06
Non-controlling interest arising on the acquisition of exheitiers	*	٠	×	v	W.	ž	31	Đ.	13*	7.0	ø	(1	499,00	499.00
Profit for the year	Ř	1,960.70	*	96	9	.4	25	0	198	119	Q.	1,960.70	13,93	1,974.63
Other comprehensive income	i	60'9	٠	٠	÷	ı é	6	41	*	4.78	(16.89)	(6,02)	0.14	(5.88)
Transfer to Debenture redemption reserve	Ž	(200.00)	Ŋ.	ř.	Ř	200.00	÷	(K)	*	×		ж	15	×
Issue of share capital	205.52	ā	ď	9	i.	1191	:0		,	,	U A	205.52	,	205.52
Employee stock compensation cost		Ŕ	ij	1	75.93	: B)	. <b>x</b>	C 963	(*)		1.10	75.93		75,93
Utilised on account of exercise of		ī	(8)	*	(54.33)		:10	()	1,98	(#	778	(52.35)	24	(52.35)
On account of composite scheme of	*		×	(946.10)		æ	x	¥	,	(5.37)	(2.09)	(953,56)	(791.74)	(1,745.30)
an angement (reject note 47) Recognition of put option liability during the year	Už.	ñ.	,	ğ	91	2000	(40)	(4.00)	(4))	ж	0.	(4.00)	#It	(4.00)
Raisnes se of 24 March 2022	40. 44	00000												

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised consolidated financial statements. As per our Report on revised consolidated financial statements of even date attached

for B S R & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jahn Deut

Membership No. 125710

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

Company Set M.No.: F3865 Mjay Reddy DIN: 00005282 Sachlin Angred Dharap Davinder Singh Bra

Chairman DIN: 00068502

r

Biosciences Private

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly kpd
CRI, U74999TG2000PTC035826

K-Ramakris

Manmahesh Kantipudi Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Chief Figancial Officer

# Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 47) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	For the y	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	2,673.66	2,808.30
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,288.98	1,052.57
- Property, plant and equipment written-off - Foreign exchange difference	0.71	2.15
- Loss/(income) from investments	0.64	(0.34)
- Finance and interest income	(61.80)	(131.96)
- Liabilities no longer required written-back	(30.28)	(52,44)
- Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	•	(4.11)
- Interest expense	235.07	185.97
- Employee stock compensation expense	75.93	18.84
- (Reversal)/provision for doubtful debts, net	(22,42)	38.61
- Unrealised foreign exchange fluctuation gain	(6.70)	(47,39)
Adjustments for working capital changes:	<b>(</b> == <b>)</b>	( ,
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(315.98)	59.76
Increase in trade receivables	(88.48)	(291.75)
(Increase)/decrease in short term loans given	(0.10)	67.24
Increase in other financial assets	(11.33)	(58.12)
Increase in other current assets	(64.99)	(169.18)
Increase in trade payables	179.86	144.39
(Decrease)/increase in other current financial liabilities	196.81	100.22
Increase in provisions	45.58	56.38
Increase in other current liabilities	270,49	190.13
Cash generated from operations	4,365.65	3,969.27
Income-tax paid	(791.09)	(586.31)
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,574.56	3,382.96
Cash flow used in investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment incl. CWIP and Capital advances	(3,518.49)	(1,551.82)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	(3,510.49)	4.20
(Investment in)/Redemption of fixed deposits, net	(534.06)	(523,24)
Income from Investments	107.01	(323,24)
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries	(1,074.08)	(273.13)
Redemption of mutual funds, net	(1,074.00)	10.10
Finance and interest income received	77.17	132.02
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,942.45)	(2,201.53)
		(2,201.33)



## Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Revised Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2022 (refer note 47) (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

	For the ye	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	162.75	<b>3</b> /
Payment of dividends	3.50	(662.21)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	3,480.00	: <b>2</b> )
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(311.64)	(137.49)
Proceeds from/ (repayment) of short-term borrowings, net	(419.29)	(100.90)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(134.12)	(139.67)
Employee stock options bought back	900	(18.33)
Interest expense paid	(178.99)	(167.19)
Net cash generated/(used) in financing activities	2,598.71	(1,225.79)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,230.82	(44.36)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,295.93	1,269.08
Cash and cash equivalents as on acquisition date of a subsidiary	118.65	
Cash and cash equivalents received on account of composite scheme of arrangement	(368.02)	67.73
Effect of exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currency	3.91	3.48
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,281.29	1,295.93
Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 11)		
Balances with banks		
On current accounts	974.64	935.42
Fixed deposits with maturity of less than 3 months	1,305.84	360.00
Cash on hand	0.81	0.51
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	2,281.29	1,295.93

The above revised consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard - 7 on Statement of Cash Flows.

Refer note 16 for net debt reconciliation

As per our Report on Revised Consolidated Financial Statements of even date attached

for BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Membership No. 125710

**Arpan Jain** 

Partner

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh Br Chairman

DIN: 00068502

DIN: 00005282

Sanjay Reddy

ice enairman Company Secretary M.No.: F3865

K Ramakrishna

Sachin Anand Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad Date: 03 August 2022

# 1. Company and group overview

The revised consolidated financial statements comprise the revised financial statements of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") for the year ended 31 March 2022. The Group was incorporated in the year 2000 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Group is primarily engaged in providing contract research and development services to global Pharmaceutical and Biotechnology companies. The Company's headquarter is located at 28 A, IDA Nacharam, Hyderabad, Telangana 500076, India.

These revised consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 03 August 2022. The earlier consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 were first approved by the Board of Directors on 26 May 2022. The earlier consolidated financial statements of the Company are being revised pursuant to an approved Scheme of Arrangement, the details of which are stated in note 47.

Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	% of hole	ding
	·	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	United States of America	100.00%	100.00%
GVK Biosciences BV	Netherlands	100.00%	100.00%
Intox Private Limited*	India	76.00%	=
Aragen Foundation	India	100.00%	5
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited**	India	®.	60.56%
GVK Davix Research Private Limited**	India	-	100.00%
GVK Biosciences Inc.,**	United States of America	-	100.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the equity interest on 19.28% considered as deferred consideration

Parent Company for all the above subsidiaries is Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited). The principal activities of the above subsidiaries include providing contract research and development services.

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) is the sponsoring entity of Employee Stock Option Plan ('ESOP') trusts. Management of the Company can appoint and remove the trustees and provide funding to the trust for buying the shares. Basis assessment by the management, it believes that the ESOP trusts are designed to be controlled by the Company and therefore it needs to be consolidated under Ind AS 110.

# List of trusts that are consolidated

GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The revised consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind. AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ("the Rules") (as amended).

# (b) Basis of preparation of revised consolidated financial statements

The revised consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following item:

Defined benefit liability/(assets); fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised value

The accounting policies applied by the Group are consistent with those used in the prior periods.

# (c) Basis of consolidation:

Subsidiaries including trust:

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The revised consolidated financial statements comprise the revised financial statements of the Company, its controlled trusts and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2022. Control is Action when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability of affect those returns through its power over the investee. ciences

Specifically the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

• Power by over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the investee);

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<sup>\*\*</sup>Refer note 47 on Scheme of arrangement

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

- · Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- · The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights; and
- The size of the group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the revised consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Revised consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the revised consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the revised consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent Group, i.e., year ended on 31 March.

#### Consolidation procedure:

- (a) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the revised consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- (b) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill,

Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the revised consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

#### (d) Business combinations and goodwill

The Group accounts for its business combinations under acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the condition for recognition are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Purchase consideration paid in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after reassessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognized as capital reserve. Goodwill is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.





#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (e) Business combination under common control transactions

Business combinations involving entities that are controlled by the group are accounted for using the pooling of interest method as follows:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustment is made to reflect fair values, or recognise any new assets or liabilities. Adjustments are only made
  to harmonize accounting policies.
- The financial information in the revised financial statements in respect of prior periods is restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the revised financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of combination. However, where the business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.
- The balance of retained earnings appearing in the financial statements of the transferor is aggregated with the
  corresponding balance appearing in the financial statements of the transferee or is adjusted against general
  reserve.
- The identity of the reserves is preserved and the reserves of the transferor become the reserves of the transferee.
- The difference, if any, between the amounts recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in
  the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve
  and is presented separately from other capital reserves.

#### (f) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- · it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- · it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle,

# (g) Foreign currencies:

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Group's functional and presentation currency.

The revised financial statements are rounded off to the nearest millions.

#### Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

#### Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

#### Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of foreign currency monetary items or on reporting monetary items of the Group at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

Group companies

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Assets and liabilities of entities with functional currency other than presentation currency have been translated to the presentation currency using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Statement of profit and less have been translated using weighted average exchange rates. Translation adjustments have been reported primarily urrency translation receive in the statement of changes in equity.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (h) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the revised financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

# (i) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue in accordance with Ind-AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'. The Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract (s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligation in contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

# Contract research and manufacturing services income

The Group derives revenues primarily from Contract research and manufacturing services income: Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services or compounds to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those services or compounds.

Arrangement with customers for Contract research and manufacturing services income are either on a time-and-material basis, fixed price or on a sale of compounds.

# Revenue recognition (continued)

In respect of contracts involving research services, in case of 'time and materials' contracts, contract research fee is recognised as services are rendered, in accordance with the terms of the contracts.

Revenues relating to fixed price contracts are recognised based on the percentage of completion method determined based on efforts expended as a proportion to total estimated efforts. The Group monitors estimates of total contract revenue and cost on a routine basis throughout the contract period. The cumulative impact of any change in estimates of the contract revenue or costs is reflected in the period in which the changes become known. In the event that a loss is anticipated on a particular contract, provision is made for the estimated loss.

In respect of contracts involving sale of compounds arising out of contract research, revenue is recognised when a promise in a customer contract (performance obligation) has been satisfied by transferring control over the promised goods to the customer. Control over a promised good refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, those goods. Control is usually transferred upon shipment, delivery to, upon receipt of goods by the customer, in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed with the customers. The amount of revenue amounts selected on behalf of third parties such as sales tax or other taxes directly linked to sales. If a control co

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#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The consideration received by the Group in exchange for its goods may be fixed or variable. Variable consideration is only recognised when it is considered highly probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the underlying uncertainty related to variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

The Group collects GST as applicable, on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Group. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

#### Sale of Products

Revenue from sale of products is recognized at the point-in time when the goods are delivered to the customer.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

#### **Interest Income**

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss

# Use of Significant Judgements in revenue recognition:

The Group's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. The Group assesses the products/services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables.

Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for the contract. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration with elements such as volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives.

The Group uses judgement to determine an appropriate standalone selling price for a performance obligation. The Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct product or service promised in the contract. Where standalone selling price is not observable, the Group uses the expected cost plus margin approach to allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation.

The Group exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Group considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc.

## (j) Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### Deferred tax

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Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### (k) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, impairment losses and specific grant/subsidies, if any. Cost comprise of purchase price, freight, non-refundable taxes and duties, specified foreign exchange gains or losses and any other cost attributable to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalised. Indirect expenditure is capitalised to the extent those relate to the construction activity or is incidental thereto. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

The Group adopted cost model as its accounting policy, in recognition of property, plant and equipment and recognizes transaction vale as the cost.

Direct expenditure incurred and other attributable costs on projects under implementation are treated as unallocated capital expenditure pending allocation to the assets and under construction or in the process of installation are termed as capital work-in-progress and shown at cost in the Balance Sheet.

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of such assets till such time the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that requires substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue as incurred.

# Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as estimated by the management. Management has assessed the useful life of its fixed assets on the basis of technical expert advice and past experience in the industry. The details of useful lives as assessed by the management and as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act is as follows.

Particulars	Management estimate (No. of years)	Schedule II (No. of years)
Buildings (Including Roads)	10- 30 years	10- 30 years
Laboratory equipment	3-7 years	10 years
Plant and machinery	20 years	20 years
Computer and related equipment	3 - 4 years	3 - 6 years
Office equipment	5 - 10 years	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years	10 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated on straight-line method over the lease period or the useful lives as determined by management, whichever is lower.

The Group reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.





#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (I) Intangible assets

Software licenses including computer software

Intangible assets in the nature of software licenses are measured on initial recognition at cost including expenditure incurred towards implementation of such software. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### **Amortization**

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The Group uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed more than four years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Group amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life.

## Technology related intangibles acquired

Intangible assets purchased or acquired in business combination, are measured at cost or fair value as of the date of acquisition, as applicable, less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

#### Amortization of technology

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life which in this case estimated to be five years. Further, the amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed atleast once at each financial year end.

#### Customer relationships intangible assets acquired

Intangible assets purchased or acquired in business combination, are measured at cost or fair value as of the date of acquisition, as applicable, less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

#### Amortization of Customer relationships intangible assets

The intangible assets are amortised over a period of five years as per management's estimate of its useful life, based on the life over which economic benefits are expected to be realised.

#### (m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly and should be
  physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a
  substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has this right when it has the decision-making
  rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the
  decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct the
  use of the asset if either:
  - the Group has the right to operate the asset; or
  - the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

This policy is applied to contracts entered into, or changed, on or after 1 April 2019.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

#### As a lessee

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The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is interlive peasured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any least payments made at or refore the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of distribute and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any least incentives received.

Hyderabad

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an
  optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early
  termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets:

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

# (n) Inventories

Raw material in the nature of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are carried at cost. Cost includes purchase price, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable by the Group from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the Material cost, Actual cost is used in-case of raw materials for manufacturing activities and moving average cost method is used in all other cases. The carrying cost of chemicals, stores and spares and other consumables are appropriately written down when there is a decline in replacement cost of such materials and final services in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold below cost.

Cost of work in progress includes cost of material consumed, labour and manufacturing overheads.

Finished goods are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.

#### (o) Impairment

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital. After impairment, depreciation/amortization is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. Reversal of impairment losses recognized in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the assets are no longer existing or have decreased.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually as at reporting date and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount. When the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.





#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (p) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event i.e., it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A disclosure of the contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the revised financial statements but disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

A contract is considered as onerous when the expected economic benefits to be derived by the Group from the contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision for an onerous contract is measured at the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recongises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract

#### (q) Retirement and other employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Defined contribution plans

The Group's contribution towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme is considered as a defined contribution plan and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Group makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered Provident Fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

#### Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan.

# Gratuity

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity fund, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. The contributions made to the fund are recognised as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognised in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognised in the other comprehensive income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprises actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs,



#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Other long term employee benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets, if any out of which the obligations are expected to be settled. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur

#### (r) Share based payments

**Equity-settled transactions:** The Group measures compensation cost relating to share-based payments using the fair valuation method in accordance with Ind AS 102 (Share Based Payment). Compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the option on a straight line basis. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model (Black-Scholes valuation model). That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

Employees (including senior executives) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

**Cash-settled transactions:** The cost of cash-settled transactions is measured initially at fair value at the grant date using a binomial model. This fair value is expensed over the period until the vesting date with recognition of a corresponding liability. The liability is remeasured to fair value at each reporting date upto and including the settlement date, with changes in fair value recognized in employee benefits expense.

# (s) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

# Financial assets

**Initial recognition and measurement:** All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

**Subsequent measurement:** For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Debt instruments
- · Equity instruments

#### **Debt instruments**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met: a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This category is the most relevant to the Group. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit or Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables. For more information on receivables, refer note 10.

#### **Equity instruments**

Associated and the property of the classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

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#### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the
  received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
  (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither
  transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the
  asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

At inception of designated hedging relationships, the Group documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Group also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other.

#### Cash flow hedges

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in other equity under 'effective portion of cash flow hedges'. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is recognized in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting for cash flow hedges is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other equity remains there until, for a hedge of a transaction resulting in recognition of a non-financial item, it is included in the non-financial item's cost on its initial recognition or, for other cash flow hedges, it is reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods as the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in other equity are immediately reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

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In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the debt instruments, that are measured at amortised cost e.g. loans, deposits, trade receivables and bank balances.

Asso practical expedient, the Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its bridge receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. On that basis, the Group estimates will provision for all the amounts which the management estimates that they are not recoverable.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Financial liabilities

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below;

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

### Loans and borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some of all the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. The fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates

### Financial guarantee contract

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

As guarantees in relation to loans and other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

### Reclassification of financial assets

The Group determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Group's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Group's operations. Such changes evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Group either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Group reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period and impairmed the description of the group does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment)

gains or losses) or interest.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Derivative financial instruments**

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

### Treasury shares:

The Group has created a GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust ("Trust") for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Group uses the Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The Trust buys shares of the Group from the employees, for future grants to employees in pursuant to the Employee Stock Option Scheme. The Group treats the Trust as its extension and shares held by the Trust are treated as treasury shares. Those equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity of the Group. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognised in reserve. Share options exercised during the reporting period are satisfied with treasury shares.

### (t) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

### (u) Cash dividend and non-cash distribution to equity holders of the parent

The Group recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

### (v) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

Non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on individual investment basis.

The Group reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost (net of impairment, if any) annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

### (w) Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per equity share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

### (x) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payment and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.





### Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (y) Segment reporting

Segments are identified taking into consideration the internal organization and management structure as well as the differential risk and returns of the segment in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 'Operating Segment'.

- Based on Group's business model, providing contract research and development services has been considered as
  the only reportable business segment and hence no separate financial disclosures are provided in respect of its
  single business segment.
- Geographical-wise details of the Group's revenues from external customers and its non-current assets (other than
  financial instruments, investments accounted for using the equity method, deferred tax assets and postemployment benefit assets) are specified in note 38.

### (z) Standards issued but not effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

### Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its revised financial statements.

### Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification, and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.

### Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifles which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements.

### Ind AS 106 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its revised financial statements





3 Property, plant and equipment & Capital work-in-progress

	Land^	Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	related related equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Gross block										
As at 31 March 2020	151.22	1,598.21	1,222,60	3,829,97	346.57	2.37	694.68	130.73	298.91	8,275.26
On account of composite scheme of	Ĩ.	:*	e.	9	2.53	N	3.58	48,10	ű	54.21
arrangement (refer note 47)										
On account of business combination	Ř	5.6	ï	3	,	ű.	10	68.0	a	68.0
(refer note 36)										
Additions during the year	*	23,43	83.84	905.23	33.54	1.91	51.21	30.12	38.99	1,168.27
Adjustments/Disposals	*	.*	(0.31)	(83.28)	(0.86)	×	(6.35)	(6,67)	ì	(97,47)
Foreign currency translation reserve	ř		ï	(7.24)		ï	(0,36)	*	(6.27)	(13.87)
As at 31 March 2021	151.22	1,621.64	1,306.13	4,644.68	381.78	4.28	742.76	203.17	331.63	9,387.29
On account of composite scheme of	•	,	•	į	(2,53)	,	(3.58)	(80.69)	,	(56.80)
arrangement (refer note 47)							`			,
On account of business combination	73.22	22.01	57.46	į	4.68	0.35	0.26	0.92	ž	158.90
(refer note 36)						}				
Additions during the year	65.55	918.37	179,76	2,155.08	207,60	2.10	496.06	92.10	0.76	4,117.38
Disposals during the year	¥.	•00	(6.90)	(0.48)	(0.69)	(0.05)	(0.33)	XI	*	(8,45)
Foreign currency translation reserve	*	( <b>x</b> )	ï	14.16	ī	*	0,54	(*)	9,65	24.45
As at 31 March 2022	289.99	2,562,02	1,536.45	6,813,44	590.84	6.68	1,235.81	245.50	342.04	13,622.77
Accumulated depreciation										
As at 31 March 2020	a a	226.72	226.13	1,722,46	134.38	1.36	306.45	90.73	103.69	2,811.92
On account of composite scheme of	Ĩ	14			2.18	3	2.83	35.79	3	40.80
arrangement (refer note 47)										
Charge for the year	*	16.65	69,81	551.38	32,22	0.28	89.22	28.93	36,65	868.40
Adjustments or disposals	٠	(0)	(0.15)	(81.84)	(0.82)	Œ.	(5.89)	(6.62)	•	(95.32)
Foreign currency translation reserve	(3)	104	(i	(4.08)	25	ij	(0.25)	104	(2.29)	(6.62)
As at 31 March 2021	·	286.63	295.79	2,187.92	167.96	1.64	392.36	148.83	138.05	3,619.18
On account of composite scheme of	į	æ	(0)	100	(2.23)	į	(3.23)	(41.16)	9	(46.62)
arrangement (refer note 47)										
On account of business combination	•	0.55	10.57	٠	1.00	0.07	0.10	0.54	٠	12.83
(refer note 36) Objects for the coars	19	5	60.00	705 40	90 94	0.67	000	1	,	0,
		to://	70,00	1100	40.00	ò	100.00	00.71	10.01	2,1U1.49
Disposals during the year	. 1	* 0	(3.11)	(0.15)	* 11	•	(0.03)	* 8	. 1	(3.29)
rotetyn currency translation reserve				13.59			0.44		4.55	18.58
As at 31 March 2022	•	364.72	383,27	2,907.54	213.69	2.38	498.57	146.09	185.91	4,702.17
Net block as at		4		4	1 4	1			,	
As at 31 March 2022 As at 31 March 2021	289.99	2,197,30	1,153,18	3,905.90	377,15	9.40 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0	737.24	99,41	100.00	8,920.60
AS AL 31 MAICH 2021	77.101	10,000,1	1,010.54	2,430,70	70'017	7.04	04.000	#0.#n	130.00	17.00/10

Includes Land amounting to ₹ 47.95 (31 March 2021: ₹ 92.47) allotted to the Group pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Telangana State Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Limited, which is pending registration as at 31 March 2022.

Further includes Land amounting to ₹ 47.64 (31 March 2021: ₹ 47.64) allotted to the Group pursuant to the agreement for sale of land with Karnataka Industrial Area Developement Board, which is pending registration as at 31 March 2022.

Refer note 16 for the details of assets pledged against borrowings.

1017 818



## Depreciation and amortisation expense

	For the year ended
	31 March 2022 31 March 2021
preciation and amortisation expense for the year	1,288.98 1,004.89
	101

### Capital work-in-progress:

Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) comprises expenditure for the building, plant and machinery, laboratory and electrical equipment in the course of construction. The balance of CWIP as at 31 March 2021; ₹745,20). The balance of expenditure during construction period pending allocation as at 31 March 2021 is ₹3.84 (31 March 2021; ₹745,20). The balance of expenditure during construction period pending allocation as at 31 March 2021 is ₹3.84 (31 March 2021; ₹745,20).

# Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Amount in CWIP for a period of	or a period of		
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Ictal
Projects in progress	263.34	14.78	3.77	39.85	321.74
Projects temporarily suspended	34	(#	(6	74	
Total	263.34	14.78	3.77	39.85	321.74
Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at march 31, 2021	farch 31, 2021 is as follows:				
		Amount in CWIP for a period of	or a period of	7	lede?
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	ומרפו
Projects in progress	465.38	178.27	73.63	27.92	745.20

27.92

73.63

Project execution plans are modulated basis capacity requirement assessment on an annual basis and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual plan.

178.27

465.38

Projects in progress Projects temporarily suspended **Total** 

# Details of expenditure capitalised during the year

	AS	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	3.84	3.84
Less: Capitalized during the year	9	
Balance at the end of the year	3.84	3.84

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3A Right-of-use assets
Following are the changes in the carrying values of right of use assets for the year ended 31 March 2022

		Category of F	ROU Assets		Total
	Land	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipments	TOTAL
Balance as at 31 March 2020	203.41	424.41	10.69	45.66	684.17
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)		67.67			67.67
Additions during the year	-	24.57	5.47	101,21	131,25
Disposals during the year		(24.66)			(24.66)
Foreign currency translation reserve	~	(7.09)	*	(0.97)	(8.06)
As at 31 March 2021	203.41	484.90	16.16	145.90	850.37
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)		(55.69)			(55.69)
Additions during the year	_	79.83	26.77		106.60
Adjustments/disposals during the year	_	(43.84)	(10.45)	-	(54,29)
Foreign currency translation reserve	_	10.23	-	22.03	32,26
As at 31 March 2022	203.41	475.43	32.48	167,93	879.25
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2020	3.06	60.06	5.51	15.13	83,76
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)		35.80			35,80
Depreciation	3.22	95.76	3.34	26.77	129.09
Disposals during the year		(24.66)			(24,66
Foreign currency translation reserve		(1.33)		(0.46)	(1,79
As at 31 March 2021	6.28	165.63	8.85	41.44	222.20
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)		(38,83)			(38.83)
Depreciation	3.22	79.87	6.57	29.80	119,46
Adjustments/disposals during the year	9	(28,43)	(10,45)		(38.88)
Foreign currency translation reserve		3,36	- 2	20.66	24.02
As at 31 March 2022	9.50	181.60	4.97	91.90	287.97
Balance as at 31 March 2022	193.91	293,83	27.51	76.03	591.28
Balance as at 31 March 2021	197.13	319.27	7.31	104.46	628.17

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The following is the movement in lease liabilities (including accrued interest)

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	494.77	454.10
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(20.07)	34,21
Additions	106,60	131.25
Deletions from Lease liability	(16.36)	(+):
Finance cost accrued during the period	27.82	29.30
Payment of lease liabilities (incl. interest there on)	(134.12)	(147.63)
Foreign currency translation reserve	7.67	(6.46)
Balance at the end of the year	466.31	494.77

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities As at 31 March 2022 31 March 2021 Current lease liabilities Non-current lease liabilities **Total** 105.31 388.84 123.93 342,38

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Less than one year	141.26	130.08
One to five years	298.91	335.05
More than five years	347.48	387.33
Total	787.65	852.46

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.





4	Goods	BARBI

		A	s at
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	4	558.22	264,73
On account of business combination (refer note 36)		1,353.40	
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)		(293,49)	293.49
		1,618.13	558.22
		1,618.13	

Goodwill impairment testing

The Group tests whether goodwill has suffered any impairment on an annual basis. The calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management. An average of the range of each assumption used is mentioned below.

	AS	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Growth rate	19.6%-21.9%	19.7%-25,4%
Operating margins	23.5%-28.1%	21.4%-25.2%
Discount rate *	15.2%	15.1%

<sup>\*</sup> The above discount rate is based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) which represents the weighted average return attributable to all the assets. These estimates are likely to differ from future actual results of operations and cash flows. Based on the above assessment, there has been no impairment of goodwill.

Other Intangible assets

	Computer Software	Customer Relationships	Developed technology	Trademark	Non- compete agreement	Intellectual property rights	Total
Gross block							
As at 31 March 2020	67.29	•	-	-	-	184.85	252.14
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	13.52			-	-	•	13.52
Additions during the year	11.37	10.66	358.48	10.73	71.89	-	463.13
Foreign currency translation reserve	(0.53)			(a) E	-	(3.93)	(4,46)
As at 31 March 2021	91.65	10.66	358.48	10.73	71.89	180.92	724.33
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(13.52)	(10.66)	(358.48)	(10,73)	(71.89)	•	(465.28)
On account of Business combination (refer note 36)	4.53	228.00	•	-	•	-	232.53
Additions during the year	14.30	-	-	-	_		14.30
Adjustments/Disposals	(0.75)	-	-	-	-		(0,75)
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.77			- t-		5.67	6.44
As at 31 March 2022	96.98	228.00		====		186,59	511.57
Accumulated amortization							
As at 31 March 2020	24.22	-	-	-	-	103.95	128.17
On account of composite scheme of	2.70	-	-	-	-	-	2,70
arrangement (refer note 47)							
Charge for the year	22.80	0.30	8.13	0.24	2.72	20.89	55.08
Foreign currency translation reserve	(0.09)					(2,46)	(2,55)
As at 31 March 2021	49.63	0.30	8.13	0,24	2.72	122.38	183,40
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(5.40)	(0.30)	(8,13)	(0.24)	(2.72)	•	(16.79)
On account of Business combination (refer note 36)	2.59	-	-	-	•	•	2.59
Charge for the year	19.92	27.15	-	-	-	20.96	68.03
Adjustments/Disposals	(0.74)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.74)
Foreign currency translation reserve	0.40	-	-	-		4.24	4.64
As at 31 March 2022	66.40	27.15				147,58	241.13
Net block							
As at 31 March 2022	30.58	200.85	•	€	147	39.01	270.44
As at 31 March 2021	42.02	10.36	350.35	10.49	69,17	58.54	540.93

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening Balance	63.72	
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(63.72)	34.65
Additions during the year	,	
Employee benefit expense		22,63
Others	-	6.44
Less: Capitalized during the year		12
Closing balance		63.72
Note: The intangible assets under development as at 31 March 2022 ₹ Nil (31 March 2021)	: ₹63,72) is towards softwa	re products being

developed for providing services to customers.

Ageing for intangibles under developement as at March 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years i		2-3 years re th	an 3 years	lotal
Projects in progress		-	-	F	
Projects temporarily suspended		390		*	
Total	(4)	-	:-:	· ·	-
Ageing for intangibles under developemen	t as at March 31, 2021 is as follow	/s: As at			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years re th	Total	
Projects in progress	29.08	27.51	7.13	-	63.72
Projects temporarily suspended			VHI,245	*	332-359/33 F
Total	29.08	27.51	7.13		63.72





### 6 Investments

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Unquoted		
Investments designated at fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)		
Investments in equity instruments of other entities		
1,310 (31 March 2021: 1,310) equity shares of ₹1,000 each fully paid-up of Mana Effluent Treatment Private Limited, India	1.31	1.31
51,430 (31 March 2021: 51,430) Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Pattancheru Enverotech Limited (held in the name of Dai-Ichi Karkaria Ltd., pending transfer), India.	0.51	0.51
2,500 Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid-up of Saraswat Co-op Bank Ltd., India	0.03	140
Investments in other securities		
Investment in government securities - National Savings Certificate	0,01	0,01
Total investments	1.86	1.83
-Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof;		·
-Aggregate amount of ungouted investments; and	1.86	1.83
-Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments		(2)

### Note:

Information about the Group's exposure to credit & market risks and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 32,

### 7 Loans

		As at		
	31 March	2022	31 March 2021	
Current				
(Unsecured, considered good)				
Loan to employees	144	1.24	2,44	
		1.24	2.44	
Loans considered good - secured				
Loans considered good - unsecured		1.24	2,44	
Total		1.24	2,44	
Credit Impaired Joans			-	
Total Loans	M = ====	1,24	2.44	

- (i) Loans are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Group. The carrying value may be affected by changes in the credit risk of the counter parties.
- (ii) Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 32.
- (iii) No loans are due by directors or other officer of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons or amounts due by firms or private limited Companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

### 8 Other financial assets

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	73.30	72.42
Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date	406.22	2.70
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	10,76	0.59
	490.28	75.71
Current		
Security deposits	3.30	0.96
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	9.12	51.98
Derivative instruments: (refer note (ii) below)		
-Foreign exchange forward contracts used for hedging	144,10	145.28
Other assets	0.36	0.63
	156.88	198.85
Total financial assets	647.16	274.56
Information about the Course averages to facility over a side and the day of the same	A	1 1 4 1 11 1

(i) Information about the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 32.





### 8 Other financial assets (continued)

### (ii) Derivative instruments:

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Total derivative instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6.73	11.89	
Total derivative instruments through OC!	(144.10)	(145.28)	

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk which arises from its foreign exchange revenues and expenses, primarily in U.S. dollars, British pounds sterling and Euros, and foreign currency debt in U.S. dollars.

The Group uses forward contracts and swap contracts (derivatives) to mitigate its risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

In respect of the aforesald foreign exchange derivative contracts, the Company has recorded, as part of foreign exchange gains and losses, a net gain of ₹ 6,39 and ₹ 452,53 for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 respectively.

### Hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions

Foreign exchange forward contracts that are designated as cash flow hedges and qualify for hedge accounting are fair valued at each reporting date and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income under 'Cash Flow Hedge' in Equity to the extent considered highly effective and are reclassified into the statement of profit & loss upon occurrence of the hedged transactions. Gain or loss on derivative instruments that are either not designated as cash flow hedges or designated as cash flow hedges to the extent considered ineffective is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of the aforesaid hedges of highly probable forecasted transactions, the Group has recorded, in reserves and surplus, a net gain of \$ 4.78 and \$ 338.34 for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Group has also recorded, as part of revenue, a net gain/(loss) of \$235.19 and \$37.33 during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 respectively.

The net carrying amount of the Group's "hedging reserve" was a gain/(loss) of ₹107.83 as at 31 March 2022, as compared to 108.42 as at 31 March 2021.

### Derivative instruments at fair value through profit or loss

The table below summarises the periods when the forecasted cash flows associated with hedging instruments that are classified as cash flow hedges, are expected to occur:

Particulars	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Cash flows in U.S. Dollars (figures in equivalent rupee millions)			
Not later than one month	23.43	36.02	
Later than one month and not later than three months	18.07	39.91	
Later than three months and not later than six months	23,26	37.58	
Later than six months and not later than one year	67.70	31,77	
Later than one year	11.64		
Total	144.10	145,28	

### 9 Inventories

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value			
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	374.88	315,16	
Work-in-progress	451.73	258,45	
Finished goods	81.97	8.21	
Stores and spares	78,90	89.12	
	987.48	670,94	
The above includes stock in transit:			
Raw materials, chemicals and consumables	4.27		
Finished goods	43.01	4.39	
Stores and spares	80,0	360	
	47.36	4.39	
Note:	-		

The write down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ 58.30 (31 March 2021: ₹ 123.55). The write down are included in cost of materials consumed and changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods.





10 Trade receivables

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Unsecured considered good			
- related parties (refer note 42(c))	15.65	⊙e:	
- other parties	2,415.66	2,547.92	
	2,431.51	2,547.92	
Unsecured considered doubtful	•	-•	
- related parties (refer note 42(c))	14.48	35	
- other parties	86.04	396.38	
	100.52	396.38	
Less: Provision for loss allowance	(100,52)	(396.38	
Total trade receivables	2,431.51	2,547.92	
Break-up of security details			
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Frade receivables considered good - secured	S	7.77	
Frade receivables considered good - unsecured	2,431.51	2,547.92	
Frade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	12,06	25.67	
Trade receivables - credit Impaired	88.46	370.71	
Total	2,532,03	2,944.30	
Less : Provision for loss allowance	(100.52)	(396.38	
Total trade receivables	2,431.51	2,547.92	

- (i) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Group either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.
- (ii) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days, (iii) For terms and conditions of Trade receivables from related parties refer note 42.
- (iv) The Group exposure to credit risk and foreign currency risk and loss allowances related to Trade receivables are disclosed in note 32.

(v) Reconciliation of loss allowance

Particulars	Amount
Provision for loss allowance as on 01 April 2020	369.86
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(11.12)
Provision for expected credit losses during the year	38,61
Impact of foreign exchange	(0.97)
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2021	396.38
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	10,34
Provision for expected credit losses/(reversals) during the year	(22.42)
Adjustment against Bad debts written-off	(257.98)
Impact of foreign exchange translations	(25,80)
Provision for loss allowance as on 31 March 2022	100.52

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2022:

	0	utstanding	for following	g periods fro	m due date of pa	yment	
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good :	1,593.98	721,87	-	•	-	•	2,315,85
<ul><li>(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables</li><li>which have significant increase</li><li>in credit risk</li></ul>	-	-	2,00	2.56	7.50	-	12.06
(ili) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		15.15	13.20	2.07	2.25	19,37	52.04
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	•		*	*:	(*)
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	•	•	-	•
(vi) Dîsputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	9	ē	ĕ	3	13.90	22.52	36,42
Unbilled Receivables	*	*	*	-	(94)		115.66
Impairment allowance (allowance for doubtful debts)	٠	ê	2	le:		-	(100.52)
Total	1,593.98	737.02	15.20	4.63	23.65	41.89	2,431.51





Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2021:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						-0.0
	Not Due	Loce than	6 months -1 year		2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,875.36	517.00	1.16		7.05		2,400.57
<ul><li>(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables</li><li>which have significant increase in credit risk</li></ul>	(( <b>e</b> )	*		13.11	12,56	590	25,67
(lil) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	S#3	0.16	28.01	1.64	8.70	261.30	299.81
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	12	<b>\$</b>	114	12	\$	*	*
<ul><li>(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk</li></ul>	(e)	*	)( <del>4</del> )		*	3 <b>*</b> 3	
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	(*)	*	31,84	13.48	21,44	4.14	70.90
Unbilled Receivables		9			9		147,35
Impairment allowance (allowance for doubtful debts)	0 <b>€</b>	ě	999	9	æ	780	(396.38)
Total	1,875.36	517.16	61.01	28.23	49.75	265.44	2,547.92
Cash and bank balances							
							at
						31 March 2022	31 March 2021

### 11

	ns at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
(A) Cash and cash equivalents			
Balances with banks			
-In current accounts	974.64	935.42	
-Fixed deposits (Maturity period less than 3 months)	1,305.84	360.00	
Cash on hand	0.81	0.51	
	2,281.29	1,295.93	
(B) Bank balances other than (A) above			
Deposits with remaining maturity for less than 12 months	1,401.78	1,774.03	
Margin money deposits with banks (refer note below)	6.70	10.65	
	1,408.48	1,784.68	

### Note:

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had ₹6,70 (31 March 2021 : ₹10,65) margin money deposits which are subject to first charge to secure the Group's letter of credit and bank guarantee arrangements.

### 12 Other assets

	As	at
M	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Non-current		
Capital advances	12.71	31.51
Balances lying with government authorities	€.	4.45
Prepaid expenses	3.56	14.20
	16.27	50.16
Current		
Advance for expenses	75.80	50.52
Balances lying with government authorities*	599,84	594.43
Prepaid expenses	109.33	105.16
Others		7.83
	784.97	757.94
*Induded		

<sup>\*</sup>Includes deposits paid under protest of ₹ 2.50 (31 March 2021: ₹ 2.50)

No other assets are due from directors or other officers of the Group either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables from related parties represent dues from private companies in which a director is director or a member.





### 13 Equity share capital

		A	s at	
	31 March	2022	31 March 2	2021
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorized (Equity shares of ₹10 each)	1440-240-244			
Balance at the beginning of the year	11,50,00,000	1,150.00	11,50,00,000	1,150.00
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 42)	2,70,00,000	270.00	*	
Balance at the end of the year	11,50,00,000	1,420.00	11,50,00,000	1,150.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity shares of ₹10 each	6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82
	6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82

### (a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting period

31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
Number	Amount	Number	Amount
6,69,82,452	669.82	6,69,82,452	669.82
11,55,611	11.56	•	
6,81,38,063	681.38	6,69,82,452	669.82
	Number 6,69,82,452 11,55,611	Number         Amount           6,69,82,452         669.82           11,55,611         11.56	Number         Amount         Number           6,69,82,452         669.82         6,69,82,452           11,55,611         11.56         -

### (b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company

	31 March	n 2022	31 Marc	h 2021
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding
Equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid				
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy	2,20,56,824	32.37%	1,05,22,420	15.71%
Investment Trust)				
Mr. Davinder Singh Bran	1,63,93,860	24,06%	1,05,22,420	15,71%
WSCPVIII (Singapore) Pte, Ltd,	1,11,41,008	16.35%		
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	64,10,232	9.41%		
Goldman Sachs Capital Holdings III Pte. Ltd	51,59,708	7.57%		*
WSCPVIII Emp (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	46,99,518	6.90%	:=	*
Destiny Investments Limited	56	€	1,12,35,160	16.77%
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited (refer note 47)		<u>\$</u>	3,39,00,000	50.61%

The Shareholding pattern of the Company changed pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement during the year ended 31 March 2022. Refer note 47.

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(d) Shareholding of promoters/promoters group

	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	•	
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	1,63,93,860	24,06%	1,05,22,420	15,71%	8.35%	
Gunupati Aparna Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Investment Trust)	2,20,56,824	32.37%	1,05,22,420	15.71%	16.66%	
Gunupati Apama Reddy (as a Trustee of Reddy Family Trust)	9,08,379	1.33%	8.	0.00%	1,33%	
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	64,10,232	9.41%	2	0.00%	9.41%	
Mr. Anandbir Singh Brac	1,61,111	0.24%	-	0.00%	0.24%	
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited (refer note 47)	199		3,39,00,000	50.61%	-50.61%	





### 13 Equity Share capital (continued)

### (e) Shares reserved for issue under employee stock option scheme(ESOP):

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Holding Company during their meeting held on the 21 April 2006, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2007' with a pool of 450,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of \$10 each. The options so granted are subject to progressive vesting over a period of four years from the date of grant on an annual basis in the proportion of 20%, 20%, 30% and 30%, respectively, and can be exercised within a period of 5 years from the date of vesting in the event of Holding Company being listed or the same can be exercised within 5 years from the date of listing or such other early period and such number as determined by Board of Directors of the Holding Company from time to time. Further, the board of directors vide resolution dated 16 March 2017, agreed to issue 3 bonus ESOP's for each ESOP held. Accordingly, adjustments have been made in respect of exercise price and number of ESOP's.

Pursuant to special resolution passed by the members of the Holding Company during their meeting held on the 24 May 2017, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company instituted an Employee Stock Option Plan 'ESOP-2017' with a pool of 2,000,000 stock options. The said stock options would be granted to the eligible employees, duly identified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, in various tranches. Each option comprises of one underlying equity share of ₹10 each issued directly by the Holding Company or transfer through the trust. The options so granted shall vest within not earlier than one (1) year and not more than four years, and can be exercised in the event of Holding Company being listed or at such times and under other conditions as determined by Board of Directors of the Holding Company set forth in the Grant Letter. The vesting period for the grants during the year are 20%, 25%, 25% and 30%.

The Group has accounted for employee deferred compensation expense using fair value method for options granted at a price lower than the market values.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2022 were as follows:

		31 March 2022			31 March 2021		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price ₹	Range of exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price र	Range of exercise price	
Outstanding, beginning of the year	21,95,485	193.56	10 to 702	23,21,235	169,70	10 to 396	
Granted during the year	1,37,720	429,55	702.00	1,30,000	702.00	702,00	
Forfeited during the year	150	235.40	235.40	2,55,750	235.40	235.40	
Exercised during the year	11,55,611	94.34	10 to 396			(8)	
Outstanding, end of the year	11,77,444	318,53	10 to 702	21,95,485	193.56	10 to 702	
Exercisable at the end of the year	8,33,826	155.77	10 to 702	16,88,427	128.08	10 to 396	

Options outstanding at 31 March 2022 had an exercise price in the range of ₹10 to ₹702 (31 March 2021: ₹10 to ₹702), and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.58 years (31 March 2021: 0.38 years).

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions;

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Risk free interest rate	5,46%	6.48%
Remaining contractua) life	0,58	0.38
Expected life of share options (years)	0-4 years	0-4 years
Expected volatility (%)	19.94%	24.06%
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.00%	0.00%

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.





### 13 Equity Share capital (continued)

### Aragen Bioscience Inc. ("Aragen")

On 9 January 2009, Aragen's board of directors adopted, the Aragen's 2008 Equity Incentive Plan (the plan). Under the plan, the option exercise price per share would be \$1.00 per share. The option granted under the plan would vest over 4 years. The fair value of the option on the grant date is \$1.00 per share. The Aragen has granted 396,000 shares under the plan in January 2009,

During the previous year, Aragen's Board of Directors adopted, the Aragen's Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the plan), Under the plan, the aption exercise price per share would be \$7.42 per share. The Option granted under the plan would vest over 4 years, the fair value of the option on the grant date is \$7.42 per share. The Aragen has approved 168,000 shares under the plan in July 2018.

Changes in number of shares representing stock options outstanding as at 31 March 2022 were as follows:

	31 March 2022			As at 31 March 2021		
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Range of exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Range of exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of the year	78,540	12.80	7.42 to 18.08	1,10,540	10,08	7,42 to 13.23
Granted during the year	3,200	11,34	11,34	12,000	18.08	16.08
Forfelted during the year	29,165		13.23	20,400	2	0.50
Exercised during the year	2	-	*	23,600	18.08	18.08
Outstanding, end of the year	52,575	12.47	7.42 to 18.08	78,540	12.80	7.42 to 18.08
Exercisable at the end of the year	32,415	12.30	12.30	10,140	13.23	13.23

During the previous year, Aragen Bioscience Inc., has bought back 23,600 ESOPs which are vested by the employees at fair value of \$

The fair value of options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton method with the following assumptions;

		31 March 2022 31	March 2021
Risk free interest rate		2.75%	2.75%
Expected life of share options (years)		5.51	5.51
Expected volatility (%)	Tall	26,50%	26.50%
Expected dividend yield (%)		0.00%	0.00%

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

- (f) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: Nil), the Holding Company has not bought back any shares,
- (g) During the 5 years ended 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021: Nil) no shares were allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash.





### 14 Other equity

	As at	
	31 March 2022 3	1 March 2021
Securities premium		
Balance at the beginning of the year add: Received during the year	185.81	185,61
Balance at the end of the year	205,52 391,33	185.81
reasury shares	332.00	203104
alarice at the beginning of the year	(148.85)	(140.05)
dd: Share purchases during the year	1.98	(148.85)
alance at the end of the year	(146.87)	(148,85)
apital reserve	(,	(-1-100)
alance at the beginning and end of the year	106.81	(547.11)
dd: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(946.10)	653,92
alance at the end of the year	(839.29)	106.81
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(035,25)	100.81
eneral reserves	225	*****
blance at the beginning and end of the year ld: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	211.05	204,81
alance at the end of the year	211.05	6.24 211.05
•	222,03	
etained earnings		
plance at the beginning of the year	7,815.53	6,319.82
ld: Net profit for the year from continuing operations	1,960.70	1,642.77
ld: Net profit for the year from discontinued operations  Id: Other comprehensive income net of tax	5.00	534.71
ss: Transfer to debenture redemption reserve	6.09 (200,00)	(5.57)
ss: Utilized on account of buyback of stock options	(200,00)	(13,99)
ss: Dividends paid	•	(662.21)
alance at the end of the year	9,582.32	7,815.53
·	ŕ	,
fective portion of cash flow hedge Ilance at the beginning of the year	108.42	/220.023
ld: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(5.37)	(229.92)
ld: Other comprehensive income net of tax	4,78	338.34
plance at the end of the year	107.83	108,42
preign currency translation reserve plance at the beginning of the year	10.58	17,79
id: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(2.09)	17.79
id: Reserve for the year	(16.89)	(7.21)
blance at the end of the year	(8.40)	10.58
apital redemption reserve		
plance at the beginning of the year	3.36	(1/8)
dd: On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	3,30	3.36
plance at the end of the year	3,36	3,36
14	5.55	
sbenture redemption reserve		
plance at the beginning of the year	9	(e)
d: Transfer from retained earnings	200.00	
plance at the end of the year	200.00	-
nare based payment reserve		
plance at the beginning of the year	121.61	119.65
ld: Gross compensation for stock options granted during the year	75.93	6.25
ss: Transfer to share premium on account of exercise of options	(54,33)	(4.29)
plance at the end of the year	143.21	121.61
oss obligation to non-controlling interest under put options		
lance at the beginning of the year		1000
overnent during the year	(4,00)	1371
alance at the end of the year	(4.00)	
otal other equity		0.414.55
nrai ornei edanà	9,640.54	8,414.32

### Nature and purpose of reserves

Securities premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. This reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies act 2013.

### Treasury shares

Represents equity shares of the Group held by the controlled trusts,

### Capital reserve

Represents reserve created on merger of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) and Inogent Laboratories Private Limited, merger of GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited into Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited and on consolidation of Aragen Bioscience, Inc.

### General reserve

General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes.

### Share based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the value of equity-settled share based payments provided to employees, including key management personnel, as part of their remuneration. The amounts recorded in this account are transferred to share premium upon exercise of stock options by employees. In case of lapse, corresponding balance is transferred to general reserve.





### 14 Other equity (continued)

Effective portion of cash flow hedge
This reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of change in fair value of derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges. It will be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

### Capital redemption reserve

Represents the nominal value of shares bought back by GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited,

### Gross obligation to non-controlling interest under put options

Represents the fair value of the put option obligation towards the acquisition of balance stake in Intox Private Limited,

### Debenture redemption reserve ("DRR")

The Holding Company has issued redeemable non-convertible debentures. Accordingly, the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended), require the Holding Company to create DRR out of profits of the Holding Company available for payment of dividend. DRR is required to be created for an amount which is equal to 10% of the value of debentures issued.

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interim Dividend on equity shares declared and paid:		
Interim dividend declared and paid to the shareholders of the Company	-	474.25
Interim dividend declared and paid to the shareholders of the GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited	•	102,77
Interim dividend declared and paid to the shareholders of the Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	-	85.19
	-	662.21
Proposed dividends on equity shares#:  Proposed final equity dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021: ₹ 8.64 per share (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil per share)	588,71	<b></b>
	588.71	i <del>a</del>

<sup>#</sup> Proposed dividend includes dividend payable to GVK Bio employee welfares trust ₹ 6.91 (31 March 2021; ₹ Nil)

### (b) Treasury Shares

	Number of shares	Amount
As at 01 April 2020	(8,02,452)	(148.85)
Add: Shares acquired during the year		1960
As at 31 March 2021	(8,02,452)	(148.85)
Add: Shares acquired/(disposed) during the year	3,000	1,98
As at 31 March 2022	(7,99,452)	(146.87)

### 15 Non-controlling interest (NCI)

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Balance at the beginning of the year	791,74	( <del>*</del> )	
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(791,74)	366.32	
Non-controlling interest arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries (refer note 36)	499.00	212,53	
Share of profit during the year	13.93	212.89	
Share of other comprehensive income during the year	0,14		
Balance at the end of the year	513.07	791.74	

### 16 Borrowings

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Non-current borrowings			
Secured bank toans			
-Foreign currency loans (Note (i))	1,286.22	430.84	
-Indian Rupee term loans (Note (i))	1,575.00	1,250,00	
7.75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures	1,980.84		
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings	(439.78)	(331,67)	
	4,402.28	1,349.17	
Current borrowings	-		
Secured bank loans			
Working capital loans from bank (Note (iii))		200.91	
Foreign currency packing credit and buyers credit loan (Note (ii))	333,66	779.05	
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	439.78	331.67	
Unsecured loans from related parties (refer note (v))	32.35	9,65	
	805.79	1,321.28	





<sup>#</sup> Proposed dividends on equity shares are subject to approval at the annual general meeting and are not recognised as a liability (including tax on proposed dividend thereon) as at 31 March,

### 16 Borrowings (continued)

Note (i)

### a) Details of security of long term borrowings:

Foreign currency term loans

(i) ECB Loan from CITI Bank of ₹282.70 (31 March 2021: ₹430.84) has exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam.

(ii) Term loans of ₹ 502.66 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant &

equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x. The Holding Company has entered into a currency swap agreement in USD and hence designated the loan as foreign currency term loan,

(iii) Term loans of ₹ 500,86 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) from Citl Bank are secured by a exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment of the plant located at Plot No.94, Lemerthi (V), Ramky SEZ, Parawada, Vishakhapatnam. The Holding Company has entered into a currency swap agreement in USD and hence designated the loan as foreign currency term loan,

Indian rupee term loans

(i) Term loans of ₹400.00 (31 March 2021: ₹500.00) from Federal Bank Limited are secured by first charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.

(ii) Term loans of ₹675.00 (31 March 2021: ₹ 750.00) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant & equipment excluding immovable property at Nacharam facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x.
(iii) Term loans of ₹500.00 (31 March 2021: ₹ NiI) from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited are secured by exclusive charge on Property plant &

equipment, movable CWIP excluding immovable property at Nacharam and Bangalore facility with minimum asset cover of 1.25x,

7.75% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures

7.75% Non-convertible debentures of ₹1,980.84 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) are issued on private placement by the Holding Company during the year. Such dependings are secured by first charge on Property plant & equipment, movable CWIP including immovable property at Mallapur unit with minimum asset cover of 1.25x and are repayable at the end of 36 months form the date of allotment.

b) Terms of repayment of long term borrowings:

	As	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Within 1 year	439.78	331.67		
1 - 2 years	846.67	369.17		
2 - 5 years	3,442.51	980.00		
> 5 years	113.10			
	4,842.06	1,680.84		

c) The foreign currency loans carries an annual interest rate of 1.90% - 3.80% (31 March 2021: 4.00%) and is repayable in quarterly instalments as agreed. Indian Rupee loans carry an annual fixed rate of interest of 7.00% - 7.75% (31 March 2021: 8.5% - 9.0%) and is repayable in quarterly/half yearly/tri-annually instalments as agreed.

Working capital loans from banks, are secured by: Pari-passu first charge on the current assets of the Group, These loans carry annual interest rate in the range of 7.80% to 11.00% (31 March 2020; 7.80% to 11.00%) per annum,

Foreign currency packing credit and buyers' credit are repayable over a period of three to six months and are secured against first charge on current assets including, receivables. These loans carry an annual interest rate in the range of 0,80% to 2,25% (31 March 2021: 1% to 4,87%) per annum.

### Loan covenants

Bank loans contain certain debt covenants relating to limitation on indebtness, debt equity ratio, net borrowings to Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The Group has satisfied all debt covenants prescribed in the terms

### Note (iii)

Net Debt reconciliation

	Other assets Liabilities from financing activities				
	Cash and cash equivalents	Non- Current borrowings	Current borrowings	Interest accrued*	Total
Net debt as at 31 March 2020	1,269,08	1,852.48	1,100.42	29.14	(1,712.96)
Cash flows	(44.36)	(137.49)	(100.90)	181	194.03
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	67,73	*		10 <b>8</b> 0	67,73
Foreign exchange adjustments	3.48	(34.15)	(9.91)	7.57	47.54
Interest expense	150			169.89	(169,89)
Interest paid	: ·		4	(167.19)	167.19
Net debt as at 31 March 2021	1,295.93	1,680.84	989.61	31.84	(1,406.36)
Cash flows	1,230.82	3,168,36	(419.29)	(3)	(1,518.25)
On account of business combination (refer note 36)	118,65		=	359	118,65
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(368,02)	ş	(200,91)	043	(167,11)
Foreign exchange adjustments	3.91	(7.14)	(3.40)	390	14.45
Interest expense	348	2	≨	206.59	(206.59)
Interest paid	140			(178.99)	178.99
Net debt as at 31 March 2022	2,281.29	4,842.06	366.01	59.44	(2,986.22)

\* Excludes Interest accrued on MSME dues ₹5.45 (31 March 2021: ₹5.70) and interest on lease liabilities ₹27.84 (31 March 2021: ₹29.30).





Note (iv) Sensitivity:

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates

	Change in rate	Impact on pr	ofit after tax
	Change in race	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Foreign currency loans	Increase by 1%	(12.12)	(9.05)
INR Loans	Decrease by 1%	12.12	9.05
	Increase by 1%	(11.79)	(10.86)
	Decrease by 1%	11.79	10.86

### Note (v):

The loans from related parties amounts to ₹ 32.35 (31 March 2021: ₹ 9.65) carry an interest rate of 9% per annum and is repayable on demand.

(d) The Group had filed appropriate form for satisfaction of charges before Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad with respect to the charges amounting to ₹ 36,50 (31 March 2021: ₹ 36,50) created against the Group and there are no borrowing outstanding with respect to the same. The Group has been continuously pursuing with the authorities to reflect the same on their website.

### 17 Provisions

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Non-current			
Provision for employee benefits			
-Gratuity (refer note 25(b))	173.75	159.1	
-Compensated absences	101.71	87.7	
	275.46	246.86	
Current			
Provision for employee benefits			
-Gratuity (refer note 25(b))	15,35	14,9	
-Compensated absences	19,62	18.1	
	34.97	33.1	
Trade payables			
	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Tuesda wayabilaa	31 March 2022	21 MS	

	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Trade payables			
- related parties (note 42(c))	9.27	0.53	
-Total oustanding dues of micro and small enterprises	129.22	86.16	
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	1,124,68	1,054.22	
	1,263.17	1,140.91	

- (a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 0-90 day terms
- (b) For terms and conditions with related parties, refer to note 42,
- (c) Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 32.

### Disclosure required under Clause 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006('MSMED Act')

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filling of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2022 has been made in the revised financial statements based on information received and available with the Group. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Group has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(i) The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of each accounting year		
- Principal amount due to micro and small enterprise	237.71	86,16
- Interest due on above	0.43	0.39
(ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	697.18	478.72
(iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006	*	2
(iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	5.45	5.70
(v) Interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years, in terms of Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	30.52	25.07
Post to Minns and Caroll Categories have been been a large to the second		

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.





Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due- Trade Le Payables	ess than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	79.22	42.97	0.84	0.61	5.58	129.22
(ii) Others	392.26	317,47	5.15	4,35	3.99	723.22
(iil) Disputed dues-MSME	(#0)	(#)	*	*		54
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	***	25	2	<b>2</b>	=	
(v) Accrued for expenses	120					410,73
	471.48	360,44	5.99	4.96	9.57	1,263.17

Trade payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2021

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due- Trade Le Payables	ss than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	67.70	47.67	2.15	2.73	0.82	121,07
(ii) Others	290.43	297.89	21.13	2,13	13.84	625.42
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	320	149	~	2	29	2
(iv) Disputed dues-Others	127	4	2	9	2	<u> </u>
(v) Accrued for expenses						394,41
	358.13	345.56	23.28	4.86	14.66	1,140.90

### 19 Other financial liabilities

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Non-current		
Put option liability (refer note 36)	4.00	
	4.00	-
Current		
At amortised cost		
Creditors for capital expenditure (refer note below)	331.24	194,38
Creditors for expenses	44.87	243.97
Refundable deposits	1.56	2.61
Dues to employees	359.00	354.75
Derivative instruments: (Refer note 8)		
-Other Foreign exchange forward contracts	6.73	11,89
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings and lease liabilities	59.44	31.84
Liability under Share Purchase agreement (refer note 36)	507.00	
Dividend received on behalf of Shareholders (refer note c)	227.11	- 1
Other payables	F	3.21
	1,536.95	842.65

- (a) Information about the companies exposure to foreign currency risks, liquidity risk and fair value measurement is included in note 30 and note 32.
- (b) Creditors for capital expenditure includes amount payable to MSME of Rs. 108,49 as at 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021; Rs. 37,42).
- (c) The dividend was received by Parent Company during the year ended 31 March 2022 and has subsequently distributed such amount to the shareholders of Parent (refer note 47).

### 20 Other current liabilities

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Advances received from customers	562.64	380.24
Liability towards Corporate Social Responsibility (refer note 45)	20.63	
Statutory liabilities	67.44	85.56
Deferred revenue	98.39	62,69
Other liabilities*	0.19	30.33
	749.29	558.82

\*Includes ₹0.19 (31 March 2021: ₹0.19) payable to related party. Refer note note 42(c).





71	Davanua	fram	operations	

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Sale of goods:			
- Pharmaceutical products sales	3,745,98	2,747,06	
Revenue from services:		ŕ	
- Contract research services	10,070,92	8,485.31	
Other operating revenues	56.71	100,42	
	13,873.61	11,332.79	

Revenues from Contracts with Customers establishes a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, and recognising revenue when or as performance obligations are satisfied.

In relation to information about the Group's performance obligations in contracts with customers refer note 2(i). The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is ₹47.99 (31 March 2022: ₹137.67) out of which 100% is expected to be recognised as revenue in the next year. No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from

	Timing of recognition	For the ye	ar ended
	(Over the period / Point in time)	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Sale of goods	Point in time	3,745.98	2,747.06
Sales of services	Over the period	10,070.92	8,485.31
Total		13,816.90	11,232.37
Contract balances:			
		As	at
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Trade receivables		2,431.51	2,547.9
Contract liabilities - Customer adv	vances	562,64	380.2
Refer note 38 for disaggregated r	evenue details by geography.		
Reconciliation of revenue with	contract price		
	χ.	For the ye	ar ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Contract price		13,846.15	11,272.65
Less : Discounts		29.25	40.28
Revenue from operations		13,816.90	11,232.37
Other income			
		For the ye	and the second second

22	Other	income

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Interest income on fixed deposits	59.15	79.28
Scrap sales	2	4.11
Liabilities no longer required written back	30.28	51,34
Foreign exchange fluctuations, net	34.13	100
Income from Investment	0.65	0.34
Other non-operating income	20.73	34.29
Interest income on loans and advances	2.65	14.29
	147.59	183.65

### 23 Cost of material consumed

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Inventory at the beginning of the year	284.67	287,87
Add: Purchases of raw materials	2,034.97	1,323,02
	2,319.64	1,610.89
ess: Inventory at the end of the year	329.41	284.67
	1,990.23	1,326.22

### 24 Changes in inventories of Work-in-progress and finished goods

For the ye	ear ended
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
8.18	24.67
262.74	318.94
81.97	8.18
442.76	262.74
(253.81)	72.69
	8.18 262.74 81.97 442.76





25	Employe	e benefits	expense

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Salaries and wages	3,616.96	2,950.17
Employee stock compensation expenses	75.93	6.25
Contribution to provident and other funds (note a)	114.35	87.85
Gratuity and compensated absences (note b)	62.37	57.81
Staff welfare expenses	242.04	192.57
	4,111.65	3,294.65

### a. Defined contribution plan

During year ended 31 March 2022, the Group contributed ₹73.29 (31 March 2021: ₹70.60) to provident fund, ₹7.10 (31 March 2021: ₹5.02) towards employee state insurance fund ₹ 21.84 (31 March 2021: ₹ 15.52) towards Individual Retirement Account (IRA) and ₹12.12 (31 March 2021: ₹8.42) towards National Pension scheme.

### b. Defined benefit plan

The Group has a funded defined plan, viz. gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age.

Changes i	n present	value of	defined	benefit	obligation:

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	181.45	128.71
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(30.28)	21.62
On account of Business combination (refer note 36)	25,43	
Current service cost	33,62	31.51
Past service cost		
Interest cost	10.96	9.68
Benefits paid	(22,96)	(15.67)
Actuarial losses on obligation	(8,54)	
Defined benefit obligation at end of the year	189.67	181,45

The felounture	and advantage and	hanadh alau accasa	6-10
I DE TAIR VAILLE	or aetinea	benefit plan assets	are as rollows:

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	7.35	6.83
Add: Contributed during the year		-
Add: Interest accrued during the year	0.51	0,46
Add: Return on plan assets (excl. interest income)	(0.29)	0.06
Less: Benefit refund to be received by the company	(0.39)	
Less: Benefits paid from the plan during the year	(6.61)	5.5
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	0.57	7.35

Describingion of		I 6 - bill			
Reconciliation of	present va	nue or obin	gation and t	ine tair vai	ue of bian assets

	As	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Present value of defined benefit obligation	189,67	181,45	
Fair value of plan assets at the end	(0.57)	(7.35)	
Net (lab(lity recognised in the balance sheet	189.10	174.10	
Current & Non-current bifurcation of net Hability			
Current	15.35	14.94	
Non-current	173.75	159.16	
	189.10	174.10	

### The amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:

	For the ye	ar ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
In Statement of Profit and Loss under "Employee benefits expense"		
Current service cost	33.62	31.51
Past service cost	¥	(iii)
Interest cost	10.96	9,68
Return on pian assets	(0.51)	(0,46)
	44.07	40.73
In Statement of Other Comprehensive Income		
Actuarial loss	(8.50)	(7.80)
Return on Plan Assets(excluding Interest income)	0.29	(0.06)
,	(8.21)	(7.86)
Total	35.86	32.87





### 25 Employee benefits expense (continued)

The assumptions used in accounting	ng for the gratuity plan are set out as be	elow:
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	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Discount rate	6.80% to 7.1%	6.89%
Retirement age	58 to 60 years	60 years
Salary escalation	6% to 20%	6,00%
Attrition rate	8% to 13%	8,00%
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
	Ult,	Ult.

The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market. Further, the Group has invested a part of the accrued liability as of 31 March 2022. The Group evaluates these assumptions annually based on its long-term plans of growth and industry standards.

### Plan assets:

The plan assets comprise of debt and equity securities through a scheme of cash contribution for a scheme of Insurance taken with Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Ltd. ('Insurer'), which is a qualified insurer. The details of individual category of investments that comprise of the total plan assets have not been provided by the insurer.

### Impact on defined benefit obligation

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Assumptions		
Sensitivity level		
- Attrition rate : increase by 1 %	189,28	128.87
- Attrition rate : decrease by 1 %	(190,00)	(128.50)
- Salary escalation: increase by 1 %	203,50	140.47
- Salary escalation: decrease by 1 %	(177,18)	(118.29)
- Discount rate : increase by 1 %	(175.48)	(118.65)
- Discount rate : decrease by 1 %	205.95	140.35

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

### Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Within 1 year	15.35	14.94
2 - 5 years	71.08	67,55
6 - 10 years	92.43	78.27

The Group provides compensated absences benefits to the employees of the Group which can be carried forward to future years. Since the compensated absences do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service and are also not expected to be utilized wholly within twelve months after the end of such period, the benefit is classified as a long-term employee benefit. During the period ended 31 March 2022, the Group has incurred an expense on compensated absences amounting to ₹22.77 (31 March 2021 ₹23.39). The Group determines the expense for compensated absences basis the actuarial valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

### Code on Social Security, 2020:

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the Group towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Group will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its revised financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

### 26 Finance costs

	For the ye	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Interest on borrowings	178.94	155.40	
Interest expense on lease liability	27.84	25.96	
Other borrowing cost*	28.29		
	235.07	181.36	

\*Exchange difference to the extent considered as an adjustment to borrowing cost.





٠-					11.			
	27	,	O	ther	ex	D	enses	

		For the ye	ear ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 202
	Direct expenses:		
	Consumption of chemicals and spares	2,001.27	1,646.1
	Job work charges	62.58	89.9
	Subscription fees	111.96	103.6
	Other direct expenses		
		119.60	93.7
	Indirect expenses:		
	Power and fuel	436.05	364.4
	Rept	4.54	32.6
	Repairs and maintenance	4.54	32.0
	- Buildings	37,54	20.8
	- Machinery	203.87	175.2
	- Others		
		60.69	57.4
	Insurance	35.93	37.2
	Bank charges	21.40	11.9
	Rates and taxes	35.99	45.4
	Communication expenses	12.74	18,7
	Contract services	107.25	97.8
	Office maintenance expenses	144.55	151.1
	Travelling and conveyance	52.33	33,3
	Consultancy and professional charges (refer note a below)	252.90	109.1
	Corporate social responsibility expenditure (refer note 45)	28.73	60.7
	Printing and stationery		
		3.81	1,9
	Carriage outwards	41.34	67.0
	Effluent treatment charges	63.48	39.7
	Loss of sale of asset		
		2.00	
	(Reversal)/provision for loss allowance (refer note 10)	(22.42)	37.8
	Foreign exchange fluctuations, net		18.7
	Business development expenses		
		83.23	72,7
	Water charges	28.26	20,9
	Miscellaneous expenses	45.80	58.8
		3,975.42	
		3,573.42	3,467.6
١.	Payments to the auditor (excl. taxes)		
7	rayments to the busicor (cxci. taxes)		
		For the ye	
		31 March 2022	31 March 202
	-As Auditor		
	<ul> <li>statutory audit fee (including fees for undertaking limited reviews)</li> </ul>		
		5.40	
	- certification	5.40 0.87	
	- certification	0.87	0.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses	0.87 0.15	0.5 0.1
	- certification	0.87 0.15	4.1 0.5 0.1 0.6
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses	0.87 0.15	0.5 0.1 0.6
_	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters	0.87 0.15	0.5 0.1 0.6
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes	0.87 0.15	0.5 0.1 0.6
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters	0.87 0.15	0.5 0.1 0.6
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes	0.87 0.15 - 6.42	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes	0.87 0.15 6.42	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022 640.40	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years	0.87 0.15 	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520,4
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022 640.40	0.5 0.0 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82	0.5 0.0 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	0.87 0.15 	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year:	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year:	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03 For the ye 31 March 2022	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526,2 ear ended 31 March 202
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03 For the year 31 March 2022	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526,2 ear ended 31 March 202
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (114.1
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03 For the year 31 March 2022	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (114.1
	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 2ar ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 2ar ended 31 March 202 (114.1
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (114.1
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (114.1
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.	6.42  For the year of the year	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (114.1 2.2 (111.9
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences.	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03 For the ye 31 March 2022 (1.61) (1.98) (3.59)	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9)
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the ye 31 March 2022 640.40 20.81 37.82 699.03 For the ye 31 March 2022 (1.61) (1.98) (3.59)	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 2ar ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 2ar ended 31 March 202 (111.9
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
•	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)  Current tax liabilities, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)  Current tax liabilities, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1 253.1 at 31 March 202
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)  Current tax liabilities, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1 253.1 at 31 March 202
в.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)  Current tax liabilities, net	0.87 0.15 6.42  For the year of the year o	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1
3.	- certification -For reimbursement of expenses -For other matters  Income taxes Tax expense in the statement of profit and loss  Current taxes Current tax relating to prior years Deferred taxes Tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss Tax expense charged to OCI  Tax related to items in OCI during the year: Deferred tax impact due to remeasurements of Hedging Contracts Current tax impact due to remeasurements of defined benefit plans Tax expense reported in OCI Entire deferred income tax relates to origination and reversal of temporary differences. Non-current tax assets, net  Advance tax, (net of provision for tax ₹1,778.76 (31 March 2021 ₹1,277.70) (refer note below)  Current tax liabilities, net	0.87 0.15 6.42 For the year of	0.5 0.1 0.6 5.5 ear ended 31 March 202 520.4 1.5 4.2 526.2 ear ended 31 March 202 (111.9 at 31 March 202 253.1 253.1 at 31 March 202





### 28 Income taxes (continued)

### D. Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021

	For the ye	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Accounting profit before tax	2,673.66	2,808.30
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2021: 25.168%)	672.91	706.79
Differences in tax rates in foreign jurisdrictions		40.43
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses		(88,81)
Tax impact due to SEZ benefit availment		(91,80)
MAT credit entitlement Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	17,61	7,92
Tax incentive	(14.78)	15.83
Exempt Income	(3.03)	31.90
Tax losses / Profits for which no deffered income tax was recognised	33.82	31,70
Current tax relating to prior years	20.81	(2.19)
Others	(28.31)	10.75
Total tax expense	699.03	630,82
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	699.03	630.82
Deforred tax assets, net		
	31 March 2022	at 31 March 2021
The tax effects of significant temporary differences that resulted in deferred tax assets and	52 (45)(1) 2022	DE MUICH LOLL
liabilities are as follows:		
Deferred income tax flabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	147.53	213,89
Derivative instruments	36.27	34.66
Leases	20	
Others	3.53	1,37
	187.33	249.92
Deferred income tax assets		,
Accrued compensation to employees	52.16	59.28
Impairment allowance on trade receivables	19.65	63.48
Statutory bonus		
•	0.38	0.24
Others	27,99	13.28
Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit entitlement		180.06
Leases	3.46	300
	103.64	316.34
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets, net	(83.69)	66.42
Reconciliation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (net):		
	31 March 2022	at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	66.42	98.25
On account of Business combination (refer note 36)	(50.75)	(131.11
On account of composite scheme of arrangement (refer note 47)	(59.93)	202.02
Utilisation of MAT credit	(01110)	6.10
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in profit or loss	(37.82)	5.35
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI		
Balance at the end of the year	(1,61)	(114.19)
notating at the eur of the Assi.	(83.69)	66,42

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Group will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

The Government of India, on 20 September 2019, vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, the Ordinance Inserted a new Section 115BAA in the Income tax Act, 1961, which provides an option to the Group for paying Income tax at reduced rates as per the provisions/conditions defined in the Said section. The holding Company has availed the new tax rates effective FY 2021.





29 Earnings per Equity share (EPES)
Basic EPS amount are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year,

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	For the ye	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of parent- Continuing Operations	1,960.70	1,642.77	
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of parent- Discontinued Operations	-	321.82	
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	6,71,50,371	6,61,80,000	
Nominal value per equity share	10.00	10.00	
Effect of dilution:			
-Stock options granted under ESOP	7,67,830	16,64,557	
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted EPS*	6,79,18,201	6,78,44,557	

Earnings per Equity share (EPES) for continuing operations	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Basic	29,20	24.82
Diluted	28.87	24.21

Earnings per share (EPS) for discontinued operations	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Basic		4.86
Diluted	÷.	4,74

Earnings per share (EPS) for continuing and disco	ntinued operations	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Basic		29,20	29.68
Diluted		28.87	28.95





30 (i) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost

		As at	
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial assets			
Loans		1.24	2,44
Trade receivables		2,431.51	2,547.92
Cash and cash equivalents		2,281.29	1,295.93
Bank balances other than above		1,408,48	1,784.68
Other financial assets		503,06	129.28
Total		6,625.58	5,760.25
Financial liabilities			
Non-current borrowings		4,402.28	1,349.17
Lease liability		466.31	494.15
Current borrowings		805,79	1,321,28
Trade payables		1,263,17	1,140,91
Other financial liabilities		1,534.22	830.76
Total	12	8,471.77	5,136.27

(ii) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss

	AS at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial Asset		
Investments	1,86	1.83
Financial Liability		
Derivative instruments	6.73	11,89

### (ili) Breakup of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through Other comprehensive income

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Financial Asset		
Derivative Instruments	144.10	145.28

### **Financial Liability**

Derivative Instruments

- (i) The Group's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The Group also holds FVTPL (Fair value through profit and loss) investments.
- (ii) The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, earmarked balances with banks, other financial assets, other financial liabilities and borrowings subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the years presented. For all other amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value. For the financial assets measured at fair values, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.
- (iii) The preparation of the Group's revised financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.





### 31 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the revised financial statements:

### Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the revised financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

### Leases

The Group evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Group uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Group revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

### Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

### Share-based payments

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 13.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Group has a policy of providing loss allowance for trade receivables which are aged for more than 180 days

Loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from gross carrying amount of the assets.





### 31 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued) Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the forecast for future years. These do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. These estimates are most relevant to other intangibles with (ndefinite useful lives recognized by the Group.

### Revenue recognition -

The Group uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of completion method requires the Group to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Revenue from milestone based research activities is recognized when earned, as evidenced by written acknowledgment from the collaborator or other persuasive evidence that the milestone has been achieved, provided that the milestone event is substantive. A milestone event is considered to be substantive if its achievability was not reasonably assured at the inception of the arrangement and the Group's efforts led to the achievement of the milestone (or if the milestone was due upon the occurrence of a specific outcome resulting from the Group's performance). Events for which the occurrence is either contingent solely upon the passage of time or the result of counterparty's performance are not considered to be milestone events. If both of these criteria are not met, the milestone payment is recognized over the remaining minimum period of the Group's performance obligations under the arrangement. The Group assesses whether a milestone is substantive at the inception of each arrangement.

### 32 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations and also enters into derivative operations.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior management provides assurance to the Holding Company's Board that the Group's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives. All derivative activities for risk management purposes are carried out by specialist teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision. It is the Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

### (i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Group comprises primarily of currency and interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include trade and other receivables and derivatives, trade payables and borrowings. The sensitivity analyses in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of trade and other receivables in foreign currencies and investments are all constant and on the basis of hedge designations in place at 31 March 2022.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

(1) The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021. Refer note 16 (iv) for interest rate sensitivity analysis.





### 32 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group and the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to the floating interest rate borrowings. The Group's investment in deposits with banks are for short durations and therefore do not expose the Group to significant interest rate risk. Further, the loans extended by the Group carries a fixed interest rate and therefore not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying value nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of the change in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's outstanding floating rate debt. A major portion of foreign currency debt is linked to international interest rate benchmarks like SOFR. The Group also hedges a major portion of these risks by entering into derivative instruments like interest rate swaps and currency swaps and hence is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. Refer note 16(iv) for interest rate sensitivity.

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

The Group manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to occur within a maximum 12 - 24 months period for hedges of forecasted sales and purchases.

When a derivative is entered into for the purpose of being a hedge, the Group negotiates the terms of those derivatives to match the terms of the hedged exposure. For hedges of forecast transactions the derivatives cover the period of exposure from the point the cash flows of the transactions are forecasted up to the point of settlement of the resulting receivable or payable that is denominated in the foreign currency.

At 31 March 2022, the Group hedged 93% (31 March 2021: 58%), for 12 months, of its expected foreign currency sales. Those hedged sales were highly probable at the reporting date. This foreign currency risk is hedged by using foreign currency forward contracts.

The following are the outstanding forward exchange contracts entered into by the Group in foreign currency:

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Currency forwards		
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (USD in Million)	178.70	91.35
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTOCI (Cashflow hedge) (₹ in Million) - at MTM	144.10	145.28
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) (USD in Million)	1,80	6.10
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Fair value hedge) ( $\overline{\epsilon}$ in Million) at MTM	1.84	1,32
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) (USD in Million)	(16.98)	(5.81)
Foreign exchange forward contracts designated at FVTPL (Interest rate swaps) ( $\overline{\ast}$ in Million) - at MTM	(8.57)	(13.21)

### Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including non-designated foreign currency derivatives. The Group's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

	For the year ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Change in USD rate - 5% increase	<u> </u>	
-Effect on PBT and equity	16.70	38,35
Change in USD rate - 5% decrease		
-Effect on PBT and equity	(16.70)	(38.35)
Change in GBP rate - 5% increase		
-Effect on PBT and equity	(0.00)	(0.85)
Change in GBP rate - 5% decrease		
-Effect on PBT and equity	0.00	0.85
Change in Euro rate - 5% increase		
-Effect on PBT and equity	(0.10)	3.37
Change in Euro rate - 5% decrease	• •	
-Effect on PBT and equity	0.10	(3.37)

The movement in the pre-tax effect is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in US dollars, GBP and Euro rates, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than those currencies. Although the derivatives have not been designated in a hedge relationship, they act as an economic hedge and will offset the underlying transactions when they occur.





### 32 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

### (ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of the Financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

### Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Group has a policy of providing for all aged receivables for more than 180 days.

The Group does not hold collateral as security. The Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and industries and operate in largely independent markets.

### Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Group's finance team in accordance with the Holding Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved and reputed banks and within credit limits assigned to each bank. The amounts invested and details of relevant banks are reviewed by the Group's Board of directors on annual basis.

### (iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group has an appropriate (Iquidity risk management framework for the management of short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group's treasury department is responsible for managing the short-term and long term liquidity requirements of the Group. Short term liquidity situation is reviewed daily by treasury. Long term liquidity position is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Directors and appropriate decisions are taken according to the situation.

Typically the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The carrying value of the Group's financial |fabilities are disclosed in note 3A and note 16, 18 and 19 of the revised consolidated financial statements.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
On demand		
- Borrowings	32,35	9.65
Less than 1 year		
- Borrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	773.44	1,311.63
<ul> <li>Other financial liabilities (excluding current maturities of long term borrowings)</li> </ul>	1,536.95	842.65
- Trade payables	1,263.17	1,140,91
- Lease liabilities	141,26	130.08
1 to 2 years		
- Borrowings	846.67	369.17
- Lease liabilities	122.03	100.99
2 to 5 years		
- Borrowings	3,442.51	980.00
- Lease liabilities	176,88	234.10
> 5 years		
- Borrowings	113.10	
- Lease liabilities	347.48	387.33





### 32 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, polltical or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry,

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Group to manage risk concentrations at both the relationship and industry levels.

### Collateral

The Group has pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil the collateral requirements for the borrowings availed. At 31 March 2022, 31 March 2021 the fair values of the short-term deposits pledged were ₹6.70, ₹10.65 respectively. The counterparties have an obligation to return the securities to the Group. The Group has an obligation to repay the deposit to the counterparties upon settlement of the contracts. There are no other significant terms and conditions associated with the use of collateral.

### 33 Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, issue bonus shares to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group's policy is to maintain optimum gearing ratio. The Group includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances.

	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Borrowings (Note 16)	5,208.07	2,670.45
Trade payables (Note 18)	1,263.17	1,140.91
Other financial liabilities (Note 19)	1,540.95	842,65
Lease liabilities (Note 3A)	466.31	494.15
Less: cash and bank balances (Note 11)*	(4,095.99)	(3,083.31)
Net debt	4,362.51	2,064.85
Equity	10,834.99	9,875.88
Total equity	10,834.99	9,875.88
Gearing Ratio	40%	21%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Fixed deposits maturing after 12 months from the balance sheet date (refer note 8).

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements, Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

### 34 Hedging activities and derivatives

### Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

The Group uses foreign currency denominated borrowings and foreign exchange forward contracts to manage some of its transaction exposures. The foreign exchange forward contracts are not designated as cash flow hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from one to twelve months.





### 35 Information about subsidiaries

The revised consolidated financial statements of the Group includes subsidiaries listed in the table below:

Name	Principal activities	Country of	% equity in	terest as at
		Incorporation	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	Contract research and development services	United States of America	100.00%	100.00%
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. Netherlands (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Contract research and development services	Netherlands	100.00%	100.00%
GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust	Employee welfare	India	100.00%	100.00%
Intox Private Limited*	Toxicology and related research services	India	76.00%	0.00%
Aragen Foundation	Corporate Social Responsibility activities of Group	India	100,00%	NA
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited**	Data Curation Services	India	96	60,56%
GVK Davix Research Private Limited**	Contract research and development services and Data Curation Services	India	;œ	100,00%
GVK Biosciences Inc.,**	Contract research and development services	United States of America	8.5	100.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the equity interest on 19.28% considered as deferred consideration (refer note 36)

### 36 Business combinations and acquisition of non-controlling interests

Acquisitions during the year ended 31 March 2022

### a Acquisition of Intox Private Limited

On 13 December 2021, the Group acquired 56.82% of equity stake in Intox Private Limited ("Intox"). The acquisition was executed through a share purchase agreement ("SPA") and the Group has also agreed to acquire the balance stake upto 100% in a phased manner.

Intox is a reputed GLP certified pre-clinical contract research organization (CRO) with its test facilities in Pune, India. It has conducted more than 15,000 GLP studies for global clients which include large and mid-sized customers across pharmaceuticals, biopharmaceuticals, plant protection, nutraceuticals, and medical devices. This acquisition will expand Aragen's end-to-end integrated discovery and development platform for the pharmaceuticals, biotechnology, animal health and agrochemicals industries. It will enable the Group to conduct safety assessment studies from a Good Laboratory Practice (GLP)-certified facility for submission to regulatory agencies such as the United States Food and Drug Administration (USFDA), the United States Environment Protection Agency (USEPA), the European Medicines Agency (EMA), and others globally.

As per the terms of SPA, the Group has control over 76% of the equity interest of Intox with purchase consideration to be paid in two tranches. The Group has paid the tranche-I consideration during the year and will pay the balance tranche-II consideration computed per terms as per SPA before 31 July 2022. The group has accounted for tranche-II as a contingent consideration based on fair valuation and expected payout,

The fair value of net assets acquired on the acquisition date as part of the transaction amounted to ₹ 726.60 and the excess of purchase consideration (Incl tranche-IJ consideration) has been attributed towards goodwill.

Component	Fair value as on acquisition date
Property, plant and equipment	154,08
Capital work-in-progress	18.51
Other net assets	264,72
Intangible assets - Customer relationship/contracts	228.00
Deferred tax liabilities on Intangible assets	(57,38)
Cash and cash equivalents	118.65
Total	726.58
Non-controlling interest	(499.00)
Goodwill	1,353.40
Total Purchase price	1,580.98
Total consideration	Amount
Purchase consideration paid for 56.82% equity stake	1,073.98
Deferred consideration for 19.26% equity stake	507.00
Total consideration	1,580.98

The intangible assets are amortised over a period of five years as per management's estimate of its useful life, based on the life over which economic benefits are expected to be realised.

### Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group:

Revised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 includes the following revenue and profit generated from the new acquisitions:

Enity name	Total Income	Profit for the vear
Intox Private Limited	179.71	58.05

The Company has entered into a put option agreement for the balance 24 % equity stake of Intox Private Limited. This has been accounted for as a derivative instrument and the fair value of put option as at 31 March 2022 is ₹ 4.00,





<sup>\*\*</sup> Refer note 47 on composite scheme of arrangement

### Acquisitions during the year ended 31 March 2021

### b Acquisition of An-I-it-iks Inc.,

Excelra Inc., a subsidiary of Excerla knowledge solutions private limited, has acquired control of An4-it-lks Inc. through purchase of 55% shares on 19 February 2021. The business acquisition was conducted by entering into a share purchase agreement for a total consideration of ₹544.04 on the acquisition date, which includes a cash consideration of ₹438.58 and deferred consideration of up to ₹105.46. The non-controlling interest is recognised at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The fair value of net assets acquired on the acquisition date as part of the transaction amounted to ₹ 455.89 and the excess of purchase consideration has been attributed towards goodwill.

Component	Fair value as on acquisition date
Property, plant and equipment, net	0.89
Other receivables	29.35
Cash and bank balances	166,05
Identified intangible assets	
Developed technology	358.48
Customer relations	10.66
Trademark	10,73
Non-compete agreement	71.89
Deferred tax Habilities on identified Intangible assets	(135.53)
Current liabilities	(56.63)
Total	455.89
Non-controlling interest	(205.15)
Goodwill recognised	293.30
Total Purchase price	544.04
Total consideration	Amount
Consideration transferred	438.58
Deferred consideration	105.46
Total purchase consideration	544.04
Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group:	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue from operations	54,89
Net profit considered in consolidated statement of profit and loss	15.96

### c Acquisition of GVK Davix Research Private Limited

GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited has acquired control of GVK Davix Research Private Limited through purchase of 100% shares on 20 January 2021, The business acquisition was conducted for a total cash consideration of ₹0.60 on the acquisition date,

Fair value as on acquisition date
0.23
1.38
(1,19)
0,41
•
0.19
0.60
Amount
0,60
0.60

Impact of acquisition on the results	of the Group:
--------------------------------------	---------------

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue from operations	2.12
Net profit considered in consolidated statement of profit and loss	0.35





Notes to the Revised Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in  $\tilde{\epsilon}$  million, except share data, unless otherwise stated) Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

37 Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of the Revised Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

As at 31 March 2022 For the year ended 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	1022		For	For the year ended 31 March 2022	March 2022		
Name of the entity	Net assets		Share in profit or loss		Share in OCI	00	Share in Total Comprehensive Income ("TCI")	mprehensive TCI")
	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated TCI	Amount (₹)
Molding Company Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)	96.1%	10,410.05	107.0%	2,112.66	-176.8%	10,40	107.8%	2,123.06
<b>Trust</b> GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust	0.1%	12,65	%0°0	0.73	0.0%		%0.0	0.73
Domestic Subsidiaries Intox Private Limited Aragen Foundation	0.2%	24.92 0.02	2.2%	44.12 (0.08)	-10.3%	0.60	2,3%	44.72 (0.08)
Foreign subsidiaries Aragen Bioscience, Inc. Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Biosciences B.V.) Netherlands	<b>4.5%</b> 0.0%	491.43 3.28	-8.1% 0.5%	(159.43) 9.47	0.0% 0.0%	8.0	-8.1% 0.5%	(159,43) 9,47
Sub Total Adjustment arising out of consolidation Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	-5,7%	10,942.35 (620.43) 513.07	-2.4%	2,007.47 (46.77) 13.93	289.3%	11.00 (17.02) 0.14	-3.2%	2,018.47 (63.79) 14.07
Total		10,834.99		1,974.63		(5.88)		1,968.75
As at 3.1 March 2021 For the year ended 3.1 March 202.1 Net assets Share in profit or loss Share in OCI	As at 31 March 2021 Net assets	1021	Share in profit or loss	For	For the year ended 31 March 2021 Share in OCI	March 2021 OCI	Share ii	mprehensive
Name of the entity		Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹)	As a % of consolidated OCI	Amount (₹)	As a % of Ame consolidated TCI Ame	Amount (₹)
Holding Company Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)	84.1%	8,302.99	67.8%	1,476.21	102.2%	332,79	72,3%	1,809.00
Trust GVK Bio Sciences Private Limited Employees Welfare Trust	0,1%	11.92	0,2%	3.55	0.0%	•)))	0.1%	3.55
Foreign subsidiaries Aragen Bioscience, Inc. Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly GVK Blosciences B.V.) Netherlands	6.4% -0.1%	627.82 (6.08)	14.4% 0.5%	313.57 10.62	0.0% 0.0%		12.5% 0.4%	313.57 10.62
Subsidiaries of Parent Indian subsidiaries Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	17.0%	1,682.54	24.8%	539.82	%0.0	(0.02)	21.6%	539.80
(Consolidated) GVK Davix Research Private Limited <b>Foreign subsidiaries</b>	%0°0	0.63	%0°0	0.22	0.0%		0,0%	0,22
GVK Biosciences Inc Sub Total	0.5%	61,36	~D,3%	2,337,59	0.0%	332.77	-0.3%	2,670.36
A distribution of the state of	36. 36	(1,507.04)	% + T + 10%	(372.00)	.00 C.	(7.21)	200 21	(380.21)

(6.40) 2,670.36 (380.21) 212.89 2,503.04

**332.77** (7.21)

-2.2% 0.0% 100,0%

(6.40) 2,337.59 (373.00) 212.89 2,177.48

-17,1%

61.36 10,681.18 (1,597.04) 791.74 9,875.88

Adjustment arising out of consolidation Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries

S B . CHA

%9.0 -16.2% 8.0% 100.0%

### 38 Segment information

### Operating segments

The Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") evaluates the Group's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. Based on Group's business model, providing contract research and development services has been considered as the only reportable business segment and hence no separate financial disclosures are provided in respect of its single business segment.

### Geographical information

The geographical information analyses the Group's revenues and non-current assets by the Group's country of domicile (i.e. India) and other countries. In presenting the geographical information, segment revenue has been based on the geographic location of the customers and segment assets which have been based on the geographical location of the assets.

1200		The Name of		
Con	mann	* **	1101	***
Jeu	men	LIE	ven	ue

	For the y	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Europe	2,978.61	2,517.84
India	1,030,61	560.67
North America	7,774,81	6,654.30
Rest of the world	2,089.58	1,599.98
	13,873.61	11,332.79
Non-current operating assets		
	As at	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
India	11,107.14	6,941.03
United States of America	631.32	1,413.48
Total non-current operating assets	11,738.46	8,354.51

<sup>\*</sup>Non-current operating assets includes all the items except financial assets and tax related assets.

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39 Fair value hierarchy
The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities.

	9	Fair value measurement using	rement using		
		Quoted prices	Significant	Significant	
	Date of	in active	observable	unobservable	Total
	Valuation	markets	inputs	inputs	10190
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2022:	March 2022:				
Assets measured at fair value					
Derivative financial assets / (liabilities) (refer note 8 and note 19)	31 March 2022	×	137.37	٠	137.37
Investments (refer note 6)	31 March 2022	0.01	ĕ	1.85	1.86
Put option liability (refer note 19)	31 March 2022	a	100	4.00	4.00
Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 31 March 2021:	March 2021:				
Assets measured at fair value					
Derivative financial assets / (llabilities) (refer note 8 and note 19)	31 March 2021	.*	133.39	:#÷	133.39
Investments (refer note 6)	31 March 2021	0.01	ä	1,82	1.83

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### 40 Commitments

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Estimated amount of contracts amounting to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	1,123.73	1,427.00

### 41 Contingent liabilities

The Group is subject to legal proceedings and claims before various tax authorities, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The uncertainties and possible reimbursements are dependent on the outcome of the different legal processes which have been invoked by the claimants or the Group, as the case may be and therefore timing of cash flows cannot be predicted. The Group engages reputed professional advisors wherever required to protect its interests and has been advised that it has strong legal positions against such disputes. The Management believes that it has a reasonable case in its defense of the proceedings and accordingly no further provision is required.

Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts in respect of:

	As	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
(a) Income tax matter under dispute	1,231,97	1,356,58		
(b) Service tax matter under dispute	1.89	4.35		
(c) Central Sales tax matter under dispute	1,45	1.85		
(d) Customs matter under dispute	4.27	4.27		
(e) Provident fund matter under dispute	-	4.58		

In addition to the above, the Company has below mentioned claims/contingent liabilities against the Company:

The Group has received a show cause notice challenging classification of R&D services as export of services for the period from 1 April 2006 to 30 Jun 2017 (tax liability computed by department is ₹2,409.70). The Group has submitted its reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim and favourable judgements Group has not made any provision in the books.

The Group has received a show cause notice, challenging certain compliance requirements under the GST law for the period from 1 July 2017 to 26 May 2018 (tax liability computed by department is ₹9.36). Group is in the process of compiling the reply disputing department claim and based on merits of the claim, the Group has not made any provision in the books.

The Group has an ongoing litigation of certain portion of land in Mallapur which the Group has bought from APIIC, The matter is stayed by the High Court until disposal of appeal at the lower court.

### 42 Related party disclosures

a)	Name	of r	elated	parties	and	nature	of i	relationship	

Names of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Aragen Bioscience, Inc.	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Aragen Lifesciences B.V. (formerly known as GVK Biosciences B.V.)	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Aragen Foundation	Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company
Intox Private Limited	Subsidiary Company
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (till 01.04.2021)	Subsidiary Company
GVK Davix Research Private Limited (till 01,04,2021)	Subsidiary Company
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	Key management personnel (KMP)
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	KMP
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	KMP
Mr., Sahajbir Singh Brar	Director
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	Director
Mr. Ajay Srivastava (w.e.f. 20.05.2021)	Director
Mr. Adam Richard Dawson (w.e.f. 31.05.2021)	Director
Mr. Rajat Sood (w.e.f, 19,05.2021)	Director
Mr, Robert Richard Ruffolo	Director
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	Director
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy	Director
Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap (w.e.f. 17.03.2021)	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Paresh Gupta (till 13.10.2020)	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	Company Secretary
GVK Biosciences, Inc.	
GVK Davix Research Private Limited (w.e.f. 02.04.2021)	
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	
Reddy Investment Trust	Enterprises owned or significantly
ORBIT Travel and Tours Private Limited	influenced by individuals who have
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	control / significant influence over the
Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Company.
Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited	



**GVK Foundation** 



### 42 Related party disclosures (continued) b) Transactions with related parties

	For the ye	ar ended 31 March 2021
Remuneration of KMPs;	51 March 2022	51 March 2021
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy		22.59
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	(4)	22,59
4r. Gerhard Mayr	4.53	2.26
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi Mr. Sachin Anand Dharap	54.84	34,29
Mr. Paresh Gupta	18,20	0.73
المراجعة الأساولية المراجعة ا	6.00	8,10
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	6.96	5.57
	4.47	-
Perquisite value of ESOPs exercised during the year	505 45	
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi Mr. Ramakrishna Kasturi	382.72	
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	9,24	*
•	117.84	~
Directors sitting fee		
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Brar	0.26	0,17
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	0,25	0.19
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy	0.30 0.40	0.19
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	0,40	0.13 0.15
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	0.35	0.13
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	0,28	0.16
Mr. Keshav Gunupati Venkat Reddy	0,25	0.15
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	0,34	0.16
Dividends		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	3.50	75.40
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited		242.93
Unsecured Loans taken during the year (refer note 47)		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar		0.00
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	11.35	0.93
Reddy Investment Trust	11,35	3.90 4.83
The state of the s	11.55	4,03
Interest on Loans outstanding (refer note 47)		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	(0.08)	(0.02)
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	(0.36)	(0.10)
Reddy Investment Trust	(0,17)	(0.03)
Reimbursement of Expenses relating to Sale of shares		
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	2.13	•
Reddy Investment Trust	2.13	
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence – GVK Biosciences, Inc.		
Advance received during the year	44.55	
Advance received during the year	(14.53)	-
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - GVK Davix		
Research Private Limited		
Shared services provided	1.35	
Rental Income	0.03	*
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Srini		
Pharmaceuticals Private Limited		
Job work Charges	(18.64)	(2.92)
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Dimensions		
Corporate Finance Services Private Limited		
Consultancy services	(29.10)	•
Reimbursement exp	(0.29)	5.
Fransactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited		
Hotel expenses	(0.68)	(0.19)
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - ORBIT Travel		
and Tours Private Limited		
Fravelling and conveyance		(0.03)
Transactions with entity in which KMP have a significant influence - GVK foundation		
***************************************	·	
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	(0.42)	2

The managerial personnel are covered by the Group's gratuity policy & are eligible





### 42 Related party disclosures (continued)

### c) Balances receivable/(payable)

	As	at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
GVK Biosciences, Inc.	14,48	
GVK Biosciences, Inc. (Advance received)	(14,53)	
GVK Davix Research Private Limited	1.37	-
Srini Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	(2.56)	(0.52)
Taj GVK Hotels and Resorts Limited	(0.06)	(0.01)
Dimensions Corporate Finance Services Private Limited	(6.64)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mr. Davinder Singh Brar	(0,97)	(22.59)
Mr. G V Sanjay Reddy	(0.05)	(22,59)
Mr. Manmahesh Kantipudi	(0.05)	` - '
Mr. Gerhard Mayr	(4.97)	(2.26)
Mr. Ajay Srivastava	(0.05)	,
Mr. Robert Richard Ruffalo	(1.20)	-
Mr. Sahajbir Singh Bran	(0,03)	_
Mr. G V Keshav Reddy	(0.05)	-
Ms. G Indira Krishna Reddy	(0.05)	-
Madhubani Investments Private Limited	(15.25)	(3.90)
Reddy Investment Trust	(16,18)	(4.83)

### Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sale and receipt of services from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances are settled in cash. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

**Directors' interests in the employee stock option plan**Share options held by executive members of the Board of Directors under the employee stock option plan to purchase equity shares have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
			Number ou	Number outstanding		
7 July 2007	6 July 2011	10,00	2,55,000	2,55,000		
10 October 2009	10 October 2013	30.00		1,00,000		
1 November 2011	31 October 2015	50.00	72,000	72,000		
16 April 2012	16 April 2016	50.00	5.00 E	40,000		
25 July 2012	24 July 2016	93.75		1,68,000		
24 August 2013	23 August 2017	100.00	E=:	96,000		
21 August 2014	20 August 2018	136.25	240	84,000		
20 October 2015	19 October 2019	136.25		84,000		
20 October 2015	19 October 2019	170.00	-	40,800		
24 June 2016	23 June 2020	200.00	0.00	34,000		
1 July 2017	30 June 2021	235.40	2,18,986	2,18,986		
1 July 2021	30 June 2022	235.40	65,514			
Total			6,11,500	11,92,786		





### 43 Details of expenditure incurred, Capital and Revenue, in Research and Development is as under:

	For the ye	ear ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 202:	
Additions to laboratory equipment		(*)	
Revenue expenditure (Included under appropriate heads			
	For the ye	ear ended	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Cost of material consumed	25.76	52.47	
Salaries and wages	12,28	14.87	
Themicals and spares	0,55	0,80	
	38.59	68.14	

### 44 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

	As	As at			
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021			
Receivables					
United States Dollar	2,221.82	2,334.82			
Great Britain Pound	3.65	4.83			
Euro	39.67	103,82			
Canadian Dollar	12	4.35			
Australian Dollar	· ·	0.13			
Others		0.01			
Payables					
United States Dollar	1,887.81	1,567,83			
Great Britain Pound	3.74	21.83			
Euro	41,54	36.46			
Swiss Franc	1.29	9.89			

### 45 Corporate social responsibility expenditure (CSR)

The Group has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to undertake the mandatory corporate social responsibility activities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The details of the amounts spent during the current year are as follows:

	For the ye	ear ended
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Expenditure on CSR Activities:		
Balance unspent CSR at the beginning of the year	_	39.58
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	27,02	20.58
(b) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	27.02	20.58
(c) Amount spent by the Company		
(i) For Construction/acquisition of asset	0.50	-
(ii) For Contribution to Covid related measures*	3.05	60.00
(iii) Other than (i) & (ii) above	3,34	0.71
Balance unspent /(Excess) CSR amount in cash at the end of the	20.13	(0.55)
year		
(d) Reason for unspent amount at the end of year	On-going projects	N/
(e) Amount subsequently transferred to Unspent CSR designated bank account towards ongoing projects	20.63	
(f) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately	20.63	N

<sup>\*</sup> includes an amount of ₹0.42 (31 March 2021: ₹ Nil) contributed to a related party, GVK Foundation in relation to CSR expenditure.

### Nature of CSR activities:

Promoting "Education and Literacy" to the under privileged children, supporting socially backward people and helping the differently abled people. Providing emergency medical care, preventive health care, sanitization and safe drinking water.

Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna and conservation of natural resources, Promoting gender equality and empowering women. Training to promote nationally recognized sports.

### 46 Transfer pricing

The Group has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under Sections 92-92F of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Since the law requires existence of such information and documentation to be contemporaneous in nature, the Group is in the process of updating the documentation for the domestic and international transactions entered into with the associated enterprises during the financial year and expects such records to be in existence latest by 30 November 2022, as required by law. The Management is of the opinion that its domestic and international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any impact on the revised financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expenses and that of provision for taxation.





### 47 Composite Scheme of Arrangement

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 26th May 2022. Pursuant to the approval of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement by the National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT'), Hyderabad Bench, vide Order dated 30 May 2022 ("Order"), Certified copy of which was received by the Company on 7th June 2022, the consolidated financial statements of the Company have been revised and are approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 03 August 2022.

The revision to the consolidated financial statements have been carried out solely to reflect the impact of the Scheme and no additional adjustments have been carried out for any other events occurring after 26 May 2022 (being the date when the consolidated financial statements were first approved by the Board of Directors of the Company).

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 27 January 2021 had approved the Composite Scheme of Arrangement ("Scheme") among the Company, GVK Davix Technology Private Limited (GVK DTPL or the Parent of the Company), Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited (a subsidiary of the Parent of the Company) and their respective Shareholders with appointed date of 01 April 2021/ 02 April 2021. This Scheme provided for the merger of Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited with Parent of the Company, demerger of the Informatics business (demerged business) of the Parent of the Company to the GVK Davix Research Private Limited, and merger of the Parent of the Company with the Company. Petition seeking approval of the Scheme was subsequently filed with Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Hyderabad Bench on 09 September 2021. The NCLT approved the Scheme vide its order dated 30 May 2022, certified copy of which received by the Company on 07 June 2022. upon filing of the certified copy of the order from NCLT, Hyderabad Bench sanctioning the Scheme, with Registrar of Companies, Hyderabad on 01 July 2022 the Scheme has become effective.

These Revised consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared giving effect to the Scheme.

Pursuant to the Scheme, all the assets, liabilities, reserves and surplus of the Parent of the Company have been transferred to and vested in the Company with effect from the appointed date at their carrying values and the financial information in the revised consolidated financial statements has been restated from 01 April 2020 as per requirements of Appendix C to Ind AS 103.

The details of the Parent and the merger of the Parent with the Company are as below:

Name of the transferor company	Parent Company (including subsidiarles of the Parent, Exce Knowledge Solutions Private Limited, GVK Davix Research Priv Limited and GVK Biosciences Inc.,)				
General nature of business:					
GVK Davix Technologies Private Limited	Contract research and development services and Data Curation				
Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited	Data Curation Services				
GVK Davix Research Private Limited	Contract research and development services and Data Curation Services,				
GVK Biosciences Inc.,	Contract research and development services				
Appointed Date of the Scheme	01 April 2021 and 02 April 2021				
Amount of difference between the consideration and the value of net identifiable assets acquired, and the treatment thereof	Refer note (b) below				

(b) The following table illustrates the assets and liabilities transferred to Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited from GVK DTPL pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement:

Particulars	As at		
r ot titulais	31 March 2022	l March 2021	
Assets transferred			
Non-current assets	53.42	994.23	
Current assets	228.51	1,468.33	
Total Assets transferred	281.93	2,462.56	
Non-current liabilities	· ·	45.02	
Current liabilities	262.08	649.52	
Total Liabilities transferred	262.08	694.54	
Net Assets transferred	19.85	1,769.02	
Transfer of retained earnings and other reserves as per Ind AS 103	312.03	1,114,10	
Capital reserve in the books of Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited	(292.18)	653.92	





Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

Notes to the Revised Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated)

The demerger has given effect from the retrospective appointed date specified in the Scheme I.e. 02 April 2021 which overrides the relevant requirement of accounting principles generally accepted in India (according to which the demerger would have been accounted for from 30 May 2022 which is the date when NCLT approved the scheme). The impact of the same on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2021 is as below:

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	As at 31 March 2022 Revised			As at 31 March 2021		
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financia statements
Assets						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	8,920.60	12	8,920.60	5,757.93	10.18	5,768.11
Capital work-in-progress	321,74		321.74	745.20		745.20
Goodwill	1,618.13		1,618,13	264.73	293.49	558.22
Intangible assets under development	(20)		-,000,20	201175	63.72	63.72
Other Intangible assets	270.44	-	270,44	92.44	448.49	540.93
Right-of-use assets	591,28	2	591.28	611.31	16.86	628.17
Financial assets	331,20		391.20	011.31	10.00	020.17
- Investments	1.86		1,86	1.03		
- Loans				1.83	20	1,83
	400.70		100.00		30	*
- Other financial assets	490.28	*	490.28	65.26	10,45	75.71
Deferred tax assets, net	203	2	82	6,49	59.93	66,42
Non-current tax assets, net	278.11	53.40	331.51	170.89	82.22	253.11
Other non-current assets	16,25	0.02	16.27	41.27	8.89	50.16
	12,508.69	53.42	12,562.11	7,757.35	994.23	8,751,58
Current assets				•		
Inventories	987.48	32	987.48	670,94	-	670.94
Financial assets						
- Trade receivables	2,431.51	2	2,431.51	2,156.29	391.63	2,547.92
- Cash and cash equivalents	2,053.57	227.72	2,281.29	899.20	396.73	1,295.93
- Bank balances other than cash and cash	1,408,48	-	1,408.48	1.166.09	618.59	1,784.68
equivalents	1,400.40		1,400,40	1,140.03	010.59	1,704.00
- Loans	1,24		1.24	1,11	1.33	2,44
- Other financia) assets	156.88		156,89	173.65	25.20	198.85
Other current assets	784,18	0.79	784.97	723.09	34.85	757.94
	7,823.34	228.51	8,051.85	5,790.37	1,468.33	7,258.70
	20,332.03	281.93	20,613.96	13,547.72	2,462.56	16,010.28
<b>Equity and liabilities</b> <b>Equity</b> Equity share capital Other equity	681,38 9,620.69	- 19,85	681.38 9,640,54	669,82 7,438.03	976,29	669,82 8,414.32
Equity attributable to the owners of the	10,302.07	19,85	10,321,92	8,107.85	976,29	9,084.14
Company	•		ŕ	5/207.03	3,4.23	5,004.14
Non-controlling interest	513.07	-	513.07		791.74	791.74
Total equity	10,815.14	19.85	10,834.99	8,107.85	1,768.03	9,875.88
Liabilities						
Non-current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
-Borrowings	4,402,28		4,402.28	1,349,17	( ·	1,349,17
-Other financial liabilities	4.00		4.00			
-Lease Liabilities	342.38		342.38	380.10	8.74	388.84
Provisions	275.46		275,46	210.58	36,28	246.86
Deferred tax liabilities, net	83.69		83.69	210.50	30.20	240.00
perented tax habitales, flet	5,107.81	-	5,107.81	1,939.85	45.02	4.004.00
Current liabilities	3,147.01		5,107.81	1,939.85	45.02	1,984.87
Financial liabilities	772.44	22.05	COF 78			
-Borrowings	773.44	32,35	805,79	1,110.72	210,56	1,321.28
-Lease Llabilities	123,93		123.93	93,97	11.34	105,31
-Trade payables						
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	129,22	1 23	129.22	86.16	40.22	86.16
<ul> <li>-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises</li> </ul>	1,132.62	1.33	1,133.95	1,005.52	49.23	1,054.75
-Other financial liabilities	1,308.82	228.13	1,536.95	624.51	218.14	842.65
Current tax liabilities, net	157.06		157.06	139,55	7.91	147.46
Provisions	34,97		34.97	26.93	6.18	33.11
Other current liabilities	749.02	0.27	749.29	412.66		
evier earters national	4,409.08	262.08			146.16	558.82
			4,671.16	3,500.02	649.52	4,149.54
Fotal liabilities	9,516.89	262.08	9,778.97	5,439.87	694.54	6,134.41





Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022 For the year ended 31 March 2022 For the year ended 31 March 2021 Revised Revised Adjustments Adjustments **Particulars** As previously Consolidated Consolidated As previously rising from the arising from reported financial reported financial the scheme scheme statements statements Revenue from operations 13,873.61 13,873.61 11,333.85 (1.06)11,332,79 147.59 147.59 (0.25)183.65 Other income 183.90 Total income 14,021.20 14,021.20 11,517.75 (1.31)11,516.44 Cost of materials consumed 1,990.23 1,990.23 1,326.22 1,325.22 (253.81)(253.81)72.69 72.69 Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods Employee benefits expense 4,111.65 4,111.65 3,294.65 3,294.65 Finance costs 234.18 0.89 235.07 181.09 0.27 181.36 Depreciation and amortisation expense 1,288.98 1,288.98 1,004.89 1,004.89 Other expenses 3,973.48 1.94 3,975.42 3,463.53 4,08 3,467,61 Total expenses 11,344.71 2.83 11,347.54 9,343.07 4.35 9,347.42 Profit before tax 2,673.66 2,676.49 (2.83)2,174.68 (5.66) 2,169.02 Tax expenses (a) Current tax 640.40 640.40 514,54 5.90 520.44 (b) Current tax relating to prior years 20.76 0.05 20.61 1.54 1.54 (c) Deferred tax expense / (benefit) 37,82 37,82 (20.22)24.49 4.27 Income tax expense 698.98 0.05 699.03 495.86 30.39 526.25 Profit from continuing operations after tax (2.88 1,678.82 (36.05)1,642.77 Discontinued operations Profit before tax from discontinued operations 639.28 639.28 Tax expense of discontinued operations 104.57 104.57 Profit from discontinued operations after 534.71 534.71 Other comprehensive income ("OCI") Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Effective portion of cashflow hedge 6.39 6.39 444.96 7.57 452.53 Exchange differences on translating the (16.89)(16.89)2.09 (9.30) (7.21)financial statements of foreign operations Income-tax effect on above (1.61)(1.61)(111.99)(114.19)(2.20)(12.11)(12.11)323.67 7.46 331.13 Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement losses on defined benefit plan 8.21 8.21 (0.25)(7.61)(2.86)Equity instruments through other comprehensive income Income-tax effect on above (1.98)(1.98)0.07 2.22 2.29 6.23 6.23 (0.18)(5.39)(5.57)Total other comprehensive income, net of (5.88)(5.88)323.49 2.07 325.56

(2.88)

1,968.75

2,002.31

1,971.63



tax

Total comprehensive income for the year



500.73

2,503.04

### Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited (formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited) Notes to the Revised Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (All amounts in ₹ million, except share data, unless otherwise stated) Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2022

	For the year ended 31 March 2022			For the year ended 31 March 2021		
Particulars	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements
Cash flow from operating activities						
Profit before tax	2,676.49	(2.83)	2,673,66	2,174.68	633,62	2,808.30
Adjustments for:						
- Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,288.98	*	1,288.98	1,004.89	47.68	1,052.57
- Property, plant and equipment written-off	0.71	-	0.71	2,15		2.15
- Loss/(Income) from investments	0.64	-	0.64	(0.34)	2	(0.34)
- Finance and interest Income	(61.80)	9	(61.80)	(93.82)	(38,14)	(131.96)
- Liabilities no longer required written-back	(30.28)		(30.28)	(51.34)	(1.10)	(52.44)
<ul> <li>Gâin on sale of property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	*	*	•	(4.11)		(4.11)
- Interest expense	234.18	0.89	235.07	181.08	4.89	185.97
- Employee stock compensation expense	75.93	2	75.93	6.25	12.59	18.84
- (Reversal)/provision for doubtful debts, net	(22,42)	-	(22,42)	37.83	0.78	38.61
- Unrealised foreign exchange fluctuation gain	(6.70)		(6.70)	(30.90)	(16.49)	(47,39)
Adjustments for working capital changes:	9	2	*	2	2	ä
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(315.98)	-	(315.98)	59.76	-	59,76
Increase in trade receivables	(88,48)	-	(88.48)	(347.00)	55,25	(291.75
(Increase)/decrease in short term loans given	(0.10)	-	(0.10)	2.57	64.67	67,24
Increase in other financial assets	(11.33)	-	(11.33)	(2.85)	(55.27)	(58.12)
Increase in other current assets	(64.82)	(0.17)	(64.99)	(160.71)	(8.47)	(169,18
Increase in trade payables	180.00	(0.14)	179.86	149,95	(5.56)	144.39
(Decrease)/increase in other current financial iabilities	(30.30)	227,11	196.81	91.40	8.82	100.22
Increase in provisions	45.58	-	45.58	51.07	5.31	56,38
Increase in other current liabilities	296.24	(25.75)	270,49	126.63	63,50	190.13
Cash generated from operations	4,166,54	199,11	4,365.65	3,197,19	772.08	3,969,27
Income-tax paid	(768.38)	(22,71)	(791.09)	(440.41)	(145.90)	(586,31
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,398.16	176.40	3,574.56	2,756.78	626.18	3,382.96
Cash flow used in investing activities						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment incl. CWIP and Capital advances	(3,518,49)	9	(3,518,49)	(1,514.35)	(37.47)	(1,551.82)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	*	*	*	4.20	*	4.20
(Investment in)/Redemption of fixed deposits, net	(534.06)	3	(534.06)	(484.65)	(38,59)	(523,24
Income from investments	107,01		107.01	0.34	(0.00)	0.34
Payment towards acquisition of subsidiaries	(1,074.08)		(1,074.08)	*	(273.13)	(273.13
Redemption of mutual funds, net			*	10.10	0.00	10.10
Finance and interest income received	77.17		77.17	83.07	48.95	132,02
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,942.45)	2	(4,942.45)	(1,901.29)	(300.24)	(2,201.53)





Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022			For the year ended 31 March 2021		
	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements	As previously reported	Adjustments arising from the scheme	Revised Consolidated financial statements
Cash flow from financing activities						
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	162.75	59	162.75			
Payment of dividends	3#33	ie.	*	(474,25)	(187.96)	(662.21)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	3,480.00	12	3,480.00	82	74	-
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(311.64)	-	(311.64)	(137.49)	(0.00)	(137.49)
Proceeds from/ (repayment) of short-term borrowings, net	(441.99)	22.70	(419.29)	(310.55)	209.65	(100.90)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(134.12)		(134.12)	(117.47)	(22,20)	(139.67)
Employee stock options bought back		-	9	(18.33)	65	(18,33)
Interest expense paid	(178.90)	(0.09)	(178.99)	(166.29)	(0,90)	(167,19)
Net cash generated/(used) in financing activities	2,576.10	22.61	2,598.71	(1,224.38)	(1.41)	(1,225.79)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,031,81	199,01	1,230.82	(368.89)	324,53	(44,36)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	899.20	396.73	1,295.93	1,269,08	3	1,269.08
Cash and cash equivalents as on acquisition date of a subsidiary	118.65	<u>:=</u>	118.65	<b>a</b>	28	
Cash and cash equivalents received on account of composite scheme of arrangement	(4)	(368.02)	(368.02)	54	67.73	67,73
Effect of exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currency	3,91	2	3.91	(0.99)	4.47	3.48
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,053,57	227,72	2,281.29	899.20	396.73	1,295,93

- (c) The merger of GVK DTPL being a common control business combination under Ind AS 103 "Business Combination", comparatives were restated for amalgamation with effect from the beginning of the preceding year.
- (d) The authorised share capital of the Company, stands increased, by clubbing the authorised share capital of the GVK DTPL which is ₹ 270.00 million divided into 27 million equity shares of ₹ 10 each.
- (e) Pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement, the Shares held by GVK DTPL stands cancelled and the same number of shares are allotted to the shareholders of GVK DTPL.

### 48 Discontinued operations

Pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement, the business of Excelra Knowledge Solutions Private Limited, GVK Davix Research Private Limited and GVK Biosciences Inc., was classified as discontinuing operations in the earlier year. The statement of profit and loss has been represented to show the discontinued operations separately from continuing operations.

### A Results of discontinued operations

Particulars	For the year end	fed
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total income	•	1,485.33
Total expenses	•	846.05
Results from operating activities	5	639.28
Tax expenses		104.57
Profit from discontinued operations	E	534.71

### B Cash flows from / (used in) discontinued operations

Particulars	For the year end	led
r Bi (CO(d) S	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Net cash from operating activities	2	635.51
Net cash used in investing activities		(299.64)
Net cash used in financing activities	•	(38.56)
Net cash flows for the year	<u> </u>	297.31





C \_ Effect of disposal on the financial position of the Company

Particulars —	For the year end	ed
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 202
Property, plant and equipment	(4)	(10.18
Goodwill	1002	(293.49
Intangible assets under development	X#S	(63.72
Other Intangible assets	(E)	(448.49
Right-of-use assets	•	(16.86
Financial assets		
- Other financial assets	(e)	(10.45
Deferred tax assets, net	70#S	(59.93
Non-current tax assets, net	(E)	(51.48
Other non-current assets	•	(8,89
Total non-current assets	5	(963.49)
Current assets		
financial assets		
- Trade receivables		(391.63
- Cash and cash equivalents	e.	(368.01
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		(618.59
- Loans	(E)	(1.33
- Other financial assets		(25,20
Other current assets	-	(34.22
\ <del>-</del>	•	(1,438.98
Total assets	-	(2,402,47
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
-Lease Liabilities	<b>5</b> 2	(8.74
Provisions	€_	(36.28
Total non-current liabilities	E .	(45.02)
Current liabilities		
Financial Babilities		
-Borrowings	•	(200.91
-Lease Liabilities	•	(11.34
-Trade payables		
-Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	•	-
<ul> <li>-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises</li> </ul>	•1	(47.76
-Other financial liabilities	€	(217,91
Current tax liabilities, net	-	(7.91
Provisions	2	(6.18
Other current liabilities	±:	(120.15
Total current liabilities		(612.16
Total liabilities		(657.18

### 49 Impact of Covid 19 and assessment

The Group has considered internal and external sources of information up to the date of approval of the above financial statements in evaluating the possible impact that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, receivables, investments and other financial assets. The Group has applied prudence in arriving at the estimates and assumptions and also performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used. The Group is confident about the recoverability of these assets. However, the impact of the global health pandemic may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of the above revised financial statements. Considering the continuing uncertainties, the Group will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

### 50 Struck-off Companies:

The Company has not enetered into any transactions with the companies struck-off as per Section 248 or Section 560 of the companies act 2013,

### 51 Benami Property:

There are no proceeding initiated or pending against the Group as at 31 March 2022, under Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016).

### 52 Wilful Defaulter:

The Group is not declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

### 53 Undisclosed incomes:

The Group has recorded all transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered. There are no previously unrecorded incomes and related assets that were considered during the year, no unrecorded incomes were identified as income for tax assessments.





No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Group has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Group shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The notes referred to above form an integral part of these revised consolidated financial statements, As per our Report on Revised Consolidated Financial Statements of even date attached

for B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 116231W/ W-100024

Arpan Jain

**Partner** 

Membership No. 125710

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 03 August 2022

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Aragen Life Sciences Private Limited

(formerly known as GVK Biosciences Private Limited)

CIN: U74999TG2000PTC035826

Davinder Singh Bra

Chairman

DIN: 00068502

Sanjay Reddy Chairman

K Ramakrishna

Company Secretary DIN: 00005282 M.No.: F3865

Sachin Anand Dharap Chief Financial Officer

Manmahesh Kantipudi

Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 05241166

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 03 August 2022